



# Planning aids and basic knowledge Underfloor systems

**Building Connections** 



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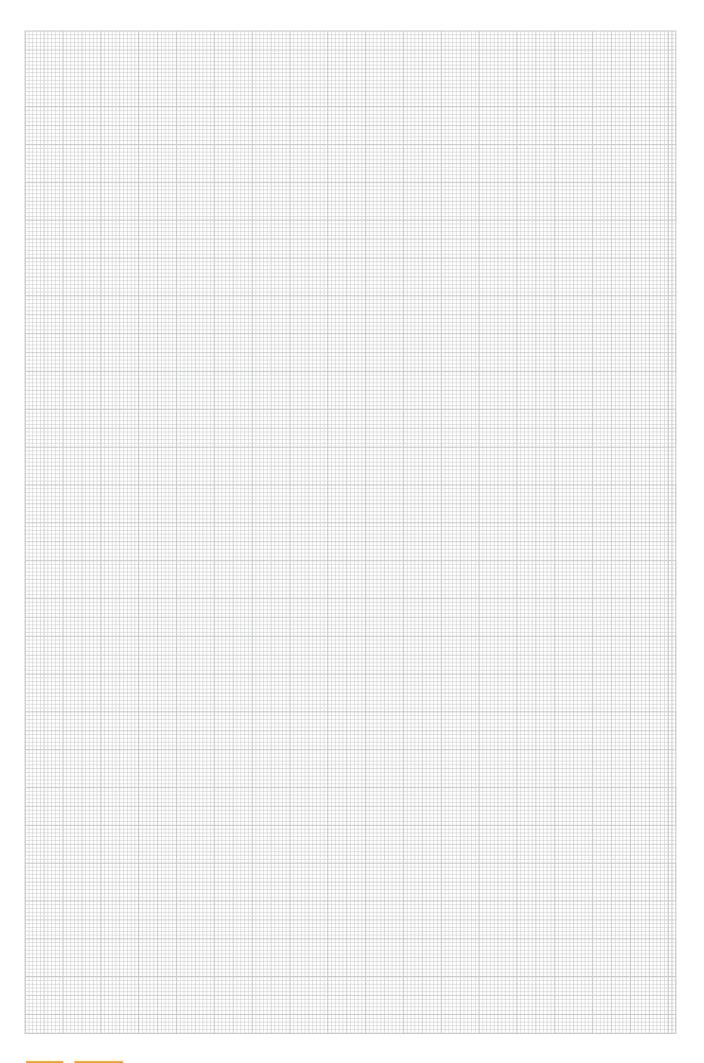
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Underfloor systems from Ackermann made by OBO offer solutions for electrical installations in the floor. The electrical installation duct and trunking systems on offer are suitable for mounting in screed or concrete. A wide range of device installation units gives the user access to power, data and multimedia connections. Underfloor systems guarantee safe, flexible cable routing in the floor, taking the structural and standardisation requirements into account. The area of application for underfloor installation ranges from office and administrative buildings, through commercial exhibition areas right up to the construction of living accommodation. There is a range of installation solutions to meet the many construction and extension specifications.



### Planning and mounting aids

#### Installation requirements

The following belong to the installation requirements to be taken into account when planning and selecting an underfloor system:

- Number of services (power, communications, data)
- Filling factor of the electrical installation ducts and trunking
- Cable bend radii
- Reserve
- · Concurrency factors
- · Planned for indoor use

# Requirements from construction planning

The architectural building planning produces, amongst other things, the following preconditions:

- Type of room (dry or wet)
- · Floor covering version (dry or wet-cleaned)
- Thickness of the floor covering
- Type and version of the screed
- Traffic loads
- Ambient temperature (underfloor heating)
- Indoors

#### Organisational requirements

Areas of application and user requirements with regard to electrical installations determine the organisation requirements for an underfloor system. This produces, amongst other things, the following criteria:

- Flexibility of use (e.g. simple adaptation to changing use specifications)
- · Easy changing of device equipment
- · Use of fixed or movable installations

#### Safety requirements

The topic of safety is playing an ever-more important role, particularly in the data technology sector. Therefore, when selecting and designing an underfloor installation, this point can also be of importance. This is the case, for example, when data networks must be protected against unauthorised access.

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### Trunking and duct systems

The cables are routed in electrical installation duct and trunking systems. Ackermann made by OBO can offer various various systems, which are suited to different applications and structural requirements.



#### Screed-covered duct system, EÜK

The screed-covered duct system is suitable for all screed types in all routing types, also in hot screed. The electrical installation ducts form a tight, hidden cable routing grid in the screed. Underfloor sockets allow the expansion with device installation units and access to the electrical installation.



### OKA

#### Open trunking system OKA

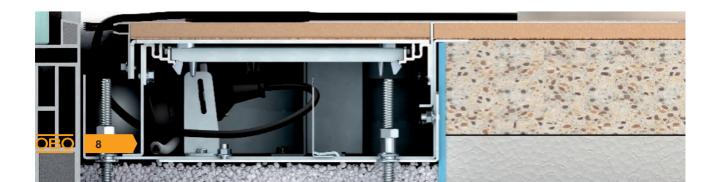
The electrical installation trunking can be adjusted to the millimetre to the upper edge of the screed. OKA trunking is suitable for screeds in all routing types, with the exception of heated screed. The benefit in terms of changes of room use is that the screed-flush electrical installation trunking can be opened along its entire length, allowing flexible cable routing. Depending on the screed height, device installation units are either installed in the trunking route or in extension units which are mounted at the side.



### OKB

#### Open trunking system OKB

The OKB trunking system uses the trunking sections for cable routing and as installation space for electrical installations. The OKB trunking is suitable for routing in front of floor-height windows or walls. Cables exit via a surrounding brush bar. The trunking can be set exactly at the top edge of the screed, to the millimetre, and can be opened along the entire length.





#### In-concrete system IBK

The IBK system is used in buildings with concrete core activation or direct use of the concrete surface, for example with high loads. The IBK duct system is installed in the raw building when creating the floor plates or raw concrete screed.



### System 55

#### System 55 for thin screed layers

Low floor structure heights require special solutions for underfloor installations. System 55 is used for screed heights of 55 mm or higher.

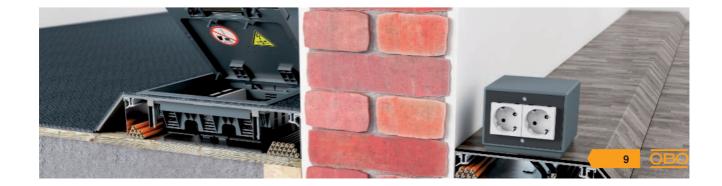


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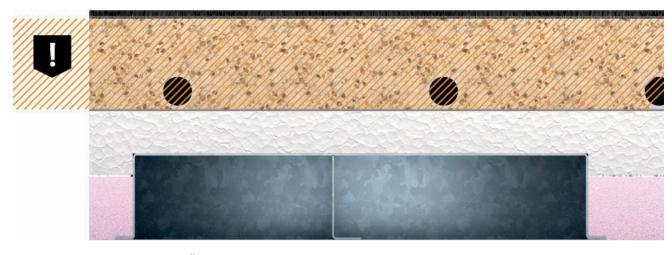


#### On-floor trunking system AIK

The AIK on-floor trunking system is installed on the finished floor. The system is particularly useful in places where classic underfloor systems cannot be installed, such as during building renovation, particularly in listed buildings. Device installation units above the floor (Telitanks) are used for the installation of electrical devices.



### Screed structure



Nominal screed thickness for EÜK screed-covered duct system

An important precondition for a proper underfloor installation is the screed structure. In the case of a screed-covered system, it is important that the screed thickness over the duct corresponds to the values in the standard, to avoid the formation of cracks. The nominal screed thickness is dependent on the insulation layer, the individual load and the screed type. More detailed information on the nominal thickness of the screed in Germany can be found in DIN 18560.

Here, under certain circumstances, chemical or thermal loads may occur, which require special additional measures to protect the mounted system.

The OKA and OKB screed-flush trunking systems, as well as the UZD underfloor box, only obtain their load capacity for correct use when jointed to the neighbouring screed.

The following points are, therefore, important:

- The duct system may not be walked upon or subjected to similar loads after it has been mounted on the raw concrete
- The duct system must form a composite system with the adjacent screed

The following points should particularly be taken into account with the OKA and OKB system:

- Line the side profiles with screed to achieve good static support in the screed. The screed should be worked and compacted carefully
- The opened trunking system may not be walked upon nor subjected to similar loads. Measures to provide suitable protection should be agreed with the works supervisor

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#### Use in floating screed

When using screed-covered duct and screed-flush trunking systems in float finishes, seal off any openings in the duct and trunking systems using suitable agents (e.g. adhesive tape). In so doing, ensure that the sealing process does not create any cavities between the components and the screed.

With screed-covered duct systems, openings may be created through duct joints on connecting shackles and vertical bends and on the underfloor socket bodies. In addition, the top ends such as the mounting protection lid, mounting lid and the blanking lid should be covered or stuck down using suitable means.

With screed-flush trunking systems, openings may be created through joints of the trunking units, at junctions, extension units and end sections and at the transition of the trunking bases to the side profiles. The side profiles and lid joints on the trunking covers should also be covered.

#### Use in poured asphalt

When using electrical installation duct systems in poured asphalt, it is important to protect the duct system against the impact of heat.

The screed-covered ducts may not, under any circumstances, have a direct connection with the poured asphalt. The high installation temperature of approximately 250 °C means that changes to the shape of metallic parts cannot be ruled out. An insulation layer, e.g. made of Fasoperl plates or bitumen corrugated card, protects the duct sections from the impact of heat.

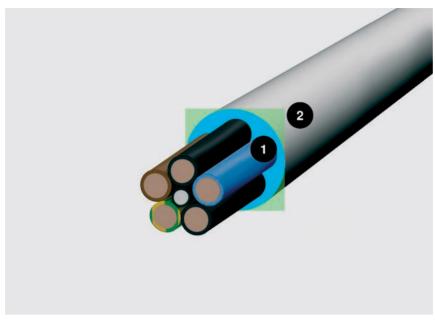
Also, the screed-flush trunking may not, under any circumstances, have a direct connection with the poured asphalt. Screed anchors are the exception here. An approximately 15–20 mm thick insulation strip is fastened to both sides of the trunking before the poured asphalt is added. After cooling, the insulation strip between the trunking and the screed plate is removed and filled using a suitable casting compound.

#### Aggressive screed (e.g. magnesia screed)

All the metallic parts coming into contact with an aggressive screed must be protected during construction using a tested epoxy resin-based corrosion protection agent. A second coating is required.

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### Determining the cable volume





Cable diameter and space required: 1 = diameter in mm, 2 = space required in cm<sup>2</sup>

The cable volume is an important criterion for the selection of the required duct size of the underfloor system. To simplify your work, we have listed the diameter and space requirements of the most important cable types on this double page.

Important: These values are average values, which may vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Please refer to the manufacturer's specifications for the exact values. Calculation with the formula (2r)<sup>2</sup>

As the cables are never packed tightly together or are absolutely parallel, it is not enough to base the volume calculation solely on the cable diameter. A realistic calculation is provided by the formula  $(2r)^2$ . This value reflects the realistic space requirements, including the compartments.

The space requirements of the cables in the UFS ducts with empty spaces



### Cable volume



#### Insulated power cables

Туре	Diameter mm	Usable cross- section cm <sup>2</sup>
1 x 4	6.5	0.42
1 x 6	7	0.49
1 x 10	8	0.64
1 x 16	9.5	0.9
1 x 25	12.5	1.56
3 x 1.5	8.5	0.72
3 x 2.5	9.5	0.9
3 x 4	11	1.21
4 x 1.5	9	0.81
4 x 2.5	10.5	1.1
4 x 4	12.5	1.56
4 x 6	13.5	1.82
4 x 10	16.5	2.72
4 x 16	19	3.61
4 x 25	23.5	5.52
4 x 35	26	6.76
5 x 1.5	9.5	0.9
5 x 2.5	11	1.21
5 x 4	13.5	1.82
5 x 6	14.5	2.1
5 x 10	18	3.24
5 x 16	21.5	4.62
5 x 25	26	6.76
7 x 1.5	10.5	1.1
7 x 2.5	13	1.69



#### Insulated power cables

Туре	Diameter mm	Usable cross- section cm <sup>2</sup>
1 x 10	10.5	1.1
1 x 16	11.5	1.32
1 x 25	12.5	1.56
1 x 35	13.5	1.82
1 x 50	15.5	2.4
1 x 70	16.5	2.72
1 x 95	18.5	3.42
1 x 120	20.5	4.2
1 x 150	22.5	5.06
1 x 185	25	6.25
1 x 240	28	7.84
1 x 300	30	9
3 x 1.5	11.5	1.32
3 x 2.5	12.5	1.56
3 x 10	17.5	3.06
3 x 16	19.5	3.8
3 x 50	26	6.76
3 x 70	30	9
3 x 120	36	12.96
4 x 1.5	12.5	1.56
4 x 2.5	13.5	1.82
4 x 6	16.5	2.72
4 x 10	18.5	3.42
4 x 16	21.5	4.62
4 x 25	25.5	6.5
4 x 35	28	7.84
4 x 50	30	9
4 x 70	34	11.56
4 x 95	39	15.21
4 x 120	42	17.64
4 x 150	47	22
4 x 185	52	27
4 x 240	58	33.6
5 x 1.5	13.5	1.82
5 x 2.5	14.5	2.1
5 x 6	18.5	3.42
5 x 10	20.5	4.2
5 x 16	22.5	5.06
5 x 25	27.5	7.56
5 x 35	34	11.56
5 x 50	40	16



#### **Telecommunications cables**

Туре	Diameter mm	Usable cross- section cm <sup>2</sup>
2 x 2 x 0.6	5	0.25
4 x 2 x 0.6	5.5	0.3
6 x 2 x 0.6	6.5	0.42
10 x 2 x 0.6	7.5	0.56
20 x 2 x 0.6	9	0.81
40 x 2 x 0.6	11	1.12
60 x 2 x 0.6	13	1.69
100 x 2 x 0.6	17	2.89
200 x 2 x 0.6	23	5.29
2 x 2 x 0.8	6	0.36
4 x 2 x 0.8	7	0.49
6 x 2 x 0.8	8.5	0.72
10 x 2 x 0.8	9.5	0.9
20 x 2 x 0.8	13	1.69
40 x 2 x 0.8	16.5	2.72
60 x 2 x 0.8	20	4
100 x 2 x 0.8	25.5	6.5
200 x 2 x 0.8	32	10.24



#### Coax cable (standard)

Туре	Diameter mm	Usable cross- section cm <sup>2</sup>
SAT/BK cable	6.8	0.48



#### IT cables type Cat...

Туре	Diameter mm	Usable cross- section cm <sup>2</sup>
Cat. 5	8	0.64
Cat. 6	8	0.64

### Device installation units

Device installation units offer installation space for power, data and multimedia connections in the floor structure. Various solutions are available, depending on the application.

#### GES service outlets

The GES service outlets are the tried-and-trusted solution for office installations with carpeted floors. They are available in plastic or metal. The service outlets possess countless intelligent details, such as cable routing clips, carpet protection frames, reliable edge protection and a locking lid closure system with automatic lid opening.



#### Cassettes

The compact, floor-flush cassettes can be adjusted to the height of the floor and can be completely decoupled from the socket base. Cassettes are particularly suitable for floor coverings such as tiles or parquet. There are various versions for dry, moist and wetcleaned floor coverings. Stainless steel and brass not only look good, they also provide lasting quality.





#### GES R2 floor sockets

The OBO GES R2 floor sockets are an ideal underfloor solution, when a discreet appearance, a high load capacity and varied functionality are required. Their handling is simple: Pipelines are inserted in the compact installation space and that space is closed off with a lid. The installation socket of the GES R2 floor sockets is pre-equipped with two sockets. To the side of the socket, there is space for up to two connection sockets for data technology applications, as an option.



# UDHOME floor sockets and floor boxes

Completely pre-equipped mounting units are available under one order number. The floor sockets and floor boxes of the UDHOME family are mounted directly on the raw concrete and connected with flexibly installation pipes – it couldn't be simpler.

#### Modul 45<sup>®</sup> Devices

For maximum flexibility, the device installation units can, depending on requirements, be equipped with the comprehensive Modul 45 series from OBO Bettermann or with standard installation devices. Both sockets and data and multimedia technology of the Modul 45 series are simply snapped in, without tools, making work quicker and thus cheaper.



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### Selection of the right device installation units

#### IP protection class to EN 50085-2-2

Electrical installation duct and trunking systems and device installation units can be used only in interior areas of buildings and, depending on the construction type, in dry, moist or wet-cleaned floors. The cleaning type of the floor covering is the decisive criterion for the selection of the matching device installation unit. The matching of the device installation unit to the floor care type ensures that the electrical installation is protected against the ingress of moisture and dirt.

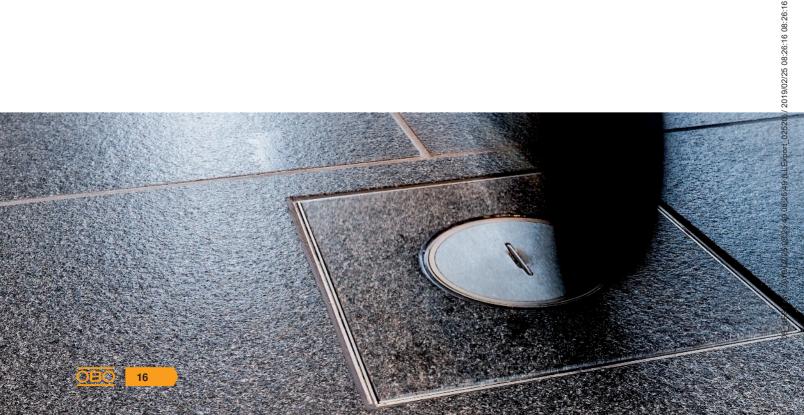
Ackermann made by OBO device installation units are tested according to EN 50085 and labelled appropriately. With a protection rating of at least IPx4 when closed, all the device installation units for wetcleaned floors completely fulfil the requirements of EN 50085-2-2.

Device installation units with tube

body also protect the electrical installation against the ingress of water when used - despite a reduced protection level of IP20. The tube body ring meets the standard requirements to EN 50085-2-2 and protrudes 10 mm above the top edge of the floor covering. Up to this height, puddles or waves of water cannot ingress into the installation compartment.

#### IK protection types

The IK classification to EN 50102 grades the mechanical stability of electrical installation duct and trunking systems.



### Protection ratings to IP and IK for device installation units

	IP when used	IP when unused	IK
Plastic GES	20	40	08
Stainless steel GESM	20	40	10
Metal GRAF9	20	65	10
Cassette, cord outlet RKS	20	40	10
Cassette, tube body RKF	20	65	10
Cassette, blank	20	65	10
UDHOME	20	40	10
UDHOME tube body	20	65	10
GES R2 metal	20	66	10
GES R2 plastic	20	40	10

#### Dry cleaning

Textile floor coverings, cleaned by sucking up the dirt without or with only a little fluid, are considered as dry-cleaned. If a cleaning solution is used, then the dosage must be so low that there is no chance of puddle formation or saturation of the floor covering.

#### Moist cleaning

Smooth floor coverings such as linoleum, PVC, sealed wooden floors or polished stone floors fulfil the requirements for moist cleaning. The building cleaning trade defines this type of cleaning as a dust-collecting wipe using moist or prepared cleaning textiles.

#### Wet care

Wet cleaning occurs primarily with stone floors, tiles, ceramic floors, linoleum and PVC. This cleaning method removes particularly tough and bonded soiling.

In the first step, cleaning textiles apply as much cleaning fluid as is necessary to soften and dissolve strongly adhering soiling. In the second step, the remaining fluid and soiling is wiped up using cleaning textiles.

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### Standardisation and testing

#### **Responsibilities in standardisation**

Standards can be divided into two categories: installation specifications and device testing specifications. The installation engineer is primarily responsible for compliance with the installation specifications. In Germany, the standards of the DIN VDE 0100 series define the most important requirements for electrical installations.

#### **European standardisation**

Device testing specifications are product standards, which specify the testing criteria for specific products. The manufacturer is responsible for compliance with these regulations. Conformity with a specific testing specification is often documented by a symbol approval certificate. This confirms that an independent testing and certification institute has carried out the appropriate tests and documented the results. Device testing specifications are particularly important for:

- Safety (protection against electric shocks)
- The definition of the areas of application
- The function definition
- The evaluation of load capacities

The standard EN 50085 defines the requirements for electrical installation duct systems. Part 2-2 deals with underfloor and on-floor systems and was published in July 2009. Underfloor systems from Ackermann made by OBO meet EN 50085-2-2 and have the corresponding VDE certificates of approval.

#### Classification for underfloor systems

EN 50085-1, as a general part for electrical installation trunking systems, and EN 50085-2-2, as a system-specific part for underfloor systems, both require classification of the products. This means there is a standard Europe-wide specification of product properties. For the first time, a standard for installation systems also contains optional load tests for vertical loads, which affect a large area (heavy load).



#### Classification to EN 50085-1

6.1	According to material
6.2	According to impact resistance
6.3	According to temperatures
6.4	According to the resistance to flame propagation
6.5	According to the electrical conductivity
6.6	According to electrical insulation capability
6.7	According to the protection ratings offered by the housing or casing to EN 60529:1991
6.8	According to protection against corrosive or impure substances
6.9	According to the fastening type of the system duct cover
6.10	According to the electrical protection separation

#### Classification to EN 50085-2

-	6.101	Depending on the type of floor care
-	6.102 According to resistance to vertical loads affecting a small surface area	
6.103 Optional classification according to resistance to vertical loads affecting a large surface area		Optional classification according to resistance to vertical loads affecting a large surface area



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### Installation specifications

Erection regulations are used particularly for:

- Safety (protection against electric shocks)
- The maintenance of electrical functionality
- Electromagnetic compatibility
- Fire prevention

The erection specifications according to DIN VDE describe numerous points, which the electrical installation engineer must take into account when setting up and mounting an underfloor system. Here are some of the most important points:

#### Mechanical loads of cables

According to DIN VDE 0298, with heavy current and data cables it must be ensured that specific values for strain loads and bend radii are not exceeded. The standard also describes the approved cable fastening types with clips and strain reliefs.

#### Protective measure and equipotential bonding

Metallic duct systems must be included in the protective measure and the equipotential bonding. This should thus ensure the protection against electric shocks to DIN VDE 0100-410 and the electromagnetic compatibility to EN 50310, EN 50173, EN 50174-2.

#### Separation of different services

According to DIN VDE 0100-520, cables of different current types may be installed together in a routing system if all the cables are insulated against the next highest occurring voltage.

#### **Fire protection**

The main cause of fire in heavy current cables are

- high-resistance short circuits or faults to earth,
   e.g. on mechanically or thermally damaged cables
- faulty electrical connections, e.g. due to a loose contact
- · heat build-ups

The spreading of fire and smoke into other fire sections must always be prevented over a sufficiently long period of time. This supports both attempts to escape and also extinguishing measures. This also applies to underfloor systems which run under fire section and emergency and escape routes. The cable system directives (M)LAR and the system floors directive (M)SysBöR regulate this in greater detail.

### Heavy current cables and other electrical resources in underfloor installations

Select the size of the electrical installation ducts so that the required number of cables can be routed without damage.

When selecting the heavy current cables for routing in electrical installation ducts, observe DIN VDE 0100, particularly Part 520. With regard to the current carrying capacity of heavy current cables, see DIN VDE 0100 Part 430 and Part 523 and DIN VDE 0298, particularly Part 4.

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### Equipotential bonding in underfloor systems

According to EN 50085, electrically conductive electrical installation duct systems and their expansion components must offer the connection options to be included in the equipotential bonding of a building.

The inclusion in the equipotential bonding prevents dangerous potential differences according to DIN EN 50310. All the underfloor systems from Ackermann made by OBO are equipped in such a way that inclusion in the protection measure is possible without a great amount of work.

The protective conductor connection bracket 8AWR, for example, can be used to include a duct system in the equipotential bonding. The protective conductor connection bracket is inserted in the existing installation markings or in appropriate grooves. The fastening screw must be tightened with a torque of at least 1.2 NM. The clamping range is designed for two connection cables of 1.5 to 4 mm<sup>2</sup>.

DIN EN 50174-2 (VDE 0800-174-2) "Information technology – Cabling installation" requires the inclusion of conductive installation systems in the additional functional equipotential bonding up to the connection point. This equipotential bonding does not serve as protective equipotential bonding, but serves as functional equipotential bonding for EMC protection.

The electrical planner and the electrical installation engineer is responsible for the implementation of the protective measure and compliance with the erection requirements valid on-site.

### Inter-unit work

The electrical installation engineer should arrange the coordination of inter-unit work with the responsible construction management, in order to guarantee flawless mounting of the electrical installation duct systems, along with quality across all the construction sections.





#### Screed work

Screed-flush trunking systems and the underfloor boxes of the screed-covered duct system serve as a binding draw-off gauge for the screed. The adjustment height of the system components is aligned to the structural specifications of the construction management.

In the area of the draw boxes and the ducts, the person laying the screed must carefully work, compact and draw-off the screed.

Screed can be destroyed by crack formation. To avoid crack formation, adjacent screed-flush systems and system components may not be subjected to loads before final hardening.

#### Floor covering work

The company laying the floor covering is responsible for ensuring that the floor covering is cut out exactly and adjusted to the sockets and outlet points of the duct system. The joint dimensions must be matched with the construction management. The lids of the screed-flush underfloor boxes and trunking must be covered with floor covering. Carpets used must be securely laid and resistant to cuts.

#### **Building cleaning**

Particularly during first cleaning of the floor areas, device installation units must be carefully cleaned free of building dust and other impurities, in order to prevent impairment of their function.

During the use phase, device installation units must be checked for correct use and possible damage, in order to avoid subsequent damage.

In particular, device installation units for wet-cleaned floors (e.g. tube body cassettes, GRAF9 or GESR2) must be maintained regularly and the function of the seal checked. For this, regular lubrication of the seal is required.

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### Noise prevention and impact noise



The underfloor systems from Ackermann made by OBO are, amongst other things, intended for installation in floating wet screeds. Normally, there are requirements for the transmission of air and footfall sound, both for vertical sound transmission, i.e. from storey to storey, and for horizontal sound transmission, i.e. from adjacent rooms.

As the underfloor systems are also run under partitions, there is frequently the question of the influence of the system on noise transmission. These influences were evaluated in qualified tests to determine the transmission of air and footfall sound carried out together with the MÜLLER BBM GmbH testing institute in Planegg, Munich, for the EÜK duct and OKA, OKB trunking systems and the UDHOME4 floor boxes. For office buildings, a distinction must be made between the binding construction law requirements to DIN 4109 [4], which must be observed with regard to air and footfall sound insulation between foreign areas of use, and between the recommendations for protection against air and footfall sound in the same office, e.g. to Supplementary Sheet 2 for DIN 4109 [4] or the VDI directive 2569 [5]. The VDI directive 2569 is currently being revised.

The following table summarises the requirements of DIN 4109 [4] and the recommendations according to Supplementary Sheet 2 of DIN 4109.

Component	Evaluated noise insula- tion dimension R'w in dB to DIN 4109 and Supplementary Sheet 2 to DIN 4109	Evaluated noise insula- tion dimension R'w in dB to DIN 4109 and Supplementary Sheet 2 to DIN 4109
Ceilings		
Separating ceilings within own use areas	5255	4653
Separating ceilings between other use areas (construction law requirement)	5455	53
Walls <sup>1</sup>		
Walls between rooms with normal office activities or between corridors and such rooms	3742	-
Walls between training rooms or similar and between corridors and such rooms	47	-
Walls of rooms for concentrated mental work or for dealing with confidential matters or walls between corridors and such rooms	4552	-
Doors <sup>2</sup>		
Doors in corridor partitions of rooms with usual office activity	27	-
Doors in corridor partitions of training rooms	32	-
Doors in corridor partitions of rooms for concentrated mental work or for dealing with confidential matters	37	-

<sup>1</sup> Without taking doors into account.

<sup>2</sup> With doors, the evaluated sound insulation dimension R'w applies as the value for sound insulation for sole

transmission through the door in a function, installed state.





### Planning checklist

The following topics should be observed for the correct installation of an underfloor system and may need to be agreed with different units:

- Adjustment of the specified cutting check with the construction management for checking of the raw building dimensions and for the adjustment of the duct system's height
- ✓ Testing of the mounting surface for unevennesses to 18202 Tab. 3
- ✓ The mounting area must be protected against weather and be free of rubble and foreign bodies, i.e. have been swept clean
- ✓ Observation of fire protection directives, load requirements and impact sound measures
- Detailed routed diagram including positioning of the necessary system components
- Parameters for floor structure, floor type and cleaning, screed height
- Parts list of the articles used in the project
- Floor design of the responsible architect



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EÜK screed-covered duct system

The EÜK screed-covered duct system from Ackermann made by OBO is the ideal electrical installation system for large areas with fixed furnishing plans, for example in office or administration buildings. Duct sections and underfloor boxes form a tight grid, hidden in the screed, for cable routing. When combined with device installation units, access is given to power, data and multimedia technology.



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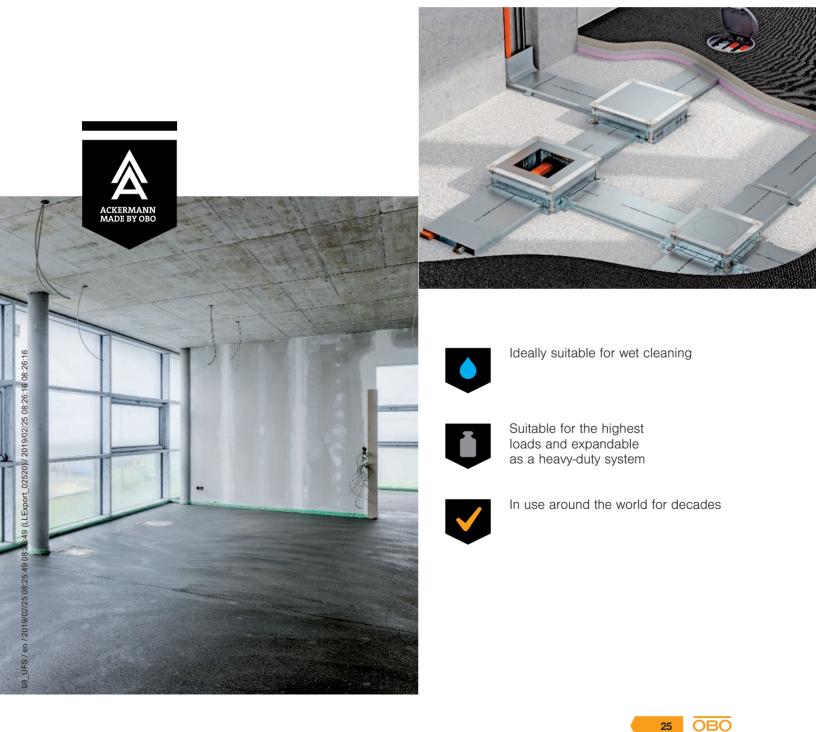
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### Wide range of uses

The EÜK system is suitable for all screed types, e.g. for cement screeds, poured asphalt, floating screeds or heated screeds. The completely closed duct system protects the routed cables and repels footfalls, dust and dirt during everyday construction site work.

Depending on the construction project, the system offers solutions for floor structures with increased load requirements and for dry, moist and wet-cleaned floor coverings.

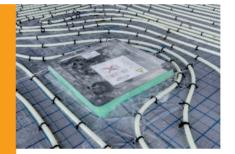


### Quality at every level

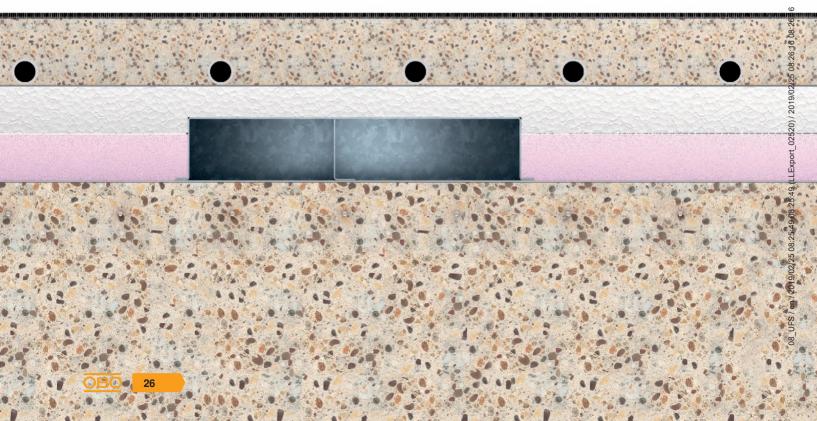
The ducts and underfloor boxes of the EÜK system are mounted directly on the raw concrete. To protect against heat losses and the reduction of footfall sound, insulation layers are inserted, which surround the duct system completely. Optionally, underfloor heating can be installed for wide-area heat distribution and is then covered by the screed. The screed thickness above the duct is to be specified in accordance with DIN 18560.

#### Combination with underfloor heating

The EÜK system is ideally suited to installation in floors, in which there is underfloor heating in the screed. The duct system is below this and is thus completely separate in the insulation layer.









### Tested quality

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The load capacity of the EÜK system has been tested to DIN 50085-2-2. In its own BET Test Centre, OBO also carries out its own load tests for the system. Thus, even special solutions can be tested within a short time.

#### Large height-adjustment range

The underfloor boxes in the three basic heights cover a height-adjustment range of between 70 and 220 mm screed height. At low screed heights of 55 mm or more, System 55 is used, whilst, with high floor structures, the underfloor boxes can be raised to up to 320 mm.

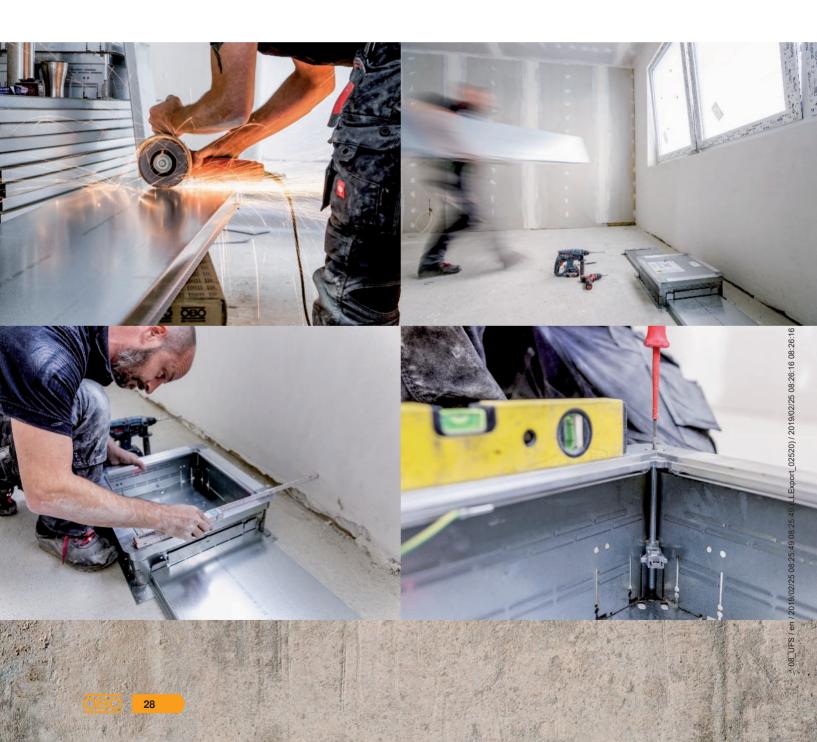




### Practical - all over the world

The EÜK system is one of the most popular underfloor systems. Planners around the world rely on its variety, reliability and flexibility. Thus, in cooperation with OBO, numerous challenging construction projects have been completed. This is also because we make special demands of our products.

Thus, for example, the covers and accessory parts in the heavy-duty sector offer continuously high levels of stability – well beyond those required by the standard. According to DIN EN 50085-2-2, temporary bending by 6 mm is permissible. However, in practice, such severe bending can lead to damage, depending on the floor covering. Thus, we use practiceorientated benchmarks to check that the products can stand up to all the requirements on the building site and during later use.







Experts in the underfloor sector

The EÜK system was the first underfloor system as we know it today in Europe. The system was presented for the first time in 1965 and, since then, has been continually adapted to installation practices. For five decades, planners, architects and customers have relied on the tried-and-trusted technology for creating a high level of flexibility in underfloor electrical installations.

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# Installation of the system components



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The matching vertical bends allow the creation of vertical changes of direction, e.g. as a connection to wall connections or supplies.



### System sizes, ducts

The ducts are available in the heights 28, 38 and 48 mm, and in the widths 190, 250 and 350 mm. Fixed sheet steel separating retainers divide the ducts up into two or three duct compartments.

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#### Underfloor accessory socket The underfloor box (UGD) is in-

tended for device installation. It is supplied with a mounting lid and a lid blanking plate. Depending on the version, it is designed for the installation of round or rectangular installation units.



### Underfloor junction and branch box

The underfloor draw and junction box (UZD) serves as the access point to the electrical installation in the ducts. It can be equipped with a mounting lid for device installation.



#### Equipotential bonding

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Connection shackles create a conductive connection between the two inserted pieces of duct.

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#### System sizes, underfloor boxes

The type UZD and UGD underfloor boxes are available in two system sizes:
System size 250 (367 x 410 mm)
System size 350 (467 x 510 mm)

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### Robust and easy to mount

The underfloor boxes of the EÜK system possess an extremely robust socket body. They are ideally suited to construction site operation with its dirt, dust and being stepped upon. Installation is easy thanks to the practical rapid height-adjustment and the large, tidy installation space.

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#### Height-adjustment

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The underfloor boxes have a minimum structure height of 70 mm and a height-adjustment range of an additional 55 mm.

The height-adjustment takes place in two stages: Firstly, the underfloor box is roughly pre-adjusted to the screed height using the integrated quick height-adjustment function. In the second step, the fine adjustment to the top edge of the screed is carried out using a screwdriver.



The sidewalls of the underfloor boxes are made of galvanised sheet steel. Their stable corner elements are made from die-cast zinc. On the surface, stable aluminium profiles provide an elegant, load-bearing end.



### Closed

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The solid system shows its strengths during the construction phase. It is always completely closed. The underfloor boxes are protected from above by the mounting protection lid. Thus, no foreign bodies can ingress and the interior remains clean.



### Range of functions - a fixed point

When installed, the underfloor box is securely anchored in the screed. The screed can be worked particularly well around the drip edge of the socket, which also serves as a broad support in the screed.

# Large, protected installation space

The underfloor boxes of the EÜK system possess completely closed metallic sidewalls. Thus, the installation space remains tidy and also offers plenty of space for cable routing. The full height is available for installations.

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#### Noise protection

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After screed laying, the top frame of the underfloor box can be decoupled from the box base. The frame then floats on the screed plate, without any connection to the raw concrete. The complete decoupling of the top frame of the box and the resulting separation from the concrete means that no noise is transmitted via the duct system and the underfloor boxes. This means that the noise insulation damping of the floating screed is not impaired by the EÜK system. This has been proven by a noise protection survey of the EÜK system.



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Wide support in the screed

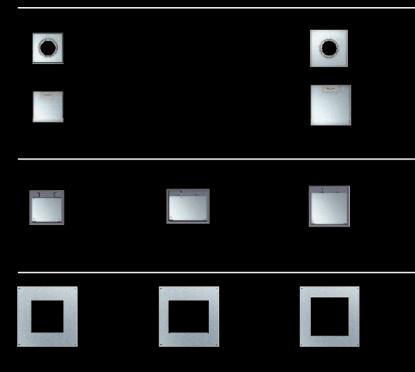
The cover of the underfloor box has a wide aluminium profile, which is positioned in the screed. This gives the entire socket an especially high level of stability, preventing damage to the floor covering.

The stable aluminium profiles at the edge of the socket serve as a drip edge for the screed and permit exact installation.



### Flexible equipment

Device installation units, in the form of cassettes and service outlets, can be installed in underfloor boxes with a mounting lid. The device installation units accept sockets, data and multimedia connections.

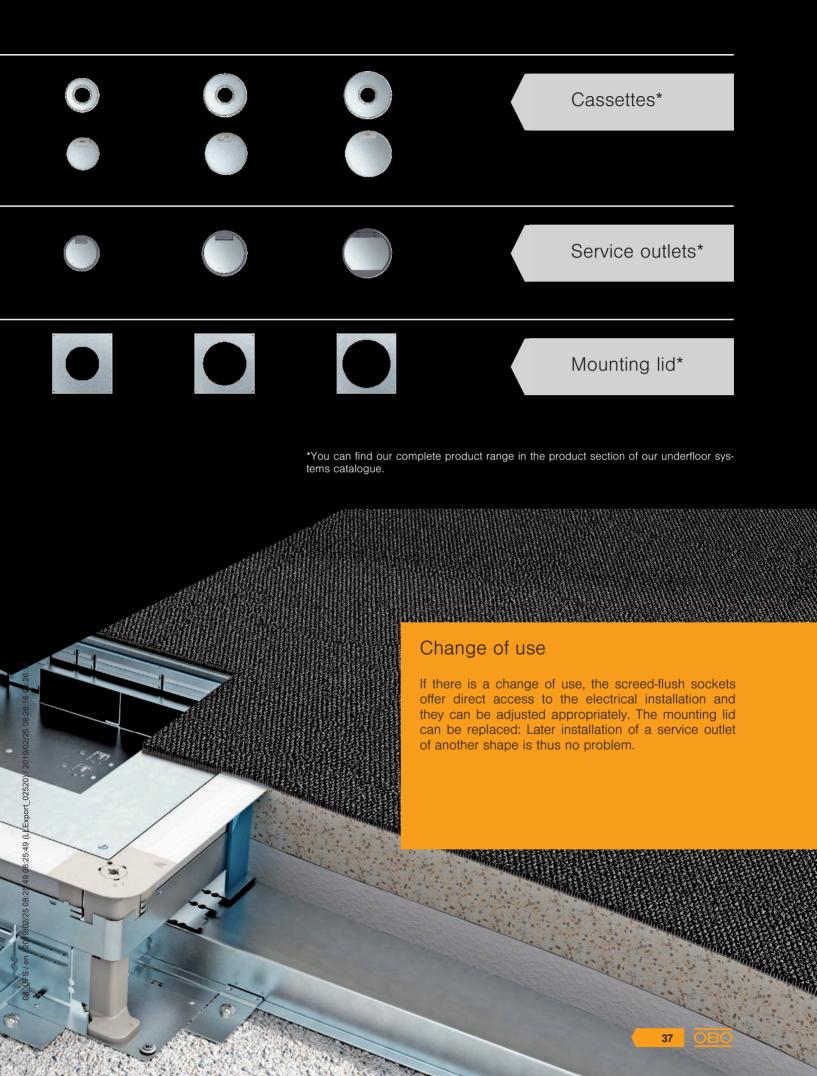


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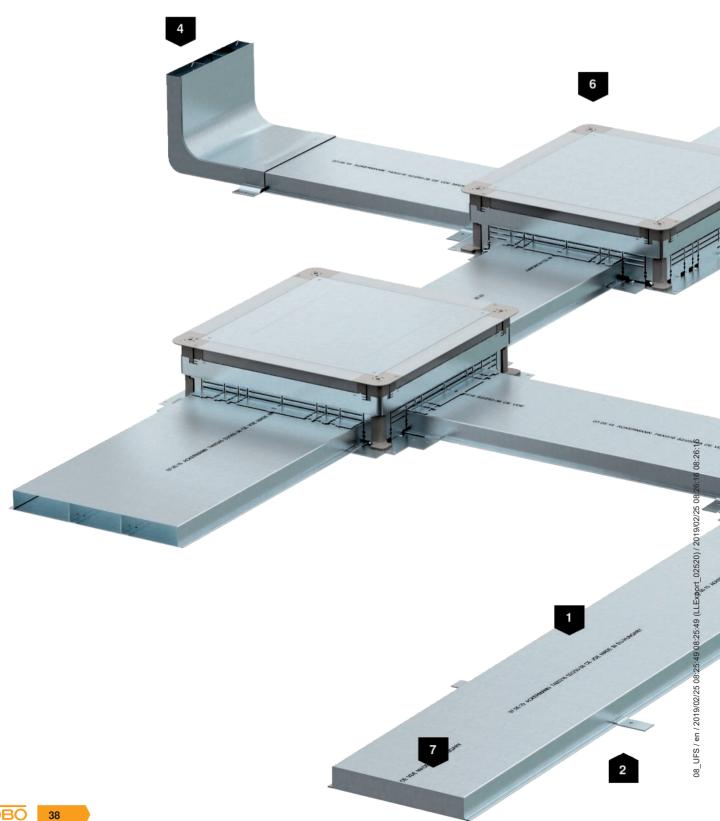
#### New installation

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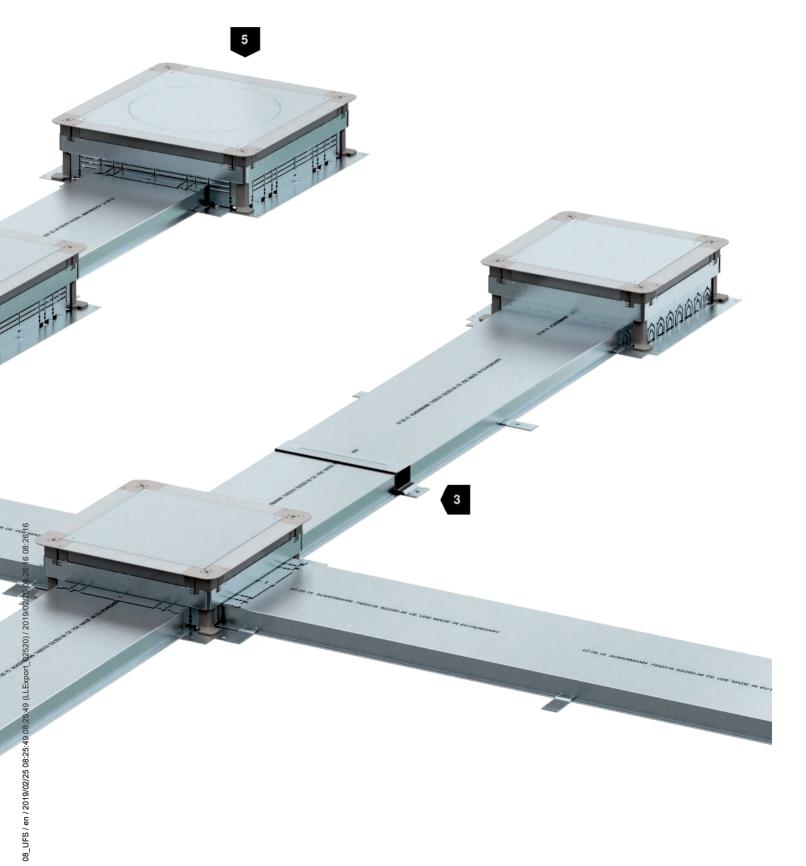
With the matching mounting lid, it is possible to install service outlets in the rectangular systems sizes 2, 4, 6 and 9 and in the round system sizes R4, R7 and R9. In addition, a blind lid and a lid for the mounting of Telitanks (units protruding above the floor) are available.



# Installation principle, screed-covered duct system

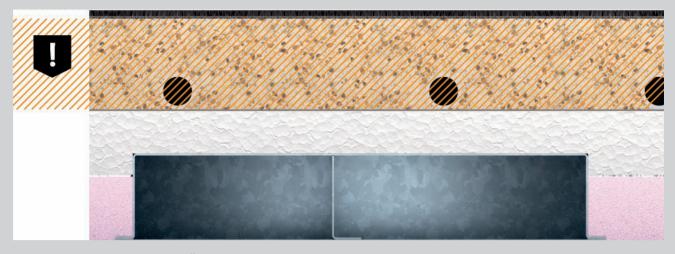


1	Underfloor installation duct
2	Duct connection bracket
3	Connection shackle
4	Vertical bend
5	Underfloor box with mounting lid and lid blanking plate (UGD)
6	Underfloor junction and branch box (UZD)



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# Screed thickness



Nominal screed thickness for EÜK screed-covered duct system

#### Avoiding crack formation

An important precondition for a proper underfloor installation is the screed structure. In the case of a screed-covered system, it is important that the screed thickness over the duct corresponds to the values in the standard, to avoid the formation of cracks.

#### Nominal screed thickness

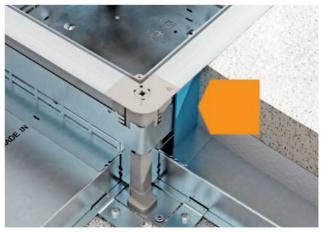
The nominal screed thickness is dependent on the insulation layer, the individual load and the screed type. More detailed information for Germany can be found in DIN 18560.

# Working of the screed



### Working the screed

The excess height of the underfloor boxes must be completely surrounded with screed, in order to guarantee the stability of the boxes in the screed.

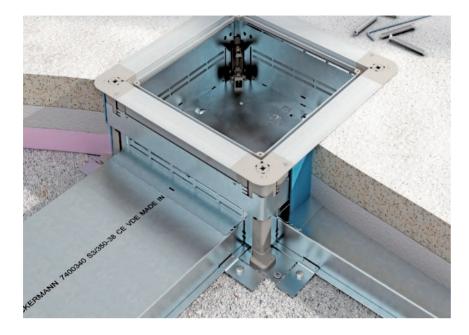


#### Use of a separating layer

When used in floating screed or in heated screeds on insulation layers, the box can be separated from the screed by a separating layer. The separating layer can be up to 3 mm thick and must reach to under the top frame of the box.

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# Floor types



#### Application area Floating screed

Underfloor installation ducts can be mounted in floating screed without complications. For noise reduction reasons, the ducts are laid inside the insulation.



### Application area Composite screed

In cement composite screed, the underfloor installation duct can be mounted quickly and easily. Additional protective measures are not required: The cement screed can be applied directly to the galvanised sheet steel duct.

### **Floating screed**

When used in floating screeds, ensure that the duct system is sealed before the screed is applied.



### Application area Poured asphalt

Underfloor installation ducts can be used in a composite screed system made of floating poured asphalt. The installation temperature of the poured asphalt is around 250 °C. Bitumen corrugated card must be laid to provide protection to the ducts during pouring and the cooling phase of the poured asphalt. Cables are only installed after cooling.



# Use in the field of high loads

No insulation strips may be attached to the underfloor box. This ensures the maximum support area of the screed support frame. You can find system accessories, such as heavy-duty supports and heavy-duty mounting lids for the installation of cassettes of load classes SL1 and SL2, in the Heavy-Duty chapter of our catalogue.

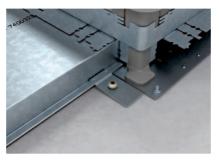
# Inclusion of EÜK duct system in the local equipotential bonding

We recommend including the EÜK screed-covered duct system in the equipotential bonding. The EÜK system offers the necessary connection options for protective conductors. All the system components are fully conductive.

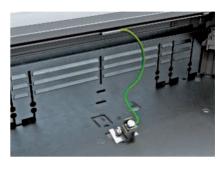
The EMC regulations according to DIN EN 50174-2 (VDE 0800-174-2) require the inclusion of all the metallic system components up to the connection point as functional equipotential bonding.



**Mounting of connection shackle** Connection shackles create the conductive connection of the two inserted pieces of duct.



**Earthing of the duct system** The VW E connection bracket for the conductive connection between the duct and underfloor box.



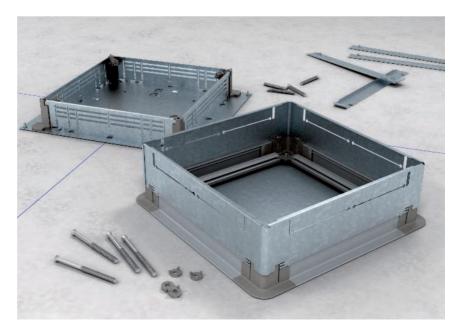
**Earthing of the box top frame** If there is a fault, metallic parts will carry voltage. The protective conductor connection bracket 8AWR includes the underfloor boxes in the protective measures. Tighten the contact bolt with at least 1.2 Nm. Alternatively, conductive connections can be created between construction elements using external connections, by soldering, welding, riveting or screwing.

# Height compensation of the underfloor box

The underfloor boxes of type UGD and UZD are available in three different height-adjustment ranges:

- 70–125 mm
- 115-170 mm
- 165-220 mm

Using height compensation construction kits (raising aids), it is also possible to convert the underfloor boxes to screed heights of up to 320 mm. System 55 is used for screed heights of 70 mm or less.



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#### **PYROSIT® NG fire protection foam**

The PYROSIT<sup>®</sup> NG fire protection foam is a quick and simple type of cable insulation for use in underfloor ducts. If, during an electrical installation, underfloor ducts pass below walls classified for fire protection, then the ducts must be closed against smoke gas penetration and fire.

PYROSIT<sup>®</sup> NG is the ideal solution for use in screedcovered underfloor ducts: Mounting is carried out starting from the underfloor boxes on both sides of the wall. Empty plastic installation pipes, serving as a reserve for later retroinstallations, can also be foamed in.

### Foam rubber fitting with fire protection additives

Fire resistance class	To EI120
Proof of application	European technical approval of the OIB, Vienna in conjunc- tion with surveyor's report
Approval number	ETA-11/0527
Testing standard	EN 1366 Part 3
Min. insulation thickness	30 (2 x 15) cm
Max. duct size	35 x 5 cm
Min. screed thickness	3.5 cm
Spacing of the underfloor boxes	Unlimited

Maximum approved assignment of the opening area with installations: 60%. The data in the named proofs of use apply.

#### System benefits

- Applications covered by surveyor's comments
- Easy processing, even with brief interruptions
- · Good substrate adhesion, even on metal ducts
- Foam volume per cartridge up to 2.1 litres
- Soft consistency easy retroinstallation
- Empty pipes can also be foamed in as a reserve opening
- No surface coatings required
- Dust and fibre-free installation

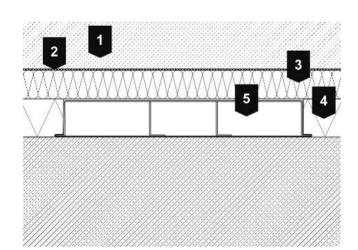
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# Noise prevention and impact noise



#### **Minimum requirements**

The minimum requirements for structural sound insulation are defined in DIN 4109 "Sound insulation in buildings". General information on the topic of sound insulation and the installation of underfloor systems can be found in the general planner section of the underfloor systems' catalogue. Qualified tests to determine the transmission of air and footfall sound were carried out together with the MÜLLER BBM GmbH testing institute in Planegg, Munich, for the EÜK duct system. The transmission of air and footfall sound was investigated for both vertical, i.e. from storey to storey, and horizontal sound transmission, i.e. from adjacent rooms. The test was carried out in a floating screed construction.



1	50 mm cement screed, CEMI 52.2 N, mass relative to area m'=15 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
2	0.2 mm PE film
3	30 mm noise insulation damping, dynamic stiffness s'= 15 MN/m <sup>3</sup>
4	40 mm heat insulation, polystyrene EPS 100/035
5	38 mm installation trunking

#### **Noise evaluation**

With regard to the evaluated reduction of footfall sound of the screed without a floor system, statements made below can be considered as approved. The following recommendations for the OBO Bettermann underfloor systems relate to screed constructions which are spatially separated.

The required noise measures for the use of the type EÜK duct system in offices can be summarised as follows:

The EÜK system can run beneath floating screeds, through partitions with noise protection requirements, in accordance with Section 3. During measurement checking, it should be ensured that the connection sockets have a spacing of 2 m to the partition. This wall spacing of the floor socket should be maintained if there are sound requirements.

If the floor socket is closer to the partition, then there may be a reduction in noise insulation. However, this has not been investigated in detail. In the case of floor sockets close to the wall, it may be advisable to insert noise protection insulation in the trunking system, in order to exclude sound bypass transmission via the floor sockets.

#### Horizontal transmission of air and footfall sound

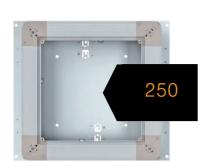
With horizontal transmission of footfall sound, the system is suitable for fulfilling the increased recommendations in the sense of Supplementary Sheet 2 of DIN 4109 [4], provided that the screed is separate in the area of the partition.

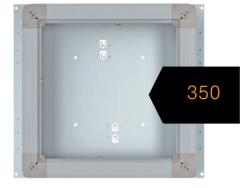
#### Vertical transmission of footfall sound

The EÜK floor system, including underfloor connection sockets, does not lead to a decrease of the required evaluated footfall sound reduction of a floating cement screed with regard to vertical transmission of footfall sound, should the underfloor boxes be decoupled.

Data taken from Report M88034/06 of 29th July 2014.

# Underfloor boxes





### Function matrix, underfloor boxes, nominal size 250

Underfloor box	Insertable duct widths, nominal size	Height-adjustment range upper edge screed mm	Decou- plable <sup>1</sup>	Suitable for SL applica- tion <sup>2</sup>	Possible device instal- lation, nominal sizes	Mounting lid in scope of supply
UZD 250-3	190, 250	70–125	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	2, 4, 6, 9, R4	No <sup>4</sup>
UZD 115170 250-3	250	115–170	Yes	Yes	2, 4, 6, 9, R4	No <sup>4</sup>
UZD 165220 250-3	250	165–220	Yes	Yes	2, 4, 6, 9, R4	No <sup>4</sup>
UZD 250-3 R	Installation pipes	70–125	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	2, 4, 6, 9, R4	No <sup>4</sup>
UGD 250-3 4	190, 250	70–125	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	4	Yes
UGD 250-3 6	190, 250	70–125	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	6	Yes
UGD 250-3 9	190, 250	70–125	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	9	Yes
UGD 250-3 R4	190, 250	70–125	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	R4	Yes

<sup>1</sup> Separate the screed contact frame from the box body. Not for SL application

<sup>2</sup> Application for areas with increased load requirements with separately available system accessories.

<sup>3</sup> At lower screed heights, the floor construction must be agreed with technical planners.

<sup>4</sup> Device installation units are installed in DUG blanking lids

#### Function matrix, underfloor boxes, nominal size 350

Underfloor box	Insertable duct widths, nominal size	Height-adjustment range upper edge screed mm	Decou- plable¹	Suitable for SL appli- cation 2 <sup>2</sup>	Possible device installa- tion, nominal sizes	Mounting lid in scope of supply
UZD 350-3	190, 250, 350	70–125	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	4, 6, 9, R4, R7, R9	No <sup>4</sup>
UZD 115170 350-3	250, 350	115–170	Yes	Yes	4, 6, 9, R4, R7, R9	No <sup>4</sup>
UZD 165220 350-3	250, 350	165–220	Yes	Yes	4, 6, 9, R4, R7, R9	No <sup>4</sup>
UZD 350-3 R	Installation pipes	70–125	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	4, 6, 9, R4, R7, R9	No <sup>4</sup>
UGD 350-3 4	190, 250, 350	70–125	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	4	Yes
UGD 350-3 6	190, 250, 350	70–125	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	6	Yes
UGD 350-3 9	190, 250, 350	70–125	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	9	Yes
UGD 350-3 R4	190, 250, 350	70–125	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	R4	Yes
UGD 350-3 R7	190, 250, 350	70–125	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	R7	Yes
UGD 350-3 R9	190, 250, 350	70–125	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	R9	Yes

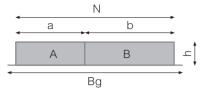
<sup>1</sup> Separate the screed contact frame from the box body. Not for SL application

<sup>2</sup> Application for areas with increased load requirements with separately available system accessories.

<sup>3</sup> At lower screed heights, the floor construction must be agreed with technical planners.

<sup>4</sup> Device installation units are installed in DUG blanking lids

### Screed-covered ducts, 2-compartment

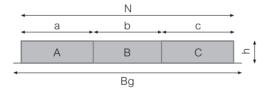


Duct type	S2 19028	S2 25028	S2 19038	S2 25038	S2 19048	S2 25048
Duct height h (mm)	28	28	38	38	48	48
Nominal width N (mm)	190	250	190	250	190	250
Total width Bg	210	270	210	270	210	270
Compartment width a (mm)	80	110	80	110	80	110
Compartment width b (mm)	110	140	110	140	110	140
Compartment A						
Compartment volume A (mm <sup>2</sup> )	2028	2808	2808	3888	3588	4688
Number of cables NYM <sup>1</sup>	20	28	28	39	36	47
Number of cables CAT <sup>2</sup>	25	35	35	48	44	58
Compartment B						
Compartment volume B (mm <sup>2</sup> )	2808	3588	3888	4968	4968	6348
Number of cables NYM <sup>1</sup>	28	36	39	50	50	63
Number of cables CAT <sup>2</sup>	35	44	48	61	61	78

<sup>1</sup> Heavy current cables NYM-J 3 x 2.5 mm, diameter = 10 mm, space requirement = 100 mm<sup>2</sup>,

<sup>2</sup> CAT6 data cable, diameter = 9 mm, space requirement = 81 mm<sup>2</sup>

### Screed-covered ducts, 3-compartment



Duct type	S3 25028	S3 35028	S3 25038	S335038	S3 25048	S3 35048
Duct height h (mm)	28	28	38	38	48	48
Nominal width N (mm)	250	350	250	350	250	350
Total width Bg	270	370	270	370	270	370
Compartment width a (mm)	90	120	90	120	90	120
Compartment width b (mm)	70	110	70	110	70	110
Compartment width c (mm)	90	120	90	120	90	120
Compartment A						
Compartment volume A (mm <sup>2</sup> )	2288	3068	3168	4248	4048	5428
Number of cables NYM <sup>1</sup>	23	31	32	42	40	54
Number of cables CAT <sup>2</sup>	28	38	39	52	50	67
Compartment B						
Compartment volume B (mm <sup>2</sup> )	1794	2834	2484	3924	3174	5014
Number of cables NYM <sup>1</sup>	18	28	25	39	32	50
Number of cables CAT <sup>2</sup>	22	35	31	48	39	62
Compartment C						
Compartment volume C (mm <sup>2</sup> )	2288	3068	3168	4248	4048	5428
Number of cables NYM <sup>1</sup>	23	31	32	42	40	54
Number of cables CAT <sup>2</sup>	28	38	39	52	52	67

<sup>1</sup> Heavy current cables NYM-J 3 x 2.5 mm, diameter = 10 mm, space requirement = 100 mm<sup>2</sup>, <sup>2</sup> CAT6 data cable, diameter = 9 mm, space requirement = 81 mm<sup>2</sup>



# Directional correction and sloping duct entries

The prepared duct openings of the underfloor boxes allow a slight change in direction or the sloping insertion of cables. The appropriate values can be found in the following tables.



# Duct directional corrections (RK)

Small duct direction corrections (up to 7°) can be compensated in the entry openings of the underfloor boxes with an adaptation cut.



# Sloping duct entries (SE)

With appropriate adaptation cuts, sloping duct entries (>  $7^{\circ}$ ) can be created according to the box side and entry opening.

Box size	Nominal size of duct insertion opening	Nominal duct size 190	Nominal duct size 190	Nominal duct size 250	Nominal duct size 250	Nominal duct size 350	Nominal duct size 350
		RK bracket	SE bracket	RK bracket	SE bracket	RK bracket	SE bracket
250	190	7°	7°	-	-	-	-
	250	-	40°	7°	7°	-	-
350	190	7°	7°	-	-	-	-
	250	-	40°	7°	7°		
	350	-	53°	-	42°	7°	7°

# Standard data

### To DIN EN 50085-1 and DIN EN 50085-2-2

Class		Underfloor ducts type S2 / S3	Underfloor boxes type UZD / UGD
6.2	According to impact resistance for installation and application		
6.2.7	Electrical installation duct systems for impact energy 20 J	20 J	20 J
6.3	According to temperatures, as specified in Tables 1, 2 and 3		
Table 1	Minimum storage and transport temperatures ± 2 °C	–25 °C	–25 °C
Table 2	Minimum installation and application temperatures $\pm$ 2 °C	+5 °C	+5 °C
Table 3	Application temperatures ± 2 °C	+60 °C	+60 °C
6.4	According to the resistance against fire spread		
6.4.2	Electrical installation duct systems which do not permit the spread of fire	X	х
6.5	According to the electrical conductivity		
6.5.1	Electrical installation duct systems with electrical conductivity	x	X
6.6	According to the electrical insulation property		
6.6.1	Electrical installation duct systems without electrical insulation capability	x	x
6.7	According to the protection ratings offered by the housing or casing to EN 60529:1991		
6.7.1	According to protection against ingress of solid foreign bodies	Х	Х
6.7.2	According to protection against ingress of water		
6.102	According to resistance to vertical loads affecting a small surface area		
6.102.2	Electrical installation duct systems for 750 N	х	
6.102.7	Electrical installation duct systems for 3,000 N		Х
6.103	According to resistance to vertical loads affecting a large surface area		
6.103.3	Electrical installation duct systems for 5,000 N		Х
6.103.5 <sup>1</sup>	Electrical installation duct systems for 15,000 N		х

<sup>1</sup> Test UZD with heavy-duty mounting lid DUG 250-3 4SL





# Planning checklist

When planning a screed-covered underfloor system, the following points should be observed:

- Matching of the floor structure (screed height, screed type, insulation layers, sealing, etc.) with the architecture
- Observe the minimum installation depths of device installation units
- Matching the structural physics requirements (loads, impact sound, etc.)
- Select device installation units according to the floor cleaning method
- Specify the spacing between two underfloor boxes taking the tensile loading and occurring bend radii into account



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# Open trunking system, screed-flush OKA

The OKA open trunking system is a flexible system for in-screed cable routing. The trunking lids can also be opened along the whole length – even when installed with a floor covering. This means that the electrical installation in the trunking can be adapted at any time. Additional mounting benefits, such as lowerable floor covering profiles or rapid height-adjustment units, offer a great deal of flexibility and security for professional underfloor installations.





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# Matches any change

The OKA system offers a wide range of mounting options: The OKA-G trunking variant, with its flexible side walls, can be freely combined with the OKA-W trunking variant with its closed floor trough. The OKA system offers the right installation capacity for any installation requirements: The trunking is available in various widths and heights and there is also a large selection for device installation.

Additional extension units also allow device installation, without reducing the usable cross-section in the trunking.

The trunking of the OKA system remains accessible at all times. The system is thus particularly suitable for areas in which there are regular modifications to the routed cables - such as offices, in which the workstations are not always in the same place. Depending on the devices used, the system can be employed with dry or wet-cleaned floor coverings.





Ideally suitable for large volumes of cables

Simple retroinstallation and highest flexibility

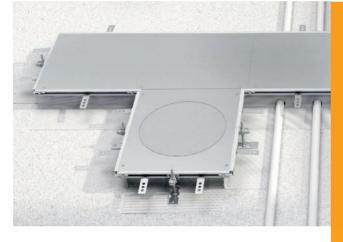
Long-life thanks to robust con-

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# Two screed-flush solution variants - one principle

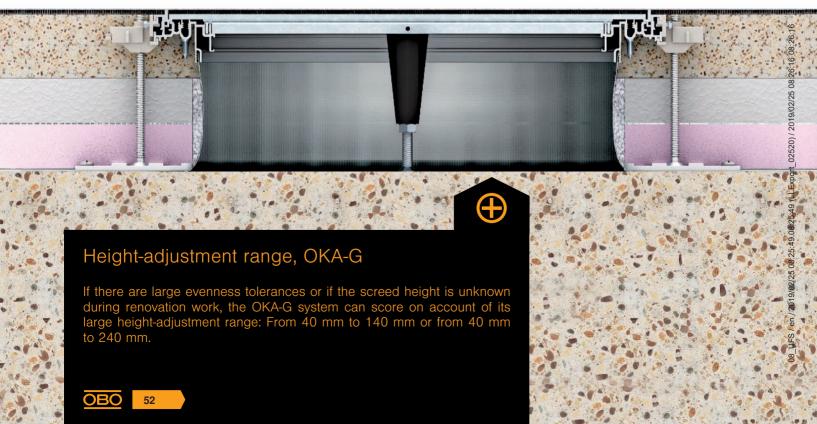
The screed-flush trunking of the OKA system is available in two versions – with a flexible side wall and with a closed floor trough. The two variants can be combined easily. The trunking is mounted directly on the raw concrete. In thin-layered screed, trunking installation for pure cable routing is possible from 40 mm. From a floor height plus floor covering of 55 mm, it is possible to install the service outlets of System 55. The standard GES service outlet is available for a screed height of 70 mm or more. The height of the trunking system is adjusted to the top edge of the screed, thus offering a drip edge for the subsequent screed work. For this reason, during planning, the agreement of the screed height between units is particularly important.



## OKA-G - with flexible side wall

The variant possesses metal mesh side walls. During mounting, the side walls can be adapted easily to match the substrate and units crossing over. Should, for example pipelines cross the path of the duct, they can be easily run through an opening in the mesh.



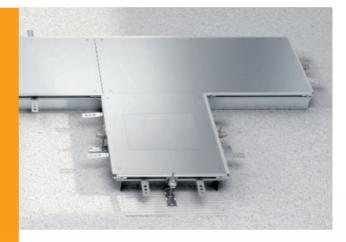


#### Usable duct cross-sections

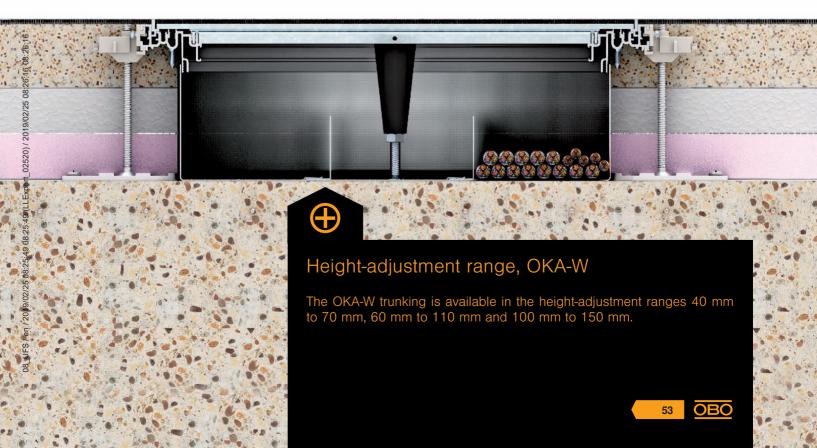
The tables in the Technical Section provide information on the usable cross-section of the OKA system. The height-adjustment increases the trunking volume. If service outlets are used, then the usable cross-section is reduced accordingly.

# OKA-W – with floor trough

Snap-in separating retainers allow structured, EMCcompatible cable routing: You can create up to three separate cable compartments. Thus, data and power cables can be routed separately.



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# Reliability in practice

The OKA system has proved its worth in practice: It has already been installed in countless buildings. The product developers at OBO have used the practical experience gained to improve the system ever further.



### Experts in the underfloor sector

The first OKA trunking system was presented in 1974 and, since then, has been continually adapted to installation practices. For more than four decades, planners, architects and customers have relied on the triedand-trusted technology for creating a high level of flexibility in electrical installations. The system is beneficial, particularly in the field of large office spaces, as adjustments can be made at any time.

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# Delivery as a ready-to-mount

The benefits of the OKA system can be seen directly when they are delivered to the construction site. The ready-for-mounting cable units are screwed together and their stable construction can withstand all the requirements of the construction site. The practical accessories simplify and accelerate the mounting of the system.

# Trunking

The OKA trunking has a length of 2,400 mm and is available in the widths 200 mm, 300 mm, 400 mm, 500 mm and 600 mm.

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# Height-adjustment units with equipotential bonding

The supplied height-adjustment units allow simple height-adjustment, fastening and conductive connection of the OKA trunking. The height-adjustment takes place in two stages: Firstly, the height-adjustment units are roughly pre-adjusted to the given screed height using the integrated quick height-adjustment function and applied to the trunking units. In the second step, after fastening, the fine adjustment to the top edge of the screed is carried out using a screwdriver.

# Extension units

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Additional extension units also allow device installation, without reducing the usable cross-section in the ducts.

## Pre-mounted units

The duct units are supplied, ready to mount, with three covers. On delivery, the duct lids are screwed on and surrounded. The scope of delivery contains six height-adjustment units and screed anchors, and, depending on the nominal duct width, three lid butt seals or six lid butt supports.

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# Unlimited mounting options

From a screed height of 70 mm plus the floor covering, the various GES device installation units can be installed with central Modul 45 devices or standard devices. For screed heights above 55 mm, there are the screed-flush solutions of the System 55 range.

### Loads

The OKA system stands out through its high load capacity. All the lids have metal thicknesses of 4 mm. Nominal trunking widths up to 300 mm are supplied with three lid butt seals, in order to ensure the maximum support for the mounting lid. From a trunking width of 400 mm, these struts are also equipped with height-adjustable supports. This avoids significant lid bending, even with large trunking widths.

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# Separating retainers

The separating retainers for the OKA-W trunking are locking and self-contacting. The separating retainers for the OKA-G trunking can be fastened individually in the concrete floor.

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### Lid variants

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Two blanking lid variants are available for the trunking and the extension units: Locking and screwed-on. In addition, there are variants with openings for the installation of the service outlets GES4, GES6, GES9 and GESR9.

# Connection to the screed

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The screed anchor are hung in the aluminium side profile of the duct. They create the connection between the ducts and the screed layer. To guarantee the most stable connection possible, no separating layer may be installed between the duct and screed.

# Easy to work

The OKA system can be worked easily before, during and after the screed work. In all the mounting steps, a series of intermeshed planning and agreement is decisive for correct installation. There is a wide selection of different device installation units, made of polyamide, stainless steel and aluminium for dry and wet-cleaned floors.

# Protected against moisture

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In addition to the normal lid butt seal, an optional flat foam rubber seal can be inserted. This ensures that, even in wet-cleaned floors, no moisture can enter the duct system.

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## Varied floor coverings

The OKA system is suitable for all kinds of floor coverings: From carpets through to PVC or linoleum for wet-cleaned areas. The use of special cassettes also means that it can be used in parquet, laminate, tiled or stone floors.



# Lowerable floor covering contact profile

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The floor covering contact profile protects the adjacent cut floor covering edge. During screed laying, the edges are at first sunk. For working of the floor covering, they protrude above the trunking lid, marking the trunking system in the floor covering. At the same time, they form the guide edge for the floor covering.

# Flexible equipment

The two trunking variants, OKA-W and OKA-G, are suitable for the installation of various service outlets. Depending on the furnishing plan and planned use, service outlets for the installation of six, nine or twelve Modul 45 individual devices can be selected. This corresponds to the installation of four, six or nine standard installation devices.

There is also a wide choice of materials and lid variants for the service outlets. In the round R9 system size, there is a version made from polyamide and diecast aluminium. In addition, there is the die-cast aluminium GRAF9 service outlet for wet-cleaned floors. The rectangular services outlets are available in polyamide and stainless steel in the sizes GES4, GES6 and GES9. It is also possible to mount Telitanks – installation units protruding above the floor – in combination with the OKA system.

### Service outlets\*

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## OKA-G

The OKA-G trunking units with flexible side walls are available in two heights and four widths.

Heights: 40 mm to 140 mm, 40 mm to 240 mm. Widths: 200 mm, 300 mm, 400 mm, 500 mm, 600 mm.

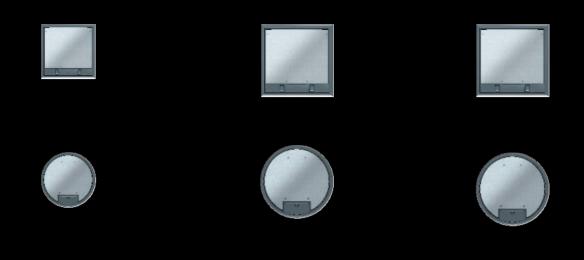
The trunking can be ordered with six different lid variants:

- Blanking lid, locking
- Blanking lid, screwed
- With installation opening for the square service outlet GES4
- With installation opening for the square service outlet GES6

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- With installation opening for the square service outlet GES9
- With installation opening for the round service outlet GESR9

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\*You can find our complete product range in the product section of our underfloor systems catalogue.



The OKA-W trunking units with closed floor trough are available in three heights and four widths.

Heights: 40 mm to 70 mm (except for GES4 and GES6), 60 mm to 110 mm, 100 mm to 150 mm. Widths: 200 mm, 300 mm, 400 mm, 500 mm, 600 mm.

The trunking can be ordered with six different lid variants:

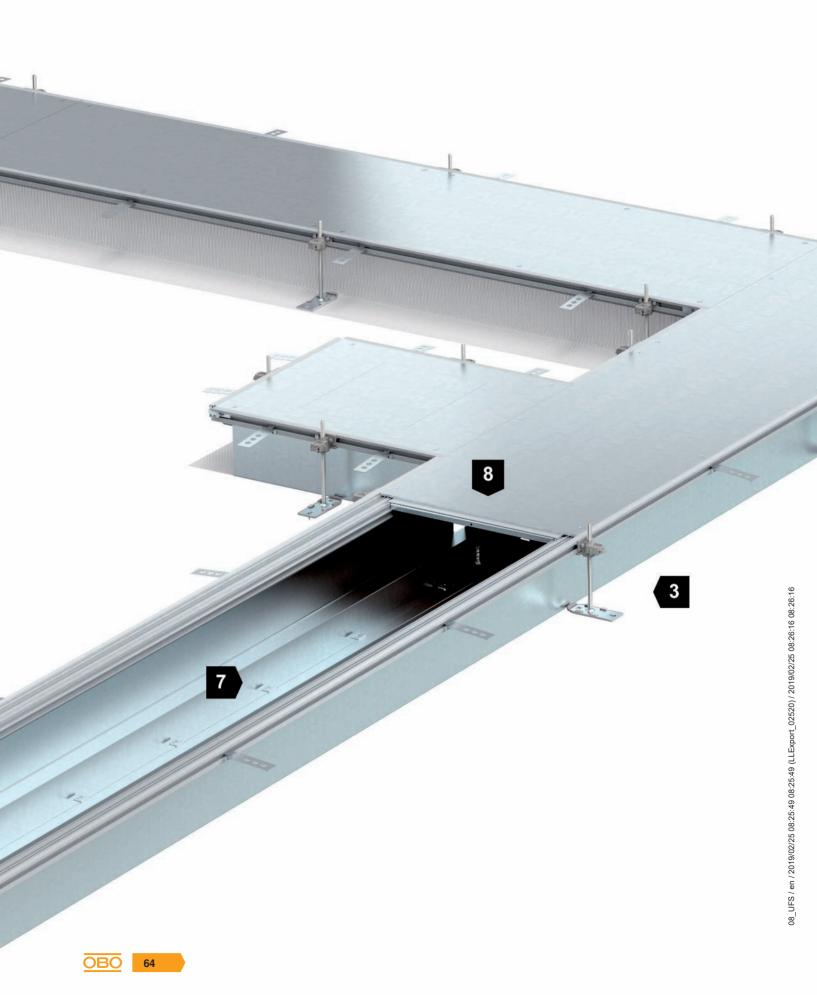
• Blanking lid, locking

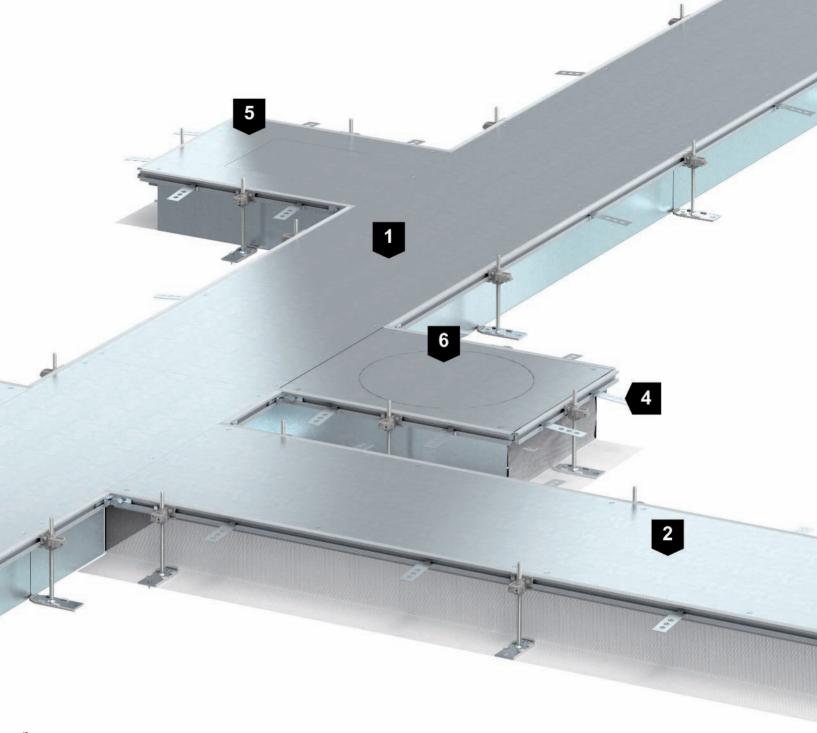
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- Blanking lid, screwed
- With installation opening for the square service outlet GES4
- With installation opening for the square service outlet GES6
- With installation opening for the square service outlet GES9
- With installation opening for the round service outlet GESR9

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Installation principle, OKA screed-flush trunking system





1	OKA-W installation trunking
2	OKA-G installation trunking
3	Height adjustment unit
4	Screed anchor
5	OKA-W extension unit with blank, closed mounting opening
6	OKA-G extension unit with blank, closed mounting opening
7	Separating retainer
8	Lid butt support

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# Screed and floor covering contact profiles



### Application of the screed

When laying the screed, the side profiles of the trunking must be fully supported with screed. Loads may not be placed on the trunking until the screed has hardened.





#### Lowering a floor covering contact profile

Floor covering contact profiles are used to protect the neighbouring floor covering cutting edges. In the asdelivered state, these profiles are flush, to allow finishing of the screed.



### Using a floor covering contact profile

If the floor covering contact profile is required, then it can simply be mounted in the opposite direction. The profile is designed in such a way as to ensure the required lid play in the finished state.

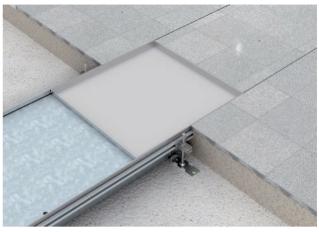


# Moisture protection and equipotential bonding



#### Insert moisture protection

The use of OKAFD seal together with the OKARK... insertion cassettes permits the use of the OKA-G and OKA-W trunking systems for wet-cleaned hard floors. The OKAFD seal is inserted into the aluminium profile in the lengthwise direction at the position indicated.



#### Use of cassettes

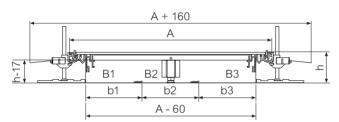
When used in wet-cleaned floors, there is the option of equipping the duct system with cassettes.



#### Create equipotential bonding

We recommend including the OKA screed-flush trunking system in the equipotential bonding. The OKA system offers the required connection options for protective conductors, as well as the continuous conductivity of all the system components via the height-adjustment units. The EMC regulations according to DIN EN 50174-2 (VDE 0800–174-2) require the inclusion of all the metallic system components up to the connection point as functional equipotential bonding.





### Trunking volume and assignment OKA-W

Trunking type	OKA-W 200	OKA-W 200	OKA-W 200	OKA-W 300	OKA-W 300	OKA-W 300
System size A	200	200	200	300	300	300
System height h (mm)	40	60	100	40	60	100
Compartments	2	2	2	3	3	3
Internal trunking dimension A-68 (mm)	132	132	132	232	232	232
Usable trunking height H-17 (mm)	23	43	83	23	43	83
Total usable cross-section Bges (mm <sup>2</sup> )	2450	5452	10258	3980	8604	17050
Compartment width b1 (mm)	66	66	66	77	77	77
Compartment width b2 (mm)	66	66	66	77	77	77
Compartment width b3 (mm)	-	-	-	77	77	77
Compartment 1						
Compartment volume B1 (mm <sup>2</sup> )	1300	2764	5166	1436	2955	5997
Number of cables NYM <sup>1</sup>	13	28	52	14	30	60
Number of cables CAT <sup>2</sup>	16	34	64	18	36	74
Compartment 2						
Compartment volume B2 (mm <sup>2</sup> )	1150	2688	5092	1150	2688	5092
Number of cables NYM <sup>1</sup>	12	13	25	6	13	25
Number of cables CAT <sup>2</sup>	14	17	31	7	17	31
Compartment 3						
Compartment volume B3 (mm <sup>2</sup> )	-	-	-	1394	2961	5961
Number of cables NYM <sup>1</sup>	-	-	-	14	15	30
Number of cables CAT <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	17	18	37

<sup>1</sup> Heavy current cables NYM-J 3 x 2.5 mm, diameter = 10 mm, space requirement = 100 mm<sup>2</sup>,
<sup>2</sup> Data cable CAT6, diameter = 9 mm, space requirement = 81 mm<sup>2</sup>

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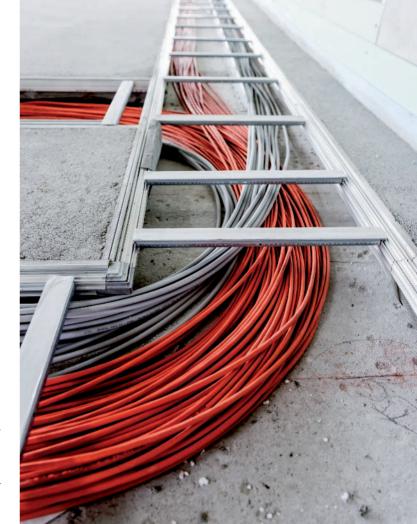
### Trunking volume and assignment OKA-W

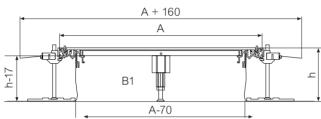
Trunking type	OKA-W 400	OKA-W 400	OKA-W 400	OKA-W 500	OKA-W 500	OKA-W 500
System size A	400	400	400	500	500	500
System height h (mm)	40	60	100	40	60	100
Compartments	3	3	3	3	3	3
Internal trunking dimension A-68 (mm)	332	332	332	432	432	432
Usable trunking height H-17 (mm)	23	43	83	23	43	83
Total usable cross-section Bges (mm <sup>2</sup> )	6086	11897	24250	8331	16097	32413
Compartment width b1 (mm)	111	111	111	144	144	144
Compartment width b2 (mm)	111	111	111	144	144	144
Compartment width b3 (mm)	111	111	111	144	144	144
Compartment 1						
Compartment volume B1 (mm <sup>2</sup> )	2197	4366	8746	2952	5773	11497
Number of cables NYM <sup>1</sup>	22	44	87	30	58	115
Number of cables CAT <sup>2</sup>	27	54	108	36	71	142
Compartment 2						
Compartment volume B2 (mm <sup>2</sup> )	1824	3267	6903	2567	4674	9608
Number of cables NYM <sup>1</sup>	18	33	69	26	47	96
Number of cables CAT <sup>2</sup>	23	40	85	32	58	119
Compartment 3						
Compartment volume B3 (mm <sup>2</sup> )	2065	4264	8601	2812	5650	11308
Number of cables NYM <sup>1</sup>	21	43	86	28	57	113
Number of cables CAT <sup>2</sup>	25	53	106	35	70	140

<sup>1</sup> Heavy current cables NYM-J 3 x 2.5 mm, diameter = 10 mm, space requirement = 100 mm<sup>2</sup>,
 <sup>2</sup> Data cable CAT6, diameter = 9 mm, space requirement = 81 mm<sup>2</sup>

Trunking type	OKA-W 600	OKA-W 600	OKA-W 600
System size A	600	600	600
System height h (mm)	40	60	100
Compartments	3	3	3
Internal trunking dimension A-68 (mm)	532	532	532
Usable trunking height H-17 (mm)	23	43	83
Total usable cross-section Bges (mm <sup>2</sup> )	10589	20291	40602
Compartment width b1 (mm)	177	177	177
Compartment width b2 (mm)	177	177	177
Compartment width b3 (mm)	177	177	177
Compartment 1			
Compartment volume B1 (mm <sup>2</sup> )	3693	7159	14199
Number of cables NYM <sup>1</sup>	37	72	142
Number of cables CAT <sup>2</sup>	46	88	175
Compartment 2			
Compartment volume B2 (mm <sup>2</sup> )	3342	6102	12396
Number of cables NYM <sup>1</sup>	33	61	124
Number of cables CAT <sup>2</sup>	41	75	153
Compartment 3			
Compartment volume B3 (mm <sup>2</sup> )	3554	7030	14007
Number of cables NYM <sup>1</sup>	36	70	140
Number of cables CAT <sup>2</sup>	44	87	173

<sup>1</sup> Heavy current cables NYM-J 3 x 2.5 mm, diameter = 10 mm, space requirement = 100 mm<sup>2</sup>,
 <sup>2</sup> Data cable CAT6, diameter = 9 mm, space requirement = 81 mm<sup>2</sup>





### Trunking volume and assignment OKA-G

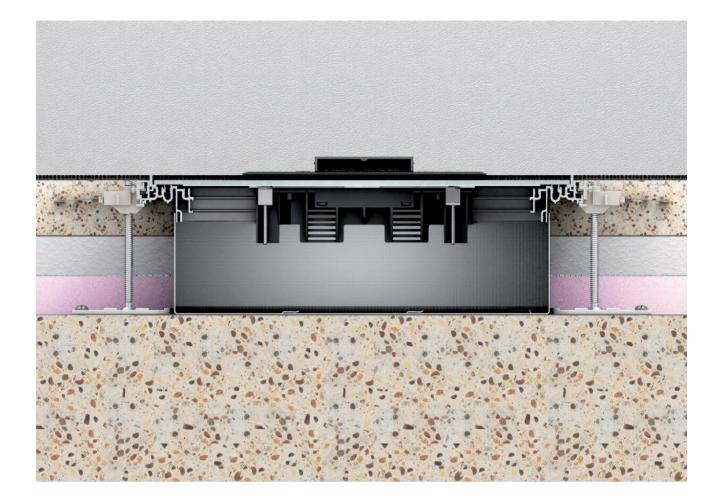
Trunking type	OKA-G 200	OKA-G 200	OKA-G 200	OKA-G 300	OKA-G 300	OKA-G 300
System size A	200	200	200	300	300	300
System height h (mm)	40	140	240	40	140	240
Internal trunking dimension A-70 (mm)	130	130	130	230	230	230
Usable trunking height H-17 (mm)	23	123	223	23	123	223
Trunking volume B1 (mm <sup>2</sup> )	2700	15900	29100	5050	28250	51450
Number of cables NYM <sup>1</sup>	27	159	291	51	283	515
Number of cables CAT <sup>2</sup>	33	196	359	62	349	635
Trunking type	OKA-G 400	OKA-G 400	OKA-G 400	OKA-G 500	OKA-G 500	OKA-G 500
System size A	400	400	400	500	500	500
Custom baight b (mm)	10	140		10	1.10	
System height h (mm)	40	140	240	40	140	240
Internal trunking dimension A-70 (mm)	40 330	330	240 330	40	430	240 430
	-		-	-	-	-
Internal trunking dimension A-70 (mm)	330	330	330	430	430	430
Internal trunking dimension A-70 (mm) Usable duct height H-17 (mm)	330 23	330 123	330 223	430 23	430 123	430 223

Trunking type	OKA-G 600	OKA-G 600	OKA-G 600	
System size A	600	600	600	
System height h (mm)	40	140	240	
Internal trunking dimension A-70 (mm)	530	530	530	
Usable trunking height H-17 (mm)	23	123	223	
Trunking volume B1 (mm <sup>2</sup> )	11440	62278	113478	
Number of cables NYM <sup>1</sup>	114	623	1135	
Number of cables CAT <sup>2</sup>	141	769	1401	

<sup>1</sup> Heavy current cables NYM-J 3 x 2.5 mm, diameter = 10 mm, space requirement = 100 mm<sup>2</sup>
 <sup>2</sup> Data cable CAT6, diameter = 9 mm, space requirement = 81 mm<sup>2</sup>



# Reduction of the trunking cross-section



Reduction of the trunking cross-section through the installation of a service outlet in  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{mm}}^2$ 

Service outlet type	Installation direction trans- verse to trunking course	Installation direction par- allel to trunking course
GES4-2	11.000	11.000
GES6-2	14.238	11.243
GES9-2	13.673	13.673
GESR9-2	18.240	18.240
GESR9/10	23.935	24.960
GRAF9-2	19.608	19.608
GES9/55UV*	9.559	9.167
GESR9/55UV*	11.225	11.225
GRAF9-2 with MT45V0*	14.744	14.744

\* Special systems for low screed heights

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### **PYROPLUG® Block foam block**

The OBO PYROPLUG® Block 200 cable insulation is the ideal cable insulation for use in underfloor trunking. If, during an electrical installation, underfloor trunking passes below walls classified for fire protection, then the trunking must be closed against smoke gas penetration and fire. With the OKA system, the trunking lids are removed on both sides of the wall and the PYROPLUG® blocks inserted from both sides. Retroinstallations can be carried out very easily by removing individual blocks.

#### System benefits

- Mounting directly in underfloor trunking
- Cable insulation invisible on outside
- Mounting of empty pipes to prepare for retroinstallations
- Dust and fibre-free mounting
- Residual joints closed with PYROPLUG<sup>®</sup> screed filler (type FBA-SP)

### Foam rubber fitting with fire protection additives

Fire resistance class	S90		
Proof of application	General construction approval of DIBt, Berlin in conjunction with surveyor's report		
Approval number	Z-19.15-1849		
Testing standard	DIN 4102 Part 9		
Min. insulation thickness	20 mm		
Max. trunking size	60 x 16 mm		

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# Footfall sound

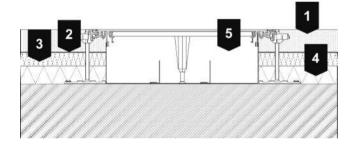


#### **Minimum requirements**

The minimum requirements for structural sound insulation are defined in DIN 4109 "Sound insulation in buildings". General information on the topic of sound insulation and the installation of underfloor systems can be found in the general planner section of the catalogue.

Qualified tests to determine the transmission of air and footfall sound were carried out together with the MÜLLER BBM GmbH testing institute in Planegg, Munich, for the OKA trunking system. The transmission of air and footfall sound was investigated for both vertical, i.e. from storey to storey, and horizontal sound transmission, i.e. from adjacent rooms.

The test was carried out in a floating screed construction.



1	50 mm cement screed, CEMI 52.2 N, mass relative to area m'=15 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
2	0.2 mm PE film
3	30 mm noise insulation damping, dynamic stiffness s'= 15 MN/m <sup>3</sup>
4	40 mm heat insulation, polystyrene EPS 100/035
5	38 mm installation trunking

### **Noise evaluation**

The following section evaluations the test results. With regard to the evaluated reduction of footfall sound of the screed without a floor system, statements made below can be considered as approved.

The noise evaluation, based on the available test certificates, can be summarised as follows:

Horizontal transmission of air and footfall sound: The system is suitable for construction situations with partition requirements up to R'w = 52 dB.

With horizontal transmission of footfall sound, the system fulfils the normal recommendations in the sense of Supplementary Sheet 2 of DIN 4109 [4]. Should there be requirements for increase footfall sound protection, then noise protection insulation should be added to the system in the area of the partition. Rockwool or polyester fibre materials can be used as noise protection insulation and should be inserted in the installation trunking to a length of at least 30 cm.

Vertical transmission of footfall sound: The OKA-W system (open trunking system, screed-flush) reduces the evaluated footfall sound reduction in comparison with an unaffected floor structure of a vertical screed in the vertical transmission direction by  $\Delta Lw = 5$  dB.

Data taken from Report M88034/06 of 29 July 2014.

# Standard data

### To DIN EN 50085-1 and DIN EN 50085-2-2

Class		Trunking systems OKA-W / OKA-G
6.2	According to impact resistance for installation and application	
6.2.5	Electrical installation trunking systems for impact energy 20 J	20 J
6.3	According to temperatures, as specified in Tables 1, 2 and 3	
Table 1	Minimum storage and transport temperature ± 2 °C	–25 °C
Table 2	Minimum installation and application temperatures ± 2 °C	+5 °C
Table 3	Application temperatures ± 2 °C	+60 °C
6.4	According to the resistance against fire spread	
6.4.2	Electrical installation trunking systems which do not permit the spread of fire	Х
6.5	According to the electrical conductivity	
6.5.1	Electrical installation duct systems with electrical conductivity	Х
6.6	According to the electrical insulation property	
6.6.1	Electrical installation trunking systems without electrical insulation capability	х
6.7	According to the protection ratings offered by the housing or casing to EN 60529:1991	
6.7.1	According to protection against ingress of solid foreign bodies	Х
6.7.2	According to protection against ingress of water	
6.102	According to resistance to vertical loads affecting a small surface area	
6.102.7	Electrical installation trunking systems for 3,000 N	Х
6.103	According to resistance to vertical loads affecting a large surface area	Not tested





# Planning checklist

When planning a screed-flush underfloor system, the following points should be observed:

- Matching of the floor structure (screed height, screed type, insulation layers, sealing, etc.) with the architecture
- Observe the minimum installation depths of device installation units
- Matching the structural physics requirements (loads, impact sound, etc.)
- Select device installation units according to the floor cleaning method
- When selecting the nominal trunking sizes take sufficient assignment reserves into account







### OKB brush bar trunking system

There are almost no signs of how this room is supplied with power. Only a slender, discreet brush bar along the wall offers an indication. It is there that the open, screedflush OBK brush bar trunking system from Ackermann made by OBO runs. The special feature: The trunking has an opening towards the wall along its entire length. A brush bar covers this opening and serves as visually attractive sight and dust protection. The cables can be run out of the trunking at any location.





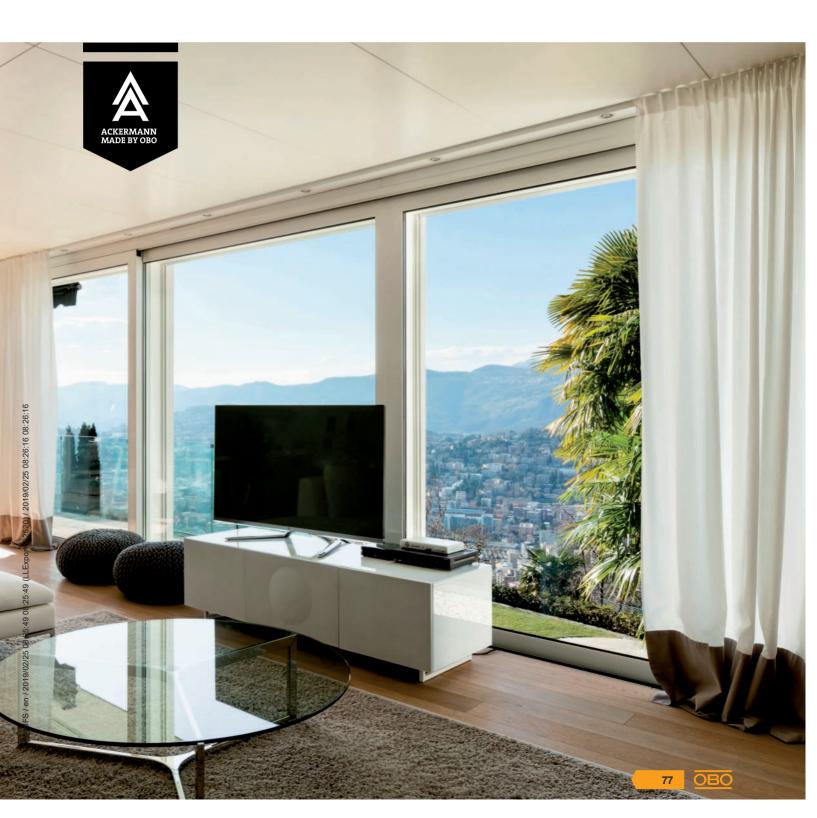




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# Perfectly adjusted

The OKB brush bar trunking system remains flexible, from the first planning step through to later use. It can be adapted to the appropriate room situation at any time: The mounted trunking can be opened easily and re-equipped. A combination with other OBO products is really easy: The OKB system can be connected with other trunking systems via supply trunking. The system offers discreet access to power and data cables – no matter whether in high-quality private housing, in offices or in exhibition areas.



# Flexible system in the screed

The OKB system runs directly on the wall or along floor-height windows. The system is mounted directly on the raw concrete before the screed work. Alternatively, it can be installed in a prepared opening in the screed.



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The tables on page 88 show the usable cross-sections of the OKB system and specify the number of routable cables.

# The right cross-section

The 250 mm-wide trunking is separated into two compartments by means of a partition. Thus, data and power cables can be routed separately. The first trunking compartment offers a usable cross-section of 4,231 mm<sup>2</sup> for cable routing. The second trunking compartment has a usable cross-section of 7,306 mm<sup>2</sup>. The installation of universal supports reduces the free cross-section in the trunking.

## Floor structure height

The minimum floor structure height of the OKB system is 93 mm. The trunking system can be adjusted, exact to the millimetre, to the top edge of the screed using the separately available height-adjustment units.

# Mounting before screed work

The OKB system is mounted on the raw concrete before the screed work. It runs along the walls for the entire length of the room. The trunking can be adjusted to the appropriate room shape using the matching internal and external corners. The system can be adjusted exactly to the planned screed height using the height-adjustment feet.





### Before mounting

Firstly, the height-adjustments are screwed into the trunking. Then, the trunking bases are mounted using the supplied connectors. The connectors ensure a secure, conductive connection.

### In every angle

The practical fittings of the OKB system allow routing into any corner of the room. Appropriate internal and external corners ensure uncomplicated mounting.



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## The right level

The height of the trunking can be adjusted using height-adjustment screws on the top edge of the screed and then secured at this height using lock nuts. In the next step, the floor plates of the height-adjustment units are fastened to the raw ceiling.

# Ideal integration in the screed

The open brush bar trunking offers a range of solutions for optimum integration in the screed: Protection brackets for the brush bar, insertion openings for pipe insertion and a screed contact edge for screed-flush installation.

The trunking system must be masked completely during the screed work and not walked upon.

# Protective angle for expansion

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During screed laying, the appropriate brackets ensure protection of the brush bar. The brackets are contained in the scope of delivery.

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### Insertion openings

If additional connections are planned in the room – for example with a UDHOME floor socket, then the system can be connected easily. Simple use the break-out openings to insert pipes and connect the flexible electrical installation pipes.



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### Screed contact edge

The screed side of the trunking possesses a support plate for the screed. The screed is compacted under the support to increase stability. This screed contact edge serves as a drip edge for the screed layer, thus allowing screed-flush installation. It is possible to route a 3 to 5 mm thick insulation strip on the side wall of the trunking.





# Connection through solid walls

Wall penetrations allow easy passthrough of the trunking system through solid walls. The OKB trunking is connected to the wall penetration on both sides.



# Limitation of niches

When the screed is laid on both sides, the screed limitation profile must be mounted on the wall side of the trunking system.

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# Last installation steps

After screed laying, the trunking can be equipped with sockets or data modules, according to the user's requirements.

Fine adjustment also takes place now: The floor covering contact edge and the brush bars are adjusted to match the top edge of the floor covering. This creates a perfectly matched duct system, which is barely visible.



### Blanking lid

If no cable outlet is required, blanking lids can be installed without a brush bar.



### Adjusting the floor height Using screws in the side profile, it

Using screws in the side profile, it is possible to adjust the floor covering contact edge of the trunking to the height of the top edge of the finished floor in an adjustment range of 25 mm.





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### Covering the lid

All the lids of the OKB system are covered with the selected finished floor after mounting. Matched to the height of the covering, the brush bar can be adjusted exactly to the top edge of the floor covering in a range of 25 mm.





### **Device** installation

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Devices can be installed in the trunking in two ways: Either using conventional wiring or using the toolless, screwless installation using devices of the Modul 45connect series.

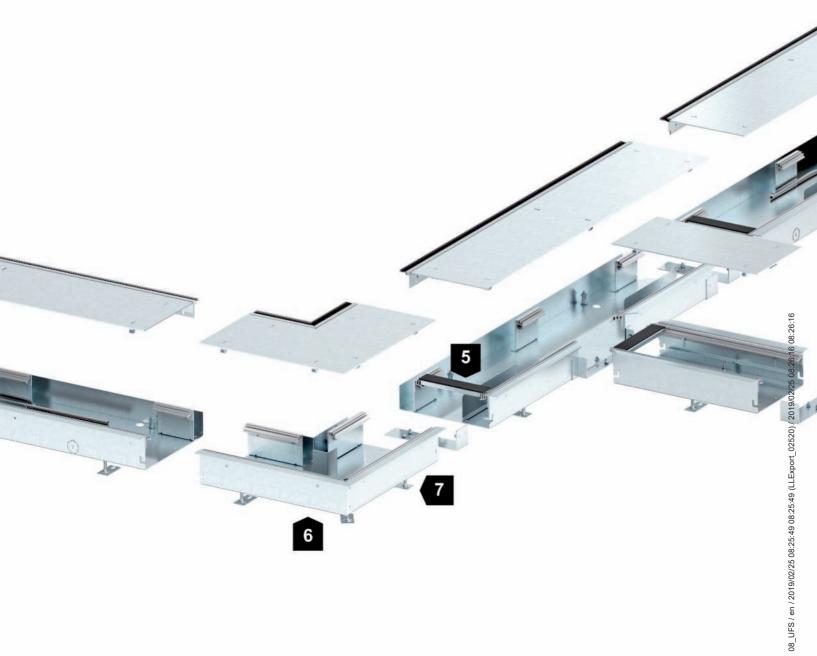
The plug connections and the prefabricated connection cables of the Modul 45connect sockets simplify and accelerate mounting. This means that later refitting in the system is not a problem: Only the plug connections must be released and the mounting box reequipped.

Sockets, data and multimedia connections can be installed with the connection direction to the wall or the room.



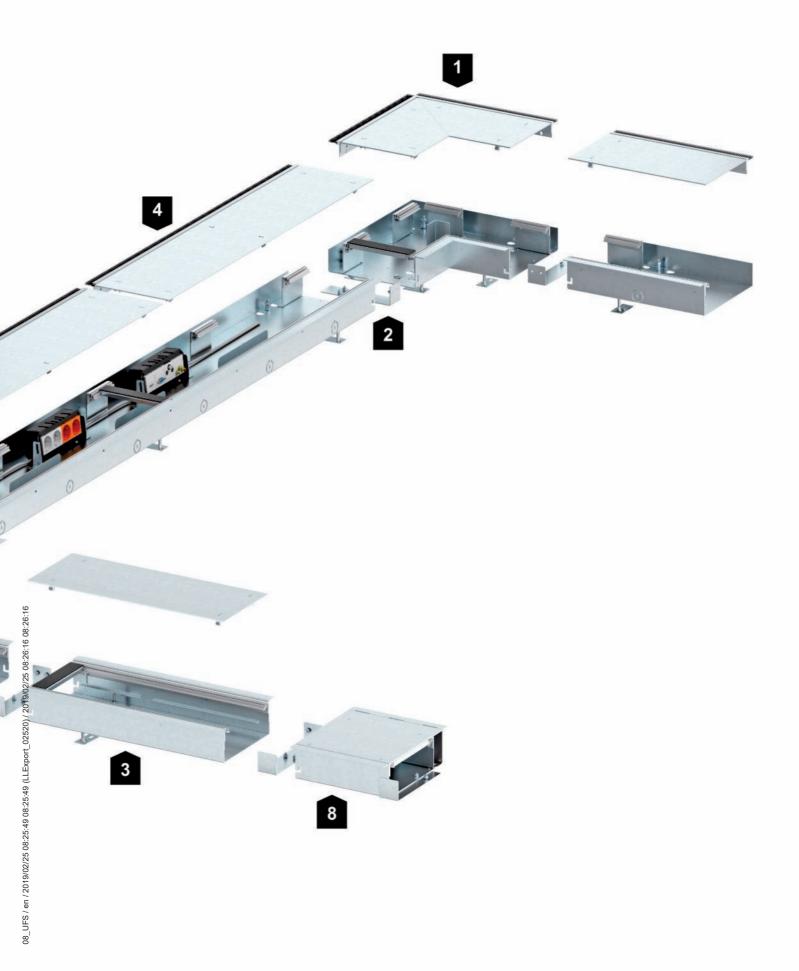
# Installation principle, OKB

1	External corner
2	Connector for duct unit
3	Supply duct
4	Duct unit with brush bar
5	Lid butt seal
6	Internal corner
7	Height-adjustment unit
8	Wall penetration



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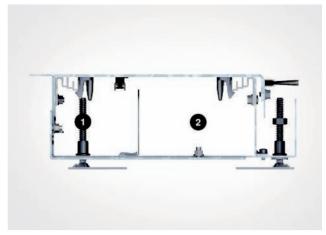
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# Usable cross-sections





### Supply trunking

The supply trunking has a cross-section of 11,008 mm<sup>2</sup>. The table on this page indicates how many cables fit into the trunking.

### Installation trunking

The first trunking compartment offers a cross-section of 4,231 mm<sup>2</sup>. The second trunking compartment has a usable cross-section of 7,306 mm<sup>2</sup>. Depending on the installation position of the devices, this area can only be used in a limited manner for cable routing.

### Number of cables in a supply trunking

### Number of cables in an installation trunking

Cable diameter in mm	Cable cross-section in mm <sup>2</sup>	Number of cables
5	25	440
6	36	306
7	49	225
8	64	172
9	81	136
10	100	110
11	121	91
12	144	76
13	169	65
14	196	56
15	225	49
16	256	43
17	289	38
18	324	34

Cable diameter in mm	Cable cross- section in mm <sup>2</sup>	Number of cables in trunking compartment 1	Number of cables in trunking compartment 2
5	25	173	292
6	36	120	203
7	49	88	149
8	64	68	114
9	81	53	90
10	100	43	73
11	121	36	60
12	144	30	51
13	169	26	43
14	196	22	37
15	225	19	32
16	256	17	29
17	289	15	25
18	324	13	23

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# Noise prevention and impact noise

### **Minimum requirements**

The minimum requirements for structural sound insulation are defined in DIN 4109 "Sound insulation in buildings". General information on the topic of sound insulation and the installation of underfloor systems can be found in the general planner section of the catalogue.

Qualified tests to determine the transmission of air and footfall sound were carried out together with the MÜLLER BBM GmbH testing institute in Planegg, Munich, for the OKB brush bar trunking system.

The transmission of air and footfall sound was investigated for both vertical sound transmission, i.e. from storey to storey, and horizontal sound transmission, i.e. from adjacent rooms.

The test was carried out in a floating screed construction.

### **Noise evaluation**

The following section evaluations the test results. With regard to the evaluated reduction of footfall sound of the screed without a floor system, statements made below can be considered as approved.

The required noise measures, based on the available test certificates, for the use of the type OKB trunking system in offices can be summarised as follows:

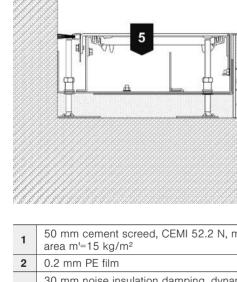
### Horizontal transmission of air and footfall sound

In comparison with other systems, the brush formation at the edge produces higher sound transmission. If the trunking system runs under partitions with noise protection requirements, then noise protection insulation (cf. Point 4.2) must be installed in the partition area. It is then suitable for achieving the evaluated noise insulation dimensions of partitions up to R'w = 48 dB and evaluated standard footfall sound levels of L'n, w ≤ 53 dB.

### Vertical transmission of footfall sound

The OKB floor system (open trunking system, screedflush) does not lead to a decrease of the required evaluated footfall sound reduction of a floating cement screed with regard to vertical transmission of footfall sound.

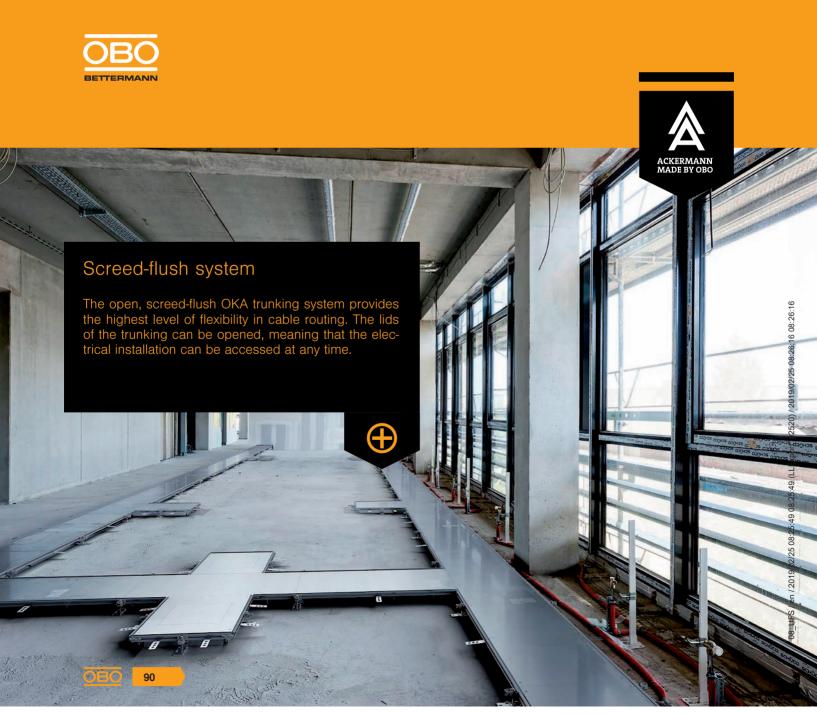
Data taken from Report M88034/06 of 29 July 2014.



1	50 mm cement screed, CEMI 52.2 N, mass relative to area m'=15 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
2	0.2 mm PE film
3	30 mm noise insulation damping, dynamic stiffness s'= 15 MN/m³
4	40 mm heat insulation, polystyrene EPS 100/035
5	38 mm installation trunking

# System 55 for thin screed layers

Low floor structure heights require special solutions for underfloor installations. System 55 is used for screed heights of 55 mm plus floor covering or higher. It is ideal for supplying large areas, particularly in offices and administrative buildings. The duct and trunking systems can be adapted to meet the specific requirements of the construction project and comprise screed-covered and screed-flush solution variants. The System 55 service outlets have a fixed construction height of 55 mm. This allows simple installation of sockets, data and multimedia connections from the Modul 45 series from OBO Bettermann.



## Screed-covered system

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The closed, screed-covered EÜK underfloor system allows invisible cable routing, hidden in the screed, via installation pipes.

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# Screed-covered system EÜK

### Underfloor sockets EÜK

The underfloor sockets serve either as intersections of the cable sections or allow the installation of square and rectangular service outlets. The underfloor sockets can be adjusted to up to a screed height of 80 mm, as required.



### System sizes, EÜK

The device sockets and junction and branch boxes are available in two system sizes. In the system size 250, the dimensions are  $367 \times 410$  mm, whilst in the 350 sizes, they are  $467 \times 510$  mm.



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# EÜK cable routing

Cables are routed via installation pipes of size M20 from a screed height of 55 mm. With greater screed heights, installation pipes of up to M32 are suitable. Up to ten installation pipes can be inserted per side, depending on the pipe size. The cable pipes are installed via a prepared empty pipe entry in the side walls of the underfloor sockets.

# Screed-flush system OKA



### OKA device installation

With the OKA system, the installation of service outlets takes place using trunking installation units, which can be mounted at any point in the trunking section. This means that the duct section is only used for cable routing, without any reduction of the usable crosssection.



### Two OKA variants

The screed-flush trunking of the OKA system is available in two versions – with a flexible side wall and with a closed floor trough. The two variants can be combined easily.

### OKA cable routing

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When using a lot of cables, the open, screed-flush OKA trunking system is ideal. The OKA installation trunking is available in the widths 200, 300, 400, 500 and 600 mm and allows secure, flexible cable routing.

## Service outlets

The GES 55 service outlets are suitable for installation near workplaces of electrical devices, such as sockets, data and multimedia connections, in rooms with dry-cleaned floors. The service outlets can be used universally for the screed-covered and screed-flush systems. Two plastic variants with swivellable cord outlet are available: In round or square designs. The lid can be opened easily using a handle clamp and contains a recess to accept the floor covering. The scope of delivery of the service outlet contains two installation housings for vertical mounting of Modul 45 devices and four strain reliefs.

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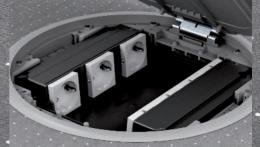
### Device mounting in System 55

Modul 45 devices are installed vertically in the System 55 service outlets. The various installation frames allow simple mounting of power, data and multimedia connections in the service outlet.

Depending on the design of the installation frames and sockets, angular and/or straight connectors can be used. The installation of data connection modules is possible with Modul 45 data technology supports, either with a straight outlet or with an optional mounting plate for snapping in data modules.

# Suitable for straight connectors

Maximum equipment can be achieved using  $0^{\circ}$  sockets. Either individual sockets or 2x + 2x or 3x + 1x socket combinations can be used.



# Suitable for angular connectors

This type of installation uses single sockets, which are installed rotated through 90°. The spacing of the sockets means that the angular connectors do not impede each other.

### Variants

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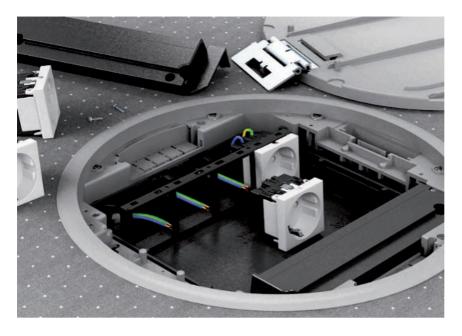
A total of two plastic service outlets, in round or rectangular form, are available, each in the colours iron grey or graphite black.





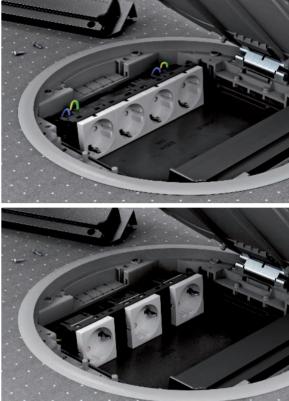
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# Installation frame and mounting plates

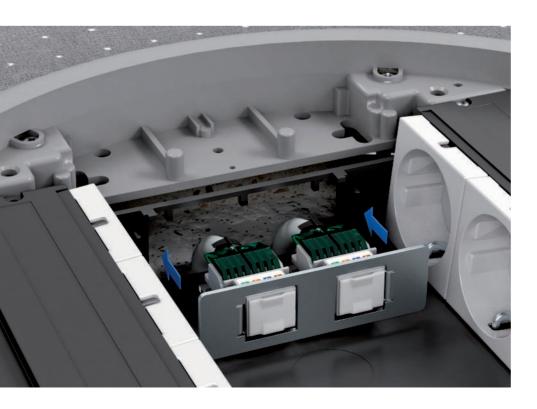


### Modul 45 installation

Various installation frames are available for the installation of the Modul 45 devices in the service outlet, allowing quick, flexible mounting.



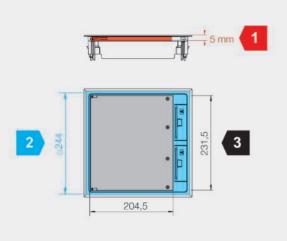
# Mounting plates

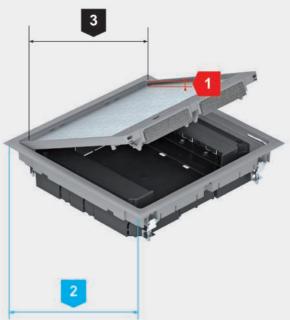




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# Installation and floor cut-out dimensions





## 1

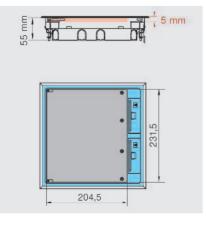
# Frame height for the floor covering in the lid (red dimensions)

The frame height data relates to the maximum floor covering thickness, including adhesive. If, in the figure, several heights are specified, then the frame height can be changed during construction: By adding or removing spaces, it is possible to adjusted the desired frame height to the floor covering. In the as-delivered state, the frame height is usually 5 mm.

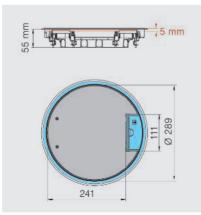
### 3

# Internal dimension of the lid to determine the floor covering cut-out (black dimensions)

The dimension data relates to the internal dimension of the lid and is used to calculate the floor covering cut-out. Depending on the type of floor covering, appropriate reductions should be taken into account, e.g. for expansion gaps.



Nominal size 9, type GES9 55



Nominal size R9, type GESR9 55

# Floor cut-out for the installation of service outlets (blue dimensions)

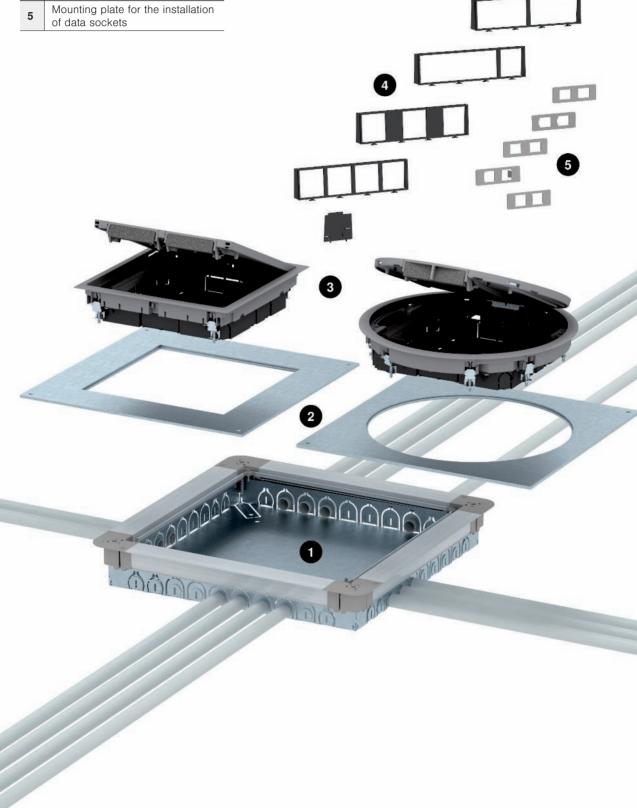
The dimensions for the floor cut-out should be considered as target dimensions for correct installation of the service outlet in the floor. They are only generally required for the floor cut-out in system floors. When mounting service outlets in the EÜK screed-covered duct system or in the OKA open trunking system, they need not be taken into account, as these systems offer prefabricated mounting lids with matching installation openings.

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## Installation principle, EÜK

### System components

1	Underfloor accessory socket
2	Mounting lid
3	Service outlet
4	Installation frame for Modul 45 accessories
	Mounting plate for the installation



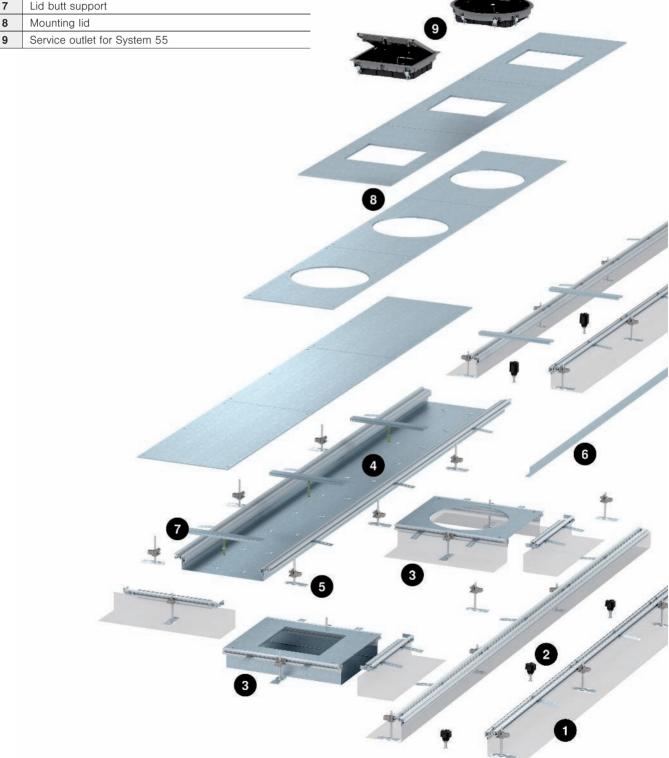
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## Installation principle, OKA

### System components

1	OKA-G installation trunking (base only)	
2	Height-adjustment unit for lid butt support	
3	Extension unit for OKA-G and OKA-W	
4	OKA-W installation trunking (base only)	
5	Height-adjustment unit	
6	Separating retainer	
7	Lid butt support	
8	Mounting lid	
9	Service outlet for System 55	



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# Standard data

### To DIN EN 50085-1 and DIN EN 50085-2-2

Class		Underfloor sockets type UGD 55	Trunking system OKA	GES 55
6.2	According to impact resistance for installation and application			
6.2.5	Electrical installation trunking systems for impact energy 20 J	20 J	20 J	5 J
6.3	According to temperatures, as specified in Tables 1, 2 and 3			
Table 1	Minimum storage and transport temperature $\pm$ 2 °C	-25 °C	-25 °C	-15 °C
Table 2	Minimum installation and application temperatures ± 2 °C	+5 °C	+5 °C	+5 °C
Table 3	Application temperatures ± 2 °C	+60 °C	+60 °C	+60 °C
6.4	According to the resistance against fire spread			
6.4.2	Electrical installation trunking systems which do not permit the spread of fire	х	х	х
6.5	According to the electrical conductivity			
6.5.1	Electrical installation trunking systems with electrical conductivity	x	х	
6.5.2	Electrical installation trunking systems without electrical conductivity			х
6.6	According to the electrical insulation property			
6.6.1	Electrical installation trunking systems with electrical insulation capability	х	Х	
6.6.2	Electrical installation trunking systems without electrical insulation capability			х
6.7	According to the protection ratings offered by the housing or casing to EN 60529:1991			
6.7.1	According to protection against ingress of solid foreign bodies	X	х	х
6.7.2	According to protection against ingress of water	X		х
6.102	According to resistance to vertical loads affecting a small surface area			
6.102.2	Electrical installation trunking systems for 750 N			
6.102.7	Electrical installation trunking systems for 3,000 N	x	х	х
6.103	According to resistance to vertical loads affecting a large surface area			
6.103.3	Electrical installation trunking systems for 5,000 N		Not tested	





# Planning checklist

When planning an underfloor system for low screed heights, the following points should be observed:

- Matching of the floor structure (screed height, screed type, insulation layers, sealing, etc.) with the architecture
- Observe the minimum installation depths of device installation units
- When selecting the nominal trunking sizes take sufficient assignment reserves into account
- Matching the structural physics requirements (loads, impact sound, etc.)
- Select device installation units according to the floor cleaning method
- Specify the spacing between two underfloor boxes taking the tensile loading and occurring bend radii into account



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# IBK in-concrete duct system

The requirements for installations in modern buildings develop continuously. The new OBO IBK system is matched to the latest technological standards.

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# Newly developed. From the ground up.

Easy mounting, robustness and a perfect inclusion in the building, all of these are offered by the new in-concrete system. It is matched to the latest developments and trends in construction, both to the technology of concrete core activation and to current fire protection guidelines.

Thanks to many years of experience in development and project planning for underfloor installations, OBO knows the requirements for in-concrete systems. This is just one of the reasons OBO is the market leader in this field.



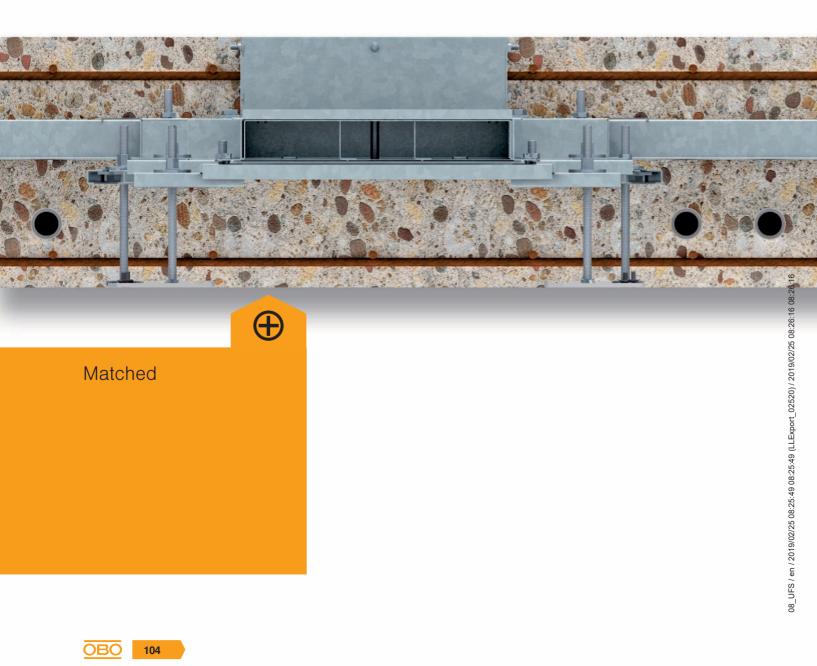


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# Perfect integration: In-concrete ducts in modern buildings

The in-concrete duct system is suitable for use in concrete floor plates and concrete ceilings, irrespective of whether they are ceilings encased during construction or are ceilings made of filigree plates. Thanks to its continuous height adjustment of ducts and sockets, the system can be adapted to all kinds of project requirements.

The ducts are located in the neutral zone between the upper and lower reinforcement and can also be used for simultaneous concrete core activation, cooling and heating via the floor or the ceiling.





# Comprehensively tested

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As with all OBO products, the IBK system has also been tested comprehensively according to all the current standards.

### Use of the "neutral zone"

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At least 100 mm of concrete beneath the IBK system is required for reasons of fire protection. The "neutral" zone above this can be used.

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# Use our manufacturer's know-how. In every project phase.

Numerous factors must be taken into account during planning. For this reason, OBO supports planners and installation engineers with comprehensive support, particularly in the planning phase, but also in every other project phase.



### Decades of experience

OBO has decades of experience in dealing with almost every kind of underfloor project and on almost every continent. Take advantage of consultation from our team of experts.

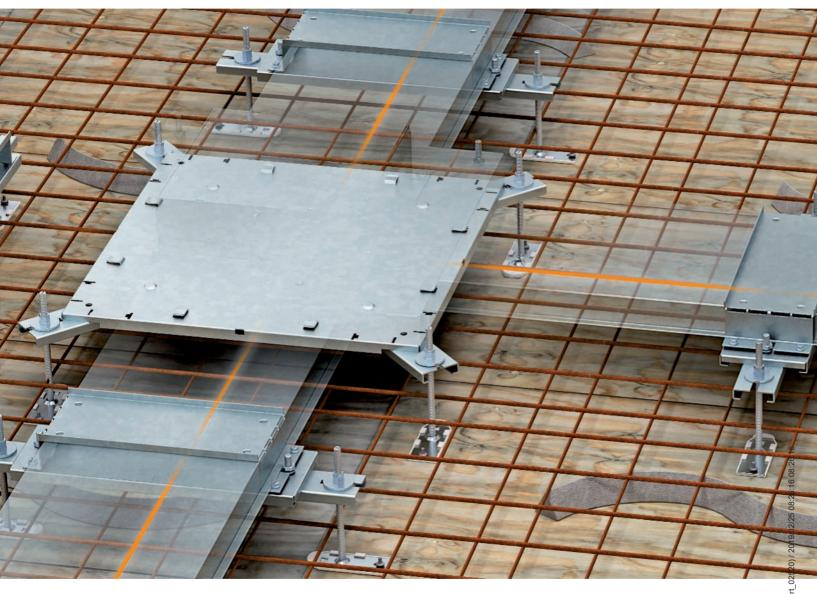
## Checklist

When planning and building an IBK system, the following factors must be included in the planning:
Match with architecture
Match with statics
Match with building systems



# On one level: mounting made easy

The IBK system is located between the upper and lower reinforcement of the concrete plate. This means that work between the strands of the steel mats makes mounting difficult. New, swivellable height adjustment units now allow considerably simpler installation. Height adjustment units, standardised for the entire system, are used. The floor plate of the accessory mounting box, the connection elements and the supports are all the same height.



### Flexible mounting

The freely swivellable height adjustment units allow easy system mounting between the strands of the reinforcement.







### Completely released

Simply remove the height adjust-ment unit, insert it between the reinforcements and then fasten it to the socket body again.

### One adjustment height

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All the elements are at the same height: Simply adjust all the com-ponents to this height and begin with mounting.

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# IBK: robust, closed and secure

Details in the construction of the new IBK system ensure very practical benefits. Thus, for example, the system remains closed off with a mounting protection lid up to device installation and is thus protected against dirt without any masking. The protection lid prevents workplace accidents during the construction phase and is so robust that it is unaffected by concrete working and the mechanical processing of concrete areas.



### Equipotential bonding

Contact claws on the connectors and the straps on the floor plate ensure equipotential bonding.







### Robust construction

All the system components are designed for hard construction site use. They are subject to loads from walking, filling with concrete or compacting with a vibrator.

### Closed system

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Safe against dust and dirt: The interior remains protected with a mounting protection lid up to device installation, without any masking.





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With the IBK system, the lengthy removal of polystyrene lined bodies is a thing of the past.



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# Seamlessly integrated in the concrete

The integrated lined body of the box, its external wall, can be cast directly in the concrete. Thus, the concrete can be worked to the socket without any cavities requiring later filling. Whilst the outer wall is fixed in the concrete, the height of the inner lined body can be adjusted flexibly. Its side walls are designed for a standard height of 80 mm above the socket.

# Perfectly

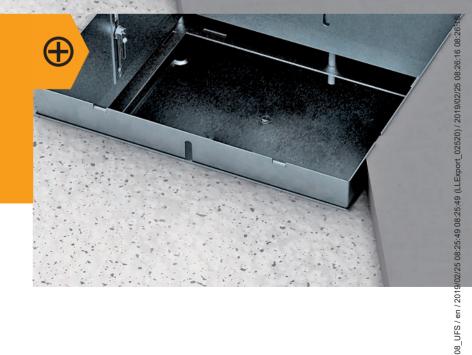
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height-adjustable Before another floor structure is added, for example, screed or fillers, the inner lined body is adjusted by a maximum of 65 mm

to the later end height.

### Perfect connection

Seamless transition from the concrete to the box body, without any cavities.









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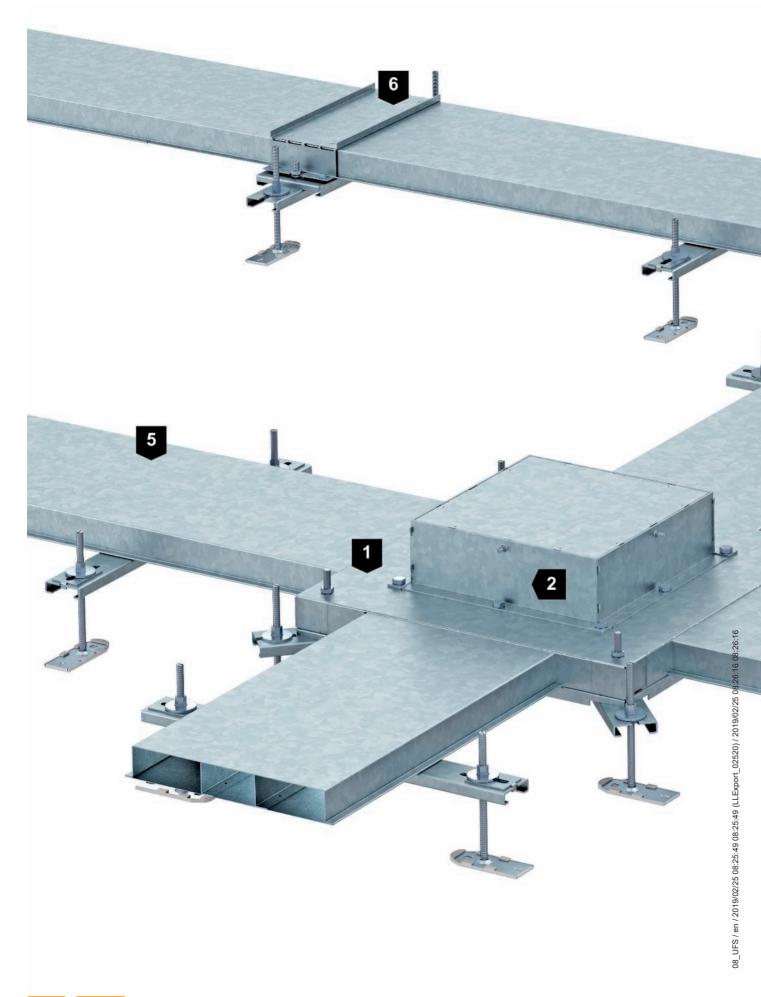


# Device installation

The IBK system is ready for all the variants of device installation, from the service outlet to the height-adjustable cassette.

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# In-concrete duct system installation principle



1	In-concrete box	
2	Cover socket for device installation	
3	Mounting protection lid	
4	Inner lined body	
5	Electrical installation duct, 2- or 3-compartment, 38 or 48 mm high	
6	Connection strap with equipotential bonding	
7	Duct support	
8	Height adjustment unit	

# On-floor trunking system AIK and Telitank

The AIK on-floor trunking system is installed on the finished floor. The system is particularly useful in places where classic underfloor systems cannot be installed: During building renovation, particularly in listed buildings. Device installation units above the floor (Telitanks) are used for the installation of electrical devices.







# Applications



#### Old building application

The main area of application of the AIK system is building renovation. Wherever a screed-flush or screedcovered trunking system cannot be used for construction or preservation reasons, the AIK system provides the electrical installation on the floor.



#### **Commercial application**

The robust structure and high stability means that the AIK on-floor installation system is also suited to industrial applications, such as workshops or laboratories.



#### Office application

The AlK on-floor trunking system allows flexible installation at a later date at the edge of office space. The system can also adapt itself rapidly to a changed room situation: The position of the device cover can be changed.



# Floor structure



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The AIK on-floor trunking system ensures rapid creation of an electrical installation on the finished floor. The trunking sections are available in heights of 40, 70 and 75 mm in the nominal widths 150, 200, 250 and 350 mm.

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### Service outlet

Rectangular service outlets made of plastic can be inserted in device lids at a trunking height of 75 mm. Due to the limited trunking height, we recommend installing Modul 45 devices vertically. The MT45 module support is used for this.



Sheet steel separating retainers can divide the ducts up into two or three compartments. The separating retainers are automatically conductively connected with the base trough when inserted. The lid thickness is 3 mm. The lid is covered with the floor covering (carpet) during construction.

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The system must be routed in the wall area to avoid stumbling blocks in traffic areas.

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### Telitank on AIK

Telitanks are device installation units protruding above the floor with separate installation spaces for sockets and data technology. The various versions offer space for four to twelve Modul 45 devices.



# On-floor trunking system AIK

### Mounting

The cut-outs for device installation units are prefabricated. They can be equipped with a service outlet or equipped with a Telitank.

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### **Direction changes**

If there are right-angled changes of direction, then the duct bases must be adjusted to the appropriate angle situation. In the case of non-right-angled direction changes, the duct covers must also be modified.

### Equipotential bonding

To include the AIK system in the equipotential bonding, the individual trunking bases and side profiles are connected with protective conductor connection brackets. On insertion, the trunking divider automatically contacts with the base.



### Floor covering work

The floor covering is laid in such a way that it abuts the trunking bases. The surface of the trunking lids is completely covered with the floor covering. The floor covering is pierced on the lid fixing holes to allow the trunking lid to be screwed to the trunking base.

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### Telitank installation unit

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Telitanks are mounted on the trunking in device lids with the matching system opening. Telitanks offer direct installation options for Modul 45 installation devices or installation devices with a 50 mm central plate.

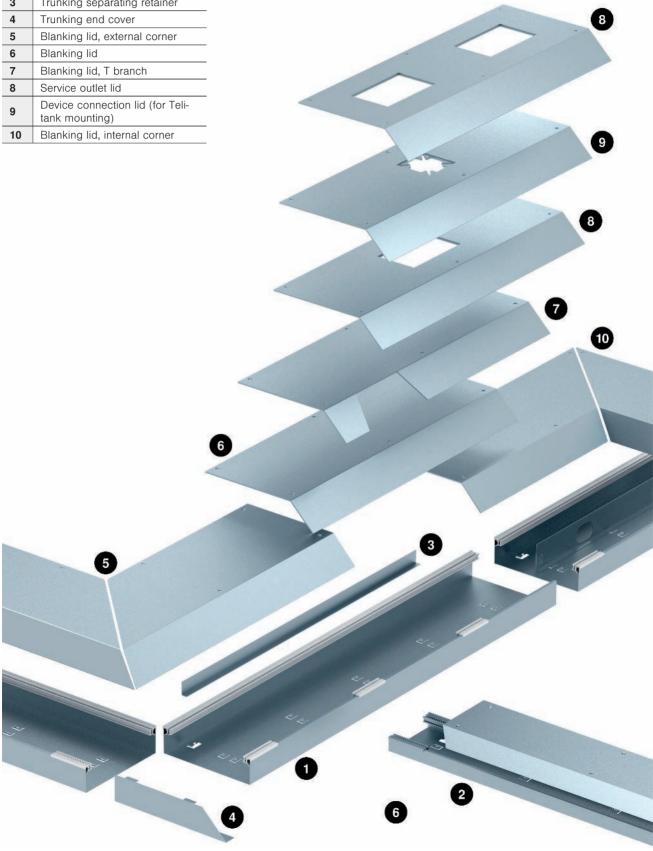




# Installation principle, AIK trunking system

#### System components

1	On-floor installation trunking
2	On-floor branch trunking
3	Trunking separating retainer
4	Trunking end cover
5	Blanking lid, external corner
6	Blanking lid
7	Blanking lid, T branch
8	Service outlet lid
9	Device connection lid (for Teli- tank mounting)
10	Blanking lid, internal corner



**OBO** 

# Usable cross-section



The AIK trunking is available in three different heights and four different widths. Please refer to the table on this page to find the correct trunking sizes for the required cable volume. The table provides information on the capacity of the

individual trunking compartments, and also indicates the number of cables to be inserted for two typical application examples. The number of cables relates to a filling factor of 50%.

#### Number of insertable cables

Nominal size	Nominal size	Available cross-section in mm <sup>2</sup>	Available cross-section in mm <sup>2</sup>	Available cross-section in mm <sup>2</sup>	Total in mm <sup>2</sup>	Number of cables	Number of cables
Trunking width	Trunking height	1	2	3		Data cables, Ø 9 mm	NYM 3 x 1.5 mm², Ø 11 mm
150	40	1,630	1,120	1,771	4,521	27	18
150	70	3,285	2,090	3,517	8,892	54	36
200	40	2,530	1,120	2,671	6,321	38	26
200	70	5,945	2,090	5,167	13,202	75	50
250	40	3,430	1,120	3,571	8,121	49	33
250	70	6,595	2,090	6,817	15,502	95	64
350	75	11,673	2,250	10,908	24,831	147	98

#### Equippability with Telitank

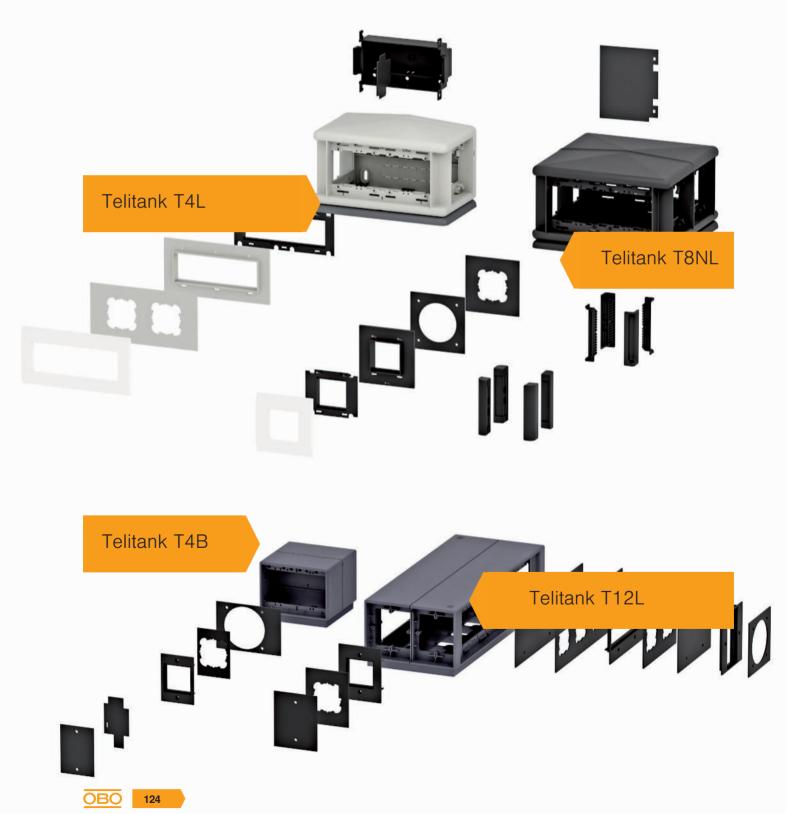
Nominal size	T4B	T4L	T8NL	T12L
150	+	+	-	-
200	+	+	-	-
250	+	+	+	+

#### Equippability with service outlets

Nominal size	GES2	GES4	GES6	GES9
150	-	-	-	-
200	+	-	-	-
250	+	-	-	-
350	-	+	+	+

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According to DIN EN 50085-2-2, Telitanks can be used in dry rooms with dry or wet-cleaned floors. All the Telitank housings are made of shock-resistant polyamide and thus have a very high load capacity.



# Installation in the EÜK screed-covered system

Telitanks are also suitable for the EÜK system. They are mounted with a mounting lid on type UZD underfloor sockets with the DAT mounting opening.

# Installation in the OKA screed-flush system

Telitanks can also be integrated in the OKA system: The system also possesses mounting lids with DAT system opening.

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# **GES** service outlets

Service outlets supply workstations and other areas in the centre of the room with power and data connections via the floor. There are versions for dry and wetcleaned floors. Service outlets are suitable for installation in screed-flush and screed-covered underfloor systems, as well as in system floors.



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# Various colours, shapes and sizes

The GES service outlets are available in round and rectangular versions. Plastic or metal are used as materials.

The plastic version is the tried-and-trusted solution for office installations. It is available in three colour variants. The metallic stainless steel or aluminium versions look refined and can carry an even greater load. Other solutions are available for areas with increased floor load requirements.



# That's what we call variety.

Polyamide, stainless steel or aluminium - the selection is broad, not only for the material of the GES service outlets. The system offers solutions for dry and wet-cleaned floor coverings, such as carpet, PVC or linoleum, as well as parquet, laminate, tiles and stone floors. With the colour range of iron grey, graphite black, grey-beige and stainless steel, the service outlets can be inserted discreetly in any floor covering.



Nominal size 2 with handle clamp External dimension 118 x 194 mm 3 x Modul 45



Nominal size 4 with locking slider External dimension 222 x 222 mm 6 x Modul 45



Nominal size 4 with handle clamp External dimension 222 x 222 mm 6 x Modul 45



Nominal size 4, stainless steel, with handle clamp External dimension 222 x 222 mm 6 x Modul 45



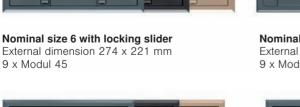


Nominal size 6 with handle clamp External dimension 274 x 221 mm 9 x Modul 45





12 x Modul 45





Nominal size 9 with locking slider External dimension 264 x 264 mm 12 x Modul 45



Nominal size 9 with handle clamp External dimension 264 x 264 mm 12 x Modul 45



9 x Modul 45



**Nominal size R4 with handle clamp** External dimension Ø 234 mm 6 x Modul 45



Nominal size R7 with handle clamp External dimension Ø 294 mm 10 x Modul 45



Nominal size R7, aluminium, with handle clamp External dimension Ø 294 mm 10 x Modul 45



**Nominal size R9 with locking slider** External dimension Ø 324 mm 12 x Modul 45

Nominal size R9 with handle clamp External dimension Ø 324 mm 12 x Modul 45

Nominal size R9, aluminium, with handle clamp External dimension Ø 323 mm 12 x Modul 45



**Nominal size R9, aluminium** External dimension Ø 325 mm 12 x Modul 45



**Nominal size R9, aluminium** External dimension Ø 325 mm 12 x Modul 45

# Rectangular polyamide service outlets

#### **Trusted quality**

The trusted rectangular GES plastic service outlets have been installed millions of times around the world. OBO has continuously developed them and adapted them to changing requirements. Today, they possess countless intelligent details, such as cable routing clips, carpet protection frames, reliable edge protection and a locking lid closure system with automatic lid opening.





### Simple to open

Tried-and-trusted opening mechanism: A handle clamp is integrated in the cord outlet, with which the lid can be opened. Alternatively, service outlets with locking sliders are available.

### Equip

The Modul 45 system has established itself as the standard for electrical installations in underfloor systems. The system offers a range of installation solutions for power, data and multimedia technology. It is installed in universal supports and mounting boxes.







### Floor covering depth

The floor covering recess in the cover can be increased from 5 mm to 10 mm by using the supplied spacer frame.

# Rectangular metal service outlets

#### Attractive design in stainless steel

The rectangular service outlets with carpet protection frame and hinged covers made of brushed stainless steel stand out through their high-quality design. The installation frame and the solid, 3 mm-thick pressure plate in the lid are made from zinc-plated sheet steel. They provide the necessary stability: Heavy loads are also not a problem.



### Swivellable cord outlet

The model has a swivelling stainless steel cord outlet which protects the cable exit in dry and moist-cleaned floors.



# Range of variants and installation heights

The unit can be mounted in a minimum installation depth of 80 mm in trunking systems, as well as in raised and cavity floors. In the units of nominal sizes 4, 6 and 9, 6, 9 of 12 Modul 45 devices for power, data or multimedia can be installed.

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### Lowerable mounting box

The service outlet for the installation of power, data and multimedia equipment can be lowered by a maximum of 25 mm in the locking ladder.

133 OF

# Round polyamide service outlets



Slight shifting of the active cover lock is sufficient to make the cover open. It also engages again with slight pressure and stays shut. Alternatively, the classic version with handle clamp is available.



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### Equip

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The round GESR9 service outlet can be equipped with up to 12 Modul 45 devices for power, data and multimedia supply using universal supports of mounting boxes.





### Floor covering depth

The recess for the floor covering in the cover of the outlets can be adjusted in stages to a floor covering depth of between 3 and 12 mm.

135

OF

# GRAF9

The solution for wet-cleaned floors: The GRAF9 service outlet is ideally suited for wet-cleaned floors. The GRAF9 is made completely of metal and offers a high load capacity. A variant is available with a ring-shaped structure in the lid surface, along with a variant with a 4 mm floor covering recess in the hinged cover.

### High-quality materials

The floor covering protection frame and the hinged cover of the GRAF9 service outlet are made of die-cast aluminium. Its tube body is made from robust die-cast zinc.

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### Wet care

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The GRAF9 service outlet possesses seals in the cover and in the tube body. If the service outlet is opened for cable installation, the 10 mm-high tube body ring protects the electrical installation against the ingress of water. The GRAF9 service outlet with tube body thus fulfils the IP requirements for installation in wetcleaned floors.



### Loads

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The service outlet can withstand extreme loads. When installed in a screed box with heavy-duty extension, installation in floor areas with increased load requirements is possible.

For more information, refer to the section on heavy-duty systems.

# $\bigoplus$

### Practical tube body

The tube body is the cable outlet for wet-cleaned floors. With just a few actions, this can be opened for cable routing and can just as easily be lowered into the cover of the GRAF9 to be flush with the floor.

137 OBO

# Compatible

Service outlets from Ackermann made by OBO are suitable for installation in underfloor duct and trunking systems, as well as in system floors. They are compatible with various underfloor systems, including the EÜK screed-covered system and the open OKA screed-flush system.



Screed-flush trunking system OKA

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Raised and cavity floors

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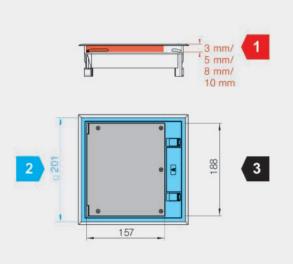
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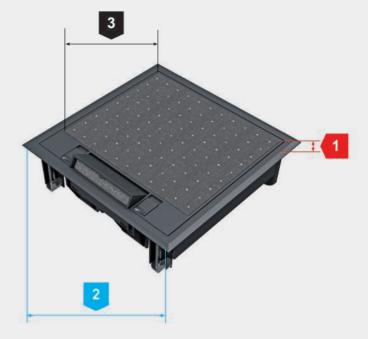
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# Installation and floor cut-out dimensions





Various installation and floor cut-out dimensions must be taken into account for the mounting of service outlets and the application of floor coverings in the device lids.

# 1

# Frame height for the floor covering in the lid (red dimensions)

The frame height data relates to the maximum floor covering thickness, including adhesive. If, in the figure, several heights are specified, then the frame height can be changed during construction: By adding or removing spaces, it is possible to adjusted the desired frame height to the floor covering. In the as-delivered state, the frame height is usually 5 mm.

### 2

# Floor cut-out for the installation of service outlets (blue dimensions)

The dimensions for the floor cut-out should be considered as target dimensions for correct installation of the service outlet in the floor. They are only generally required for the floor cut-out in system floors. When mounting service outlets in the EÜK screed-covered duct system or in the OKA open trunking system, they need not be taken into account, as these systems offer prefabricated mounting lids with matching installation openings.





## 3

# Internal dimension of the lid to determine the floor covering cut-out (black dimensions)

The dimension data relates to the internal dimension of the lid and is used to calculate the floor covering cut-out. Depending on the type of floor covering, appropriate reductions should be taken into account, e.g. for expansion gaps.

### 4

# Minimum floor structure height (raw concrete ceiling to finished floor)

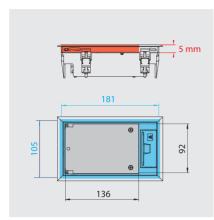
The dimension describes the minimum floor structure height from the raw concrete ceiling to the top edge of the finished floor. It guarantees correct installation and use of installation devices, such as sockets, data and multimedia connections.



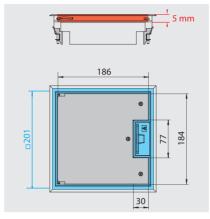
#### Minimum installation heights

Service outlet type	Frame height in the lid	Minimum floor structure height
GES2, GES4, GESR4, GESR9SR	5 mm	73 mm
GES4-2, GES6-2, GES9-3B, GES9-3S	5 mm	73 mm
GES4-2, GES6-2, GES9-3B, GES9-3S	10 mm	78 mm
GES6, GESR9	5 mm	73 mm
GESR7, GESRA7, GESRA9, GESR9/10	5 or 10 mm	78 mm
GES4M-2, GES6M-2, GES9M-2	5 or 10 mm	78 mm
GESR9-2	5 or 10 mm	76 mm
GRAF9	-	80 mm

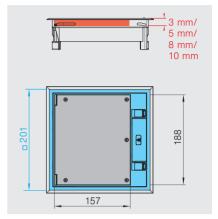
141 OBO



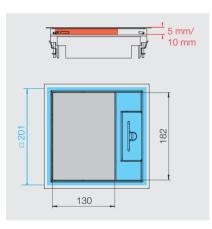
Nominal size 2, type GES2



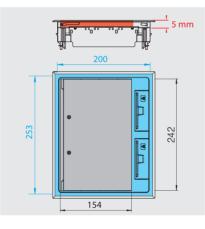
Nominal size 4, type GES4



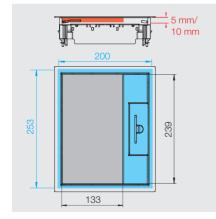
Nominal size 4, type GES4-2



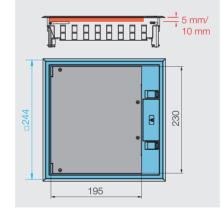
Nominal size 4, type GES4M-2



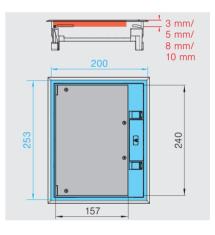
Nominal size 6, type GES6



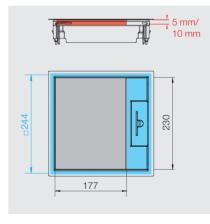
Nominal size 6, type GES6M-2



Nominal size 9, type GES9-3S and GES9-3B

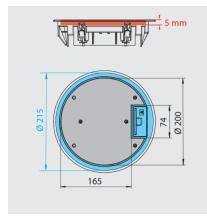


Nominal size 6, type GES6-2

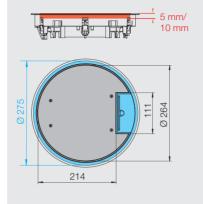


Nominal size 9, type GES9M-2





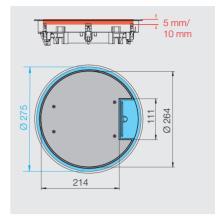
Nominal size R4, type GESR4



Nominal size R7, type GESR7

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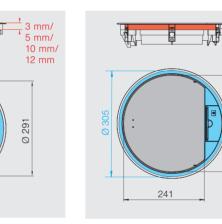
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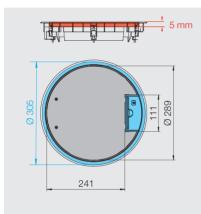
Nominal size R7, type GESRA7

<mark>∔</mark> 10 mm

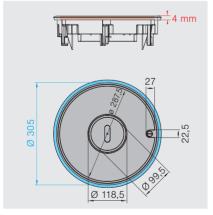
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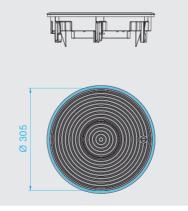
Nominal size R9, type GESRA9



Nominal size R9, type GESR9



Nominal size R9, type GRAF9-2 BA



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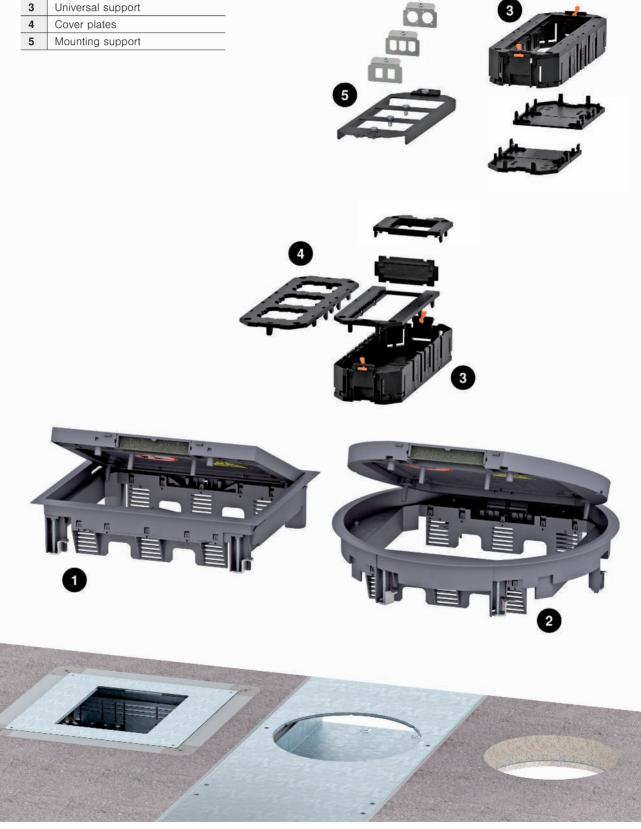
Nominal size R9, type GESR9-2

Nominal size R9, type GRAF9-2

### Installation principle, rectangular and round service outlet

#### System components

1	Service outlet, rectangular		
2	Service outlet, round		
3	Universal support		
4	Cover plates		
5	Mounting support		
-			

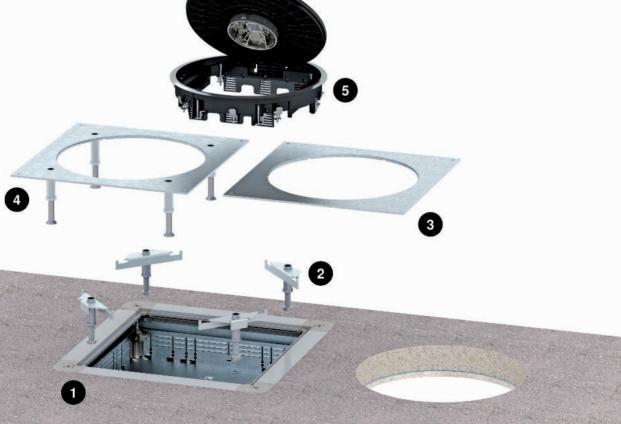


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### Installation principle, wet-cleaned service outlet

### System components

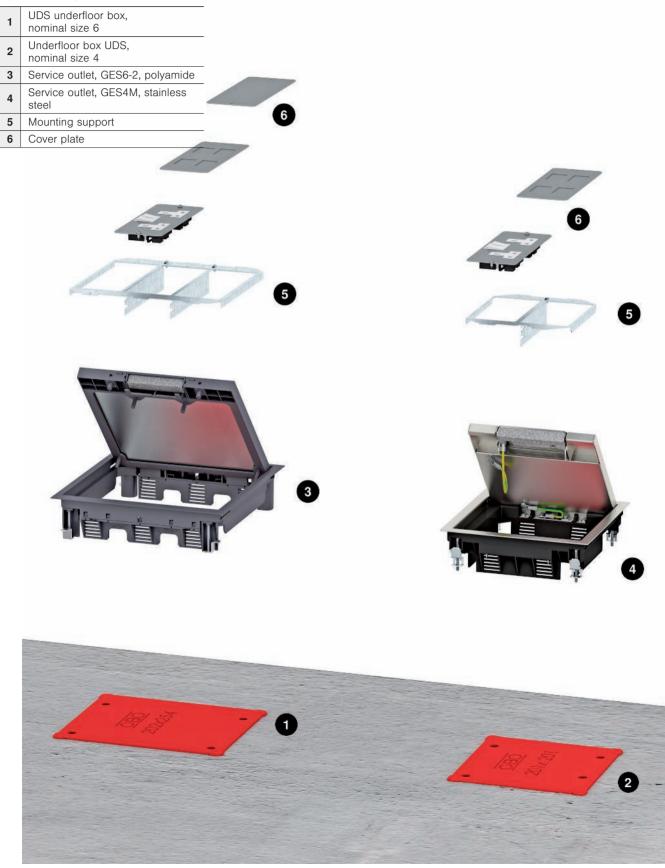
1	Underfloor junction and branch box	
2	Heavy-duty lid support	
3	Mounting lid	
4	Heavy-duty mounting lid	
5	GRAF9-2 service outlet	
6	Universal support	
7	Cover plate	
8	Mounting support	
9	Module support with protective housing	8



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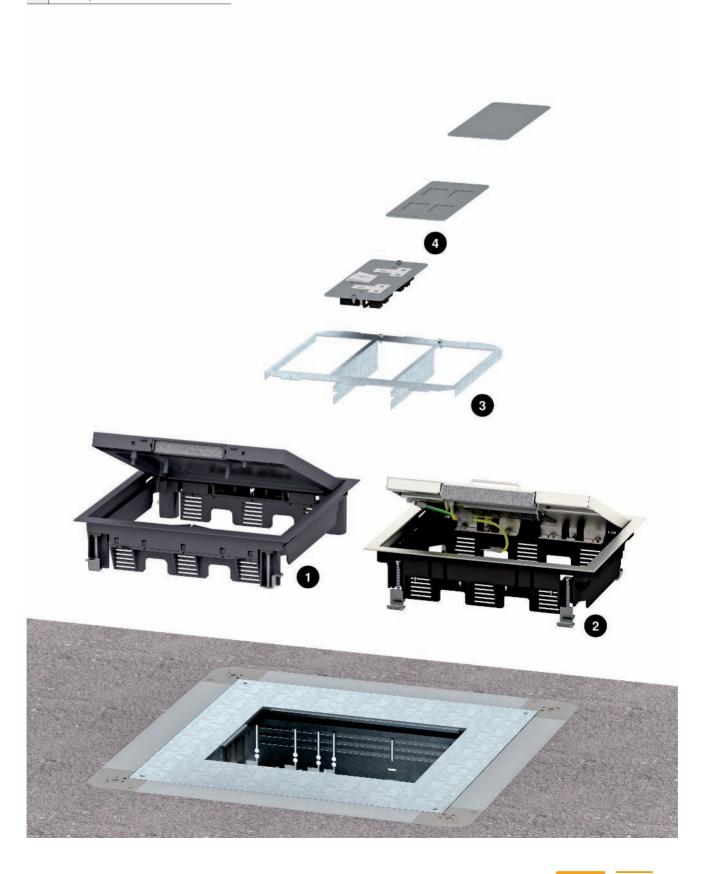
### Installation principle, service outlet in EUK-SN





### Installation principle, rectangular service outlet

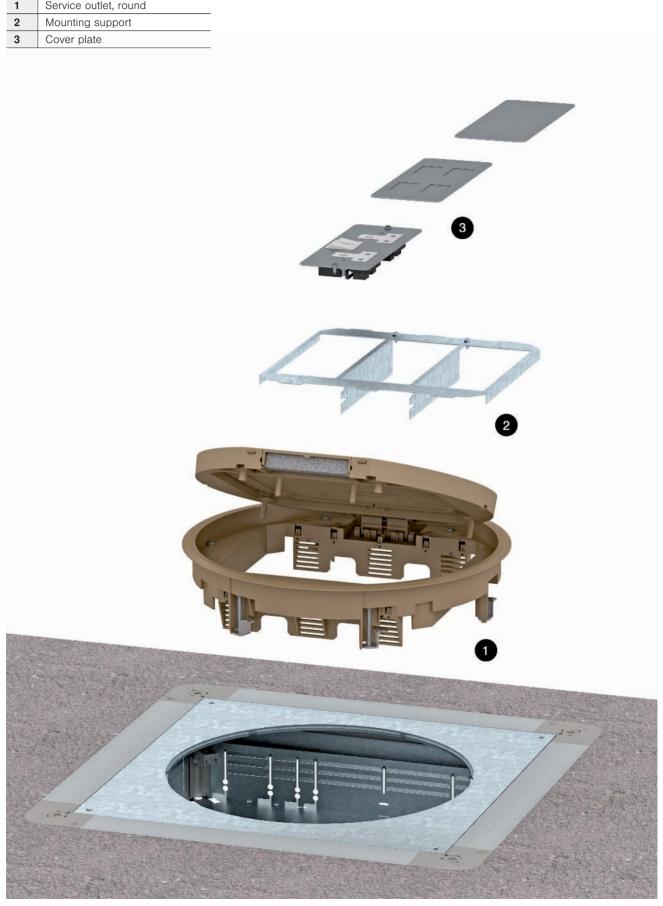
1	Service outlet, rectangular	
2	Service outlet, metal, rectangular	
3	Mounting support	
4	Cover plate	



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### Installation principle, round service outlet

1	Service outlet, round
2	Mounting support
3	Cover plate

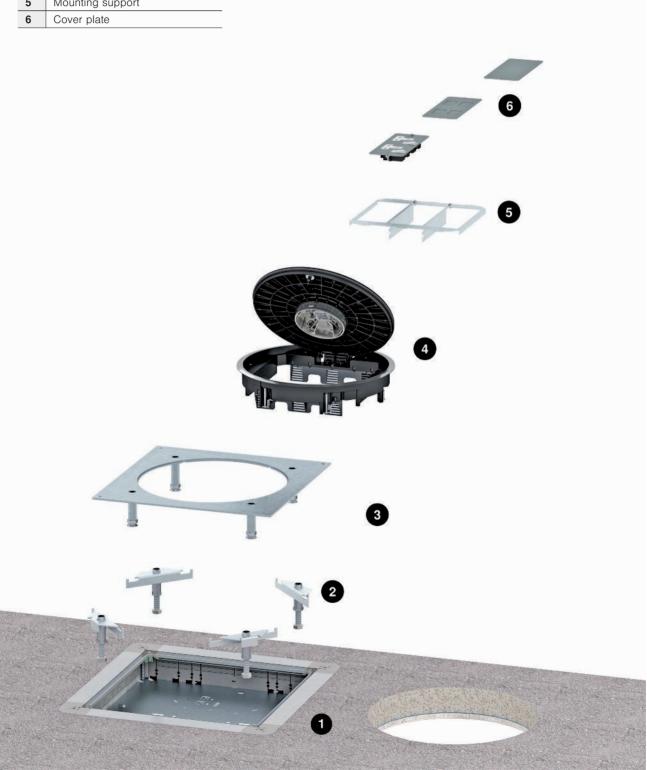




### Installation principle, wet-cleaned service outlet

### System components

1	Underfloor junction and branch box	
2	Heavy-duty support	
3	Heavy-duty mounting lid	
4	GRAF9-2 service outlet	
5	Mounting support	
6	Cover plate	



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<u>OBO</u>

# Standard data

#### To DIN EN 50085-1 and DIN EN 50085-2-2

Class		Service outlets type GES	GRAF9 service outlet
6.2	According to impact resistance for installation and application		
6.2.4	Electrical installation duct systems for impact energy 5 J	5 J	5 J
6.3	According to temperatures, as specified in Tables 1, 2 and 3		
Table 1	Minimum storage and transport temperature ± 2 °C	-15 °C	−15 °C
Table 2	Minimum installation and application temperatures ± 2 °C	+5 °C	+5 °C
Table 3	Application temperatures ± 2 °C	+60 °C	+60 °C
6.4	According to the resistance against fire spread		
6.4.1	Electrical installation duct systems which permit the spread of fire	Х	х
6.5	According to the electrical conductivity		
6.5.1	Electrical installation duct systems with electrical conductivity	X <sup>1</sup>	х
6.5.2	Electrical installation duct systems without electrical conductivity	X <sup>2</sup>	
6.6	According to the electrical insulation property		
6.6.1	Electrical installation duct systems with electrical insulation capability	X <sup>2</sup>	
6.6.2	Electrical installation duct systems without electrical insulation capability	X <sup>1</sup>	х
6.7	According to the protection ratings offered by the housing or casing to EN 60529:1991		
6.7.1	According to protection against ingress of solid foreign bodies	Х	х
6.7.3	According to protection against contact with dangerous parts	Х	х
6.101	Depending on the type of floor care		
6.101.1	Electrical installation duct systems for dry floor cleaning	Х	
6.101.2	Electrical installation duct systems for wet floor cleaning when the service outlet is not in use		х
6.101.3	Electrical installation duct systems for wet floor cleaning when the service outlet is in use		х
6.102	According to resistance to vertical loads affecting a small surface area		
6.102.5	Electrical installation duct systems for 2,000 N	X <sup>2</sup>	
6.102.7	Electrical installation duct systems for 3,000 N	X <sup>1</sup>	х
6.103	According to resistance to vertical loads affecting a large surface area		
6.103.2	Electrical installation duct systems for 3,000 N	X <sup>2</sup>	
6.103.3	Electrical installation duct systems for 5,000 N	X <sup>1</sup>	
6.103.4	Electrical installation duct systems for 10,000 N		х

<sup>1</sup>Applies to metallic GES, <sup>2</sup> pplies to polyamide GES



# Planning checklist

When selecting underfloor systems with service outlets, the following planning criteria, amongst others, should be taken into account:

- Take the type of floor covering into account. With wet-cleaned floors, insert a service outlet with tube body
- Select the size of the service outlet according to the number of installation units
- Observe the minimum installation depth for the installation of sockets and data/multimedia connections
- Plastic service outlets are designed for normal loads in office and administration buildings. At increased load requirements, use metallic service outlets
  - Apply the floor covering in the service outlet lid taking height-adjustment and expansion joints into account



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# Cassettes – height-adjustable and decouplable

The compact, flush-floor cassettes from Ackermann made by OBO provide power, data and multimedia connections in a high-quality design. The cassettes can be adjusted to the height of the floor and can be installed completely decoupled as a special construction type. They are available in round and rectangular versions. There are versions for dry, moist and wetcare floor coverings. Cassettes are suitable for raised and cavity floors and all kinds of screed-flush underfloor systems.



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# Stable and long-life

Height-adjustable cassettes are frequently used in natural stone floors and tiled floors. Here, stability and a long lifespan are required. The cassettes from Ackermann made by OBO stand out through their wellthought-out functions and high-quality materials.

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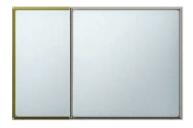
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### That's what we call variety.

Round or rectangular? For dry and wet-cleaned floors? Height-adjustable? Decouplable? There are a wide range of selection options for the cassettes.

Three lid variants are available: With blanking lid, with cord outlet or with tube body. The rectangular are available in the nominal sizes 4 and 9 and the round versions are available in the nominal sizes R4, R7 and R9.

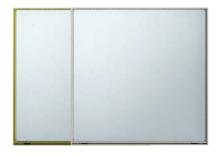






Nominal size 4 with blanking lid External dimension 199 x 199 mm 6 x Modul 45

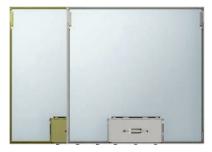








Nominal size 9 for tube body External dimension 243 x 243 mm 12 x Modul 45



Nominal size 9 with cord outlet External dimension 243 x 243 mm 12 x Modul 45



Nominal size R4 with blanking lid External dimension Ø 214 mm 6 x Modul 45

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Nominal size R4 for tube bodyNominal size R4 with cord outletExternal dimension Ø 214 mmExternal dimension Ø 214 mm6 x Modul 456 x Modul 45



The cassette components visible in the floor covering are made from stainless steel or brass. There are versions for floor covering thicknesses of 20 mm and 25 mm.



Nominal size R7 with blanking lid External dimension Ø 274 mm 10 x Modul 45

Nominal size R7 for tube body External dimension Ø 274 mm 10 x Modul 45

Nominal size R7 with cord outlet External dimension Ø 274 mm 10 x Modul 45









Nominal size R9 for tube body External dimension Ø 304 mm 12 x Modul 45 Nominal size R9 with cord outlet External dimension Ø 304 mm 12 x Modul 45



The cassettes can be equipped with three different tube body variants: With cover plate, with cover plate and handle clamp or with floor covering recess and handle clamp.

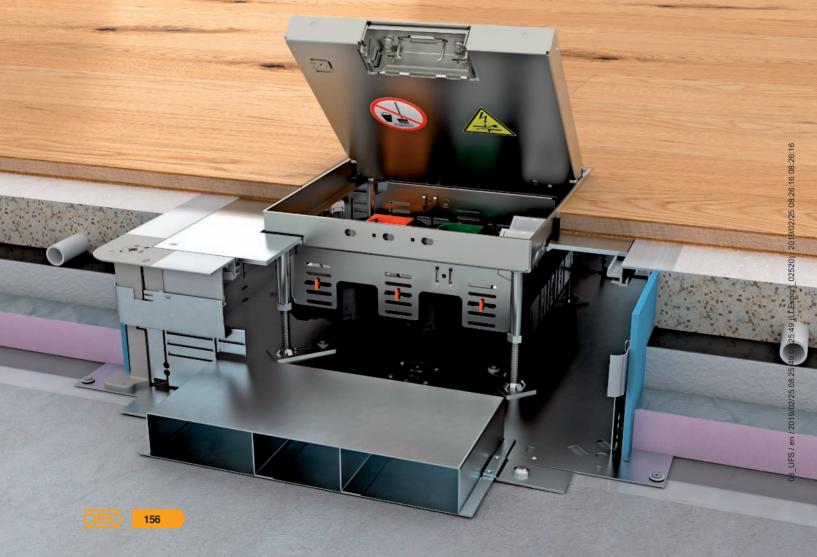
155 **OBO** 

### Cassette types

### Height-adjustable cassettes

The height-adjustable cassettes can be adjusted exactly to the top edge of the floor covering. The cassettes can be installed inside underfloor duct systems in a screed box or in system floors, as shown below. They are fastened to the raw concrete using heightadjustment units.







# Height-adjustable, decouplable cassettes

The height-adjustable, decouplable cassettes are not fixed on the raw concrete, but are fixed in underfloor boxes using height-adjustment brackets. In the installation example shown, the cassette is adjusted to the top edge of the finished floor using height-adjustment brackets, located in the socket top frame of the underfloor box. This prevents the transmission of footfall sound.



# Cassettes with cord outlet

Cassettes with brass and stainless steel cord outlets are the ideal solution for dry and moist-cleaned floors, such as wooden planks or parquet.

### Practical details

The integrated equipotential bonding guarantees the conductive connection between the cassette lid and frame.

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### Loads

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The cassette frames are made from high-quality stainless steel or brass. An integrated, 4 mm-thick sheet steel plate also increases the load capacity of the cassettes. They are tested according to the standard EN 50085-2-2 in the highly modern testing systems of the company's own BET Test Centre.



### Swivellable cord outlet

The models have a swivelling cord outlet which protects the cable exit in dry and moist-cleaned floors.

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### Highest quality, even when wet

The cassettes with tube body are suitable for wet-cleaned floors. The tube body opening also offers the option of passing through large-volume connector systems, such as CEE connectors.

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# High-quality materials

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The visible components of the tube cassettes are made of stainless steel. This means that the cassettes have a fine appearance and, at the same time, are resistant to cleaning agents.



### Practical tube body

The tube body can be opened for cable routing with just a few actions and can just as easily be lowered to be flush with the floor. Three variants are available: With cover plate, with cover plate and handle clamp or with floor covering recess and handle clamp.



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# Wet care

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The tube body cassette possesses seals in the lid and in the tube body. If the service outlet is opened for cable installation, the 10 mm-high tube body ring protects the electrical installation against the ingress of water. The tube body cassettes thus fulfil the IP requirements for installation in wet-cleaned floors.

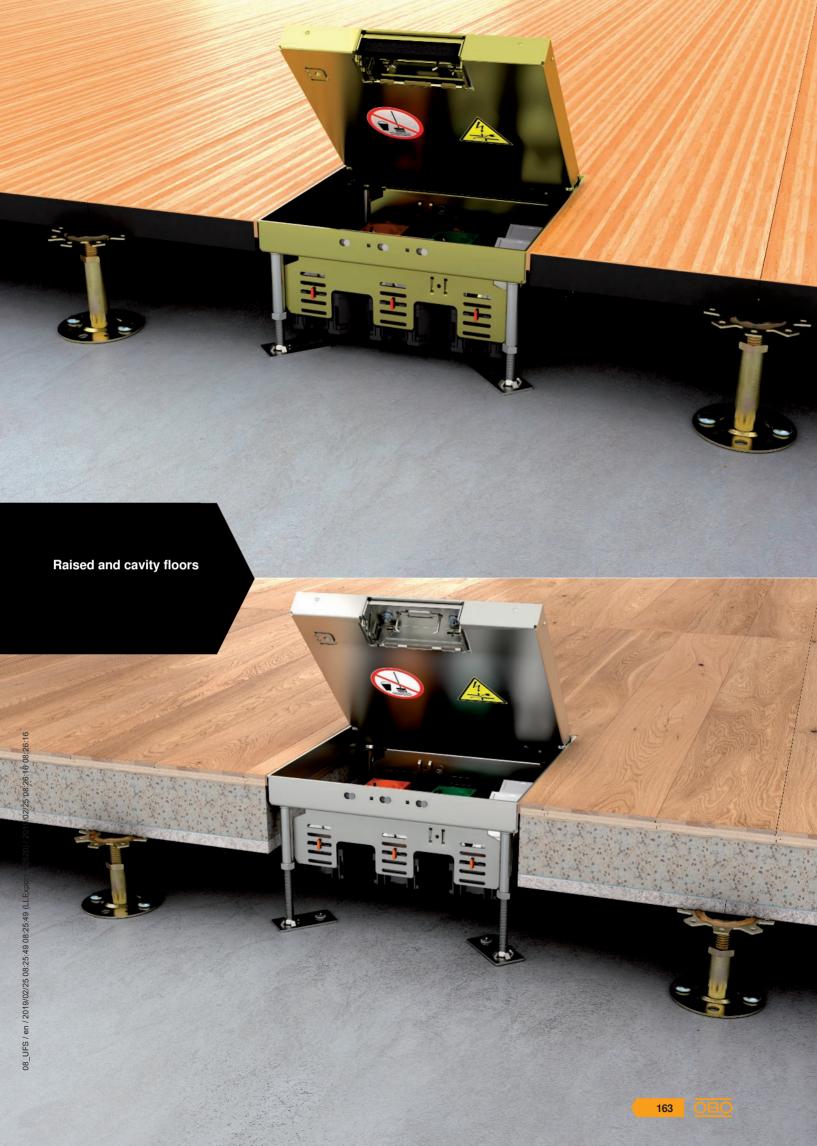
161 <u>OBO</u>

# Compatible

Cassettes from Ackermann made by OBO are suitable for installation in underfloor duct systems, as well as in system floors. They are compatible with various underfloor systems, including the EÜK screed-covered system and the open OKA screed-flush system.



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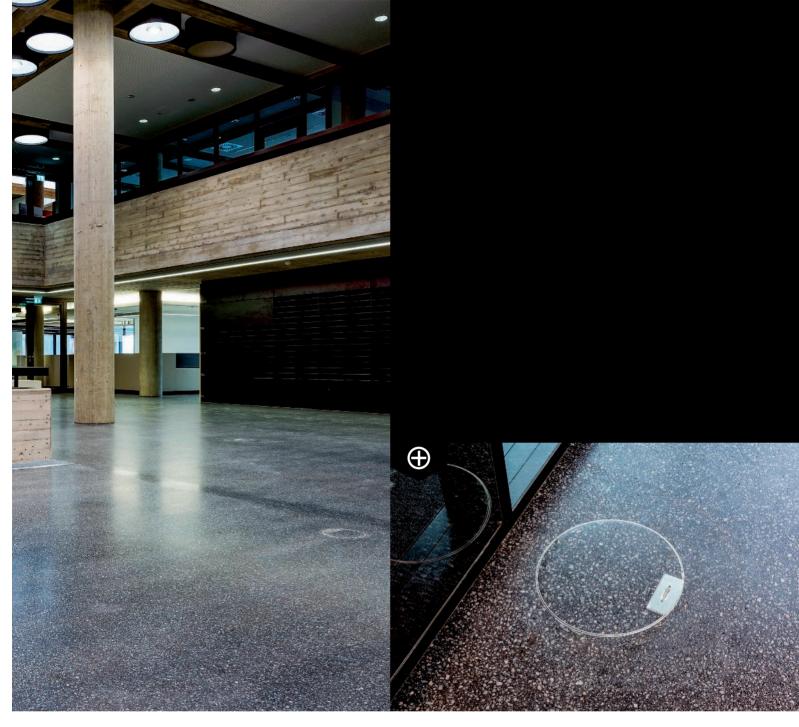


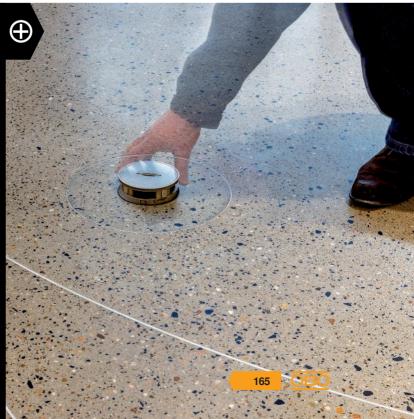








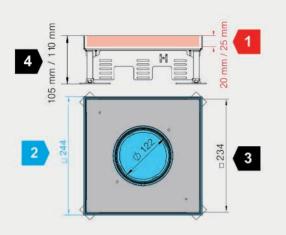


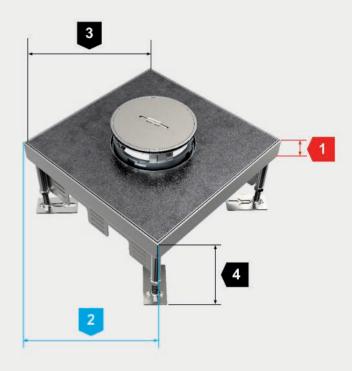


# Installation and floor cut-out dimensions

Various installation and floor cut-out dimensions must be taken into account for the mounting of height-adjustable cassettes and the application of floor coverings in the cassette lids.







### 1

## Frame height for the floor covering in the lid (red dimensions)

The frame height data relates to the maximum floor covering thickness, including adhesive. The cassettes are available in various frame heights.



# Internal dimension of the lid to determine the floor covering cut-out (black dimensions)

The dimension data relates to the internal dimension of the cassette lid and is used to calculate the floor covering cut-out. Depending on the type of floor covering, appropriate reductions should be taken into account, e.g. for expansion gaps.

# Floor cut-out for the installation of cassettes (blue dimensions)

The dimensions for the floor cut-out should be considered as target dimensions for correct installation of the cassette in the floor. They are only generally required for the floor cut-out in system floors. The EÜK screed-covered duct system or the OKA open trunking system offer prefabricated mounting lids with matching installation openings.

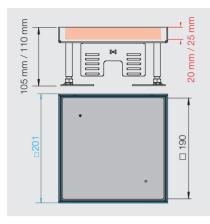


# Minimum floor structure height (raw concrete ceiling to finished floor)

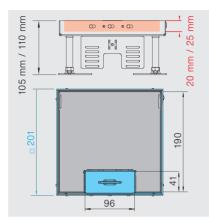
The dimension describes the minimum floor structure height from the raw concrete ceiling to the top edge of the finished floor. It guarantees correct installation and use of installation devices, such as sockets, data and multimedia connections.

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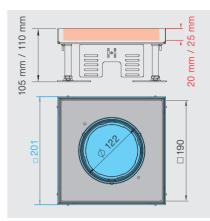
# System dimensions, height-adjustable square cassettes



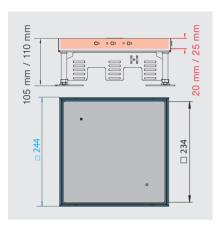
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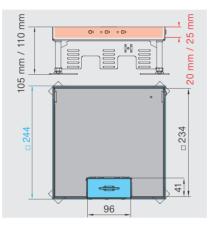
Nominal size 4, type RKSN2



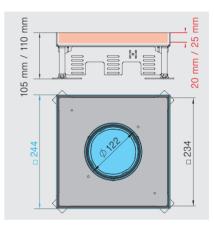
Nominal size 4, type RKFN 2



Nominal size 9, type RKN2



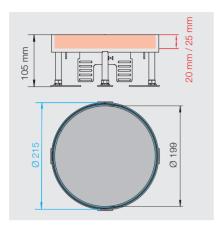
Nominal size 9, type RKSN2



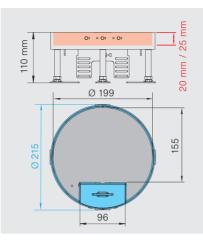
Nominal size 9, type RKFN 2



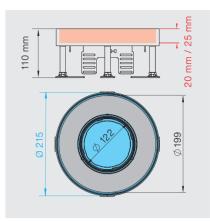
# System dimensions, height-adjustable round cassettes



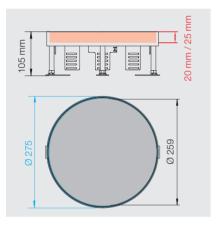
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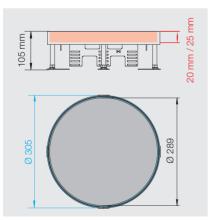
Nominal size R4, type RKS2 and RKSRN2



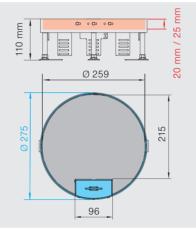
Nominal size R4, type RKFR2 and RKFRN2



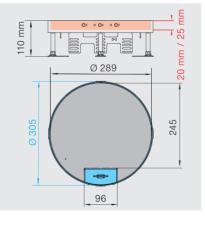
Nominal size R7, type RKR2 and RKRN2



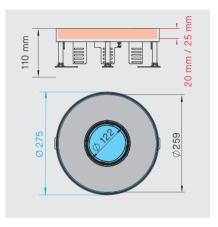
Nominal size R9, type RKR2 and RKRN2



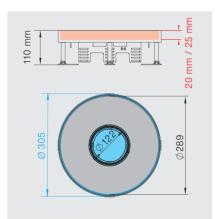
Nominal size R7, type RKS2 and RKSRN2



Nominal size R9, type RKS2 and RKSRN2



Nominal size R7, type RKFR2 and RKFRN2

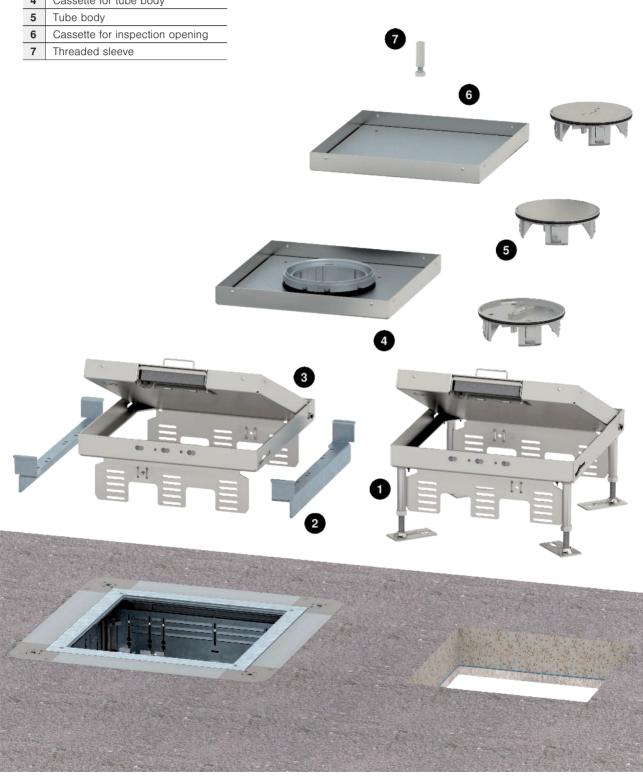


Nominal size R9, type RKFR2 and RKFRN2

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# Installation principle, height-adjustable square cassette

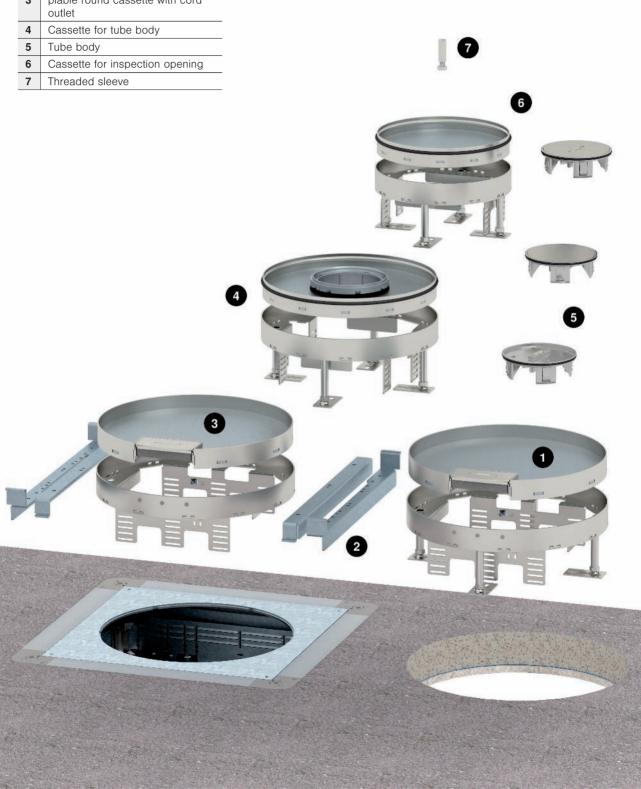
1	Height-adjustable square cassette with cord outlet	
2	Height-adjustment bracket	
3	Height-adjustable, decouplable square cassette	
4	Cassette for tube body	
5	Tube body	
6	Cassette for inspection opening	
7	Threaded sleeve	



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# Installation principle, height-adjustable round cassette

1	Height-adjustable round cassette with cord outlet
2	Height-adjustment bracket
3	Height-adjustable and decou- plable round cassette with cord outlet
4	Cassette for tube body
5	Tube body
6	Cassette for inspection opening
7	Threaded sleeve



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# Standard data

#### To DIN EN 50085-1 and DIN EN 50085-2-2

Class		Height-adjustable cassettes
6.2	According to impact resistance for installation and application	
6.2.4	Electrical installation duct systems for impact energy 5 J	5 J
6.3	According to temperatures, as specified in Tables 1, 2 and 3	
Table 1	Minimum storage and transport temperature $\pm$ 2 °C	–25 °C
Table 2	Minimum installation and application temperatures ± 2 °C	+5 °C
Table 3	Application temperatures ± 2 °C	+60 °C
6.4	According to the resistance against fire spread	
6.4.2	Electrical installation duct systems which do not permit the spread of fire	Х
6.5	According to the electrical conductivity	
6.5.1	Electrical installation duct systems with electrical conductivity	Х
6.6	According to the electrical insulation property	
6.6.2	Electrical installation duct systems without electrical insulation capability	Х
6.7	According to the protection ratings offered by the housing or casing to EN 60529:1991	
6.7.1	According to protection against ingress of solid foreign bodies	Х
6.7.2	According to protection against ingress of water	Х
6.101	Depending on the type of floor care	
6.101.1	Electrical installation duct systems for dry floor cleaning	X <sup>1</sup>
6.101.2	Electrical installation duct systems for wet floor cleaning when the service outlet is not in use	X <sup>2</sup>
6.101.3	Electrical installation duct systems for wet floor cleaning when the service outlet is in use	X <sup>2</sup>
6.102	According to resistance to vertical loads affecting a small surface area	
6.102.7	Electrical installation duct systems for 3,000 N	Х
6.103	According to resistance to vertical loads affecting a large surface area	
6.103.2	Electrical installation duct systems for 3,000 N	Х
6.103.3	Electrical installation duct systems for 5,000 N	X <sup>1</sup>

x1: Applies to cassettes with cord outlet, x2: Applies to cassettes with tube body and blanking lid





### Planning checklist

When selecting underfloor systems with cassettes, the following planning criteria, amongst others, should be taken into account:

- Take the type of floor covering into account.
   With wet-cleaned floors, insert a cassette with tube body
- Select the size of the cassettes according to the number of installation units
- Observe the minimum installation depth of the height-adjustable cassettes
- Height-adjustable cassettes are designed for normal loads in office and administrative buildings. With increased load requirements, use stainless steel heavy-duty cassettes
  - Apply the floor covering in the cassette lid taking height-adjustment and expansion joints into account



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OBO

# Heavy-duty systems

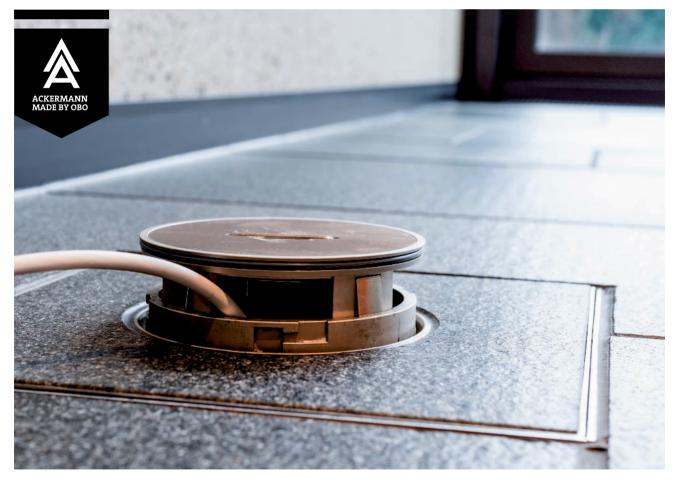
Heavy-duty systems reliably supply areas with high load requirements with power, data and multimedia technology via the floor. Car dealerships, museums, airports, stations or hotels are typical areas of application. The construction and the material thickness is specially matched to the high load requirements. With the heavy-duty system, Ackermann made by OBO guarantees a particularly robust, safe and long-lasting installation solution.



## Heavy-duty competence

Ackermann made by OBO has developed the special heavy-duty solutions for underfloor installations in close consultation with planners and architects. Standard products, such as the EÜK screed-covered duct system or the height-adjustable cassettes, form the basis of the development. An internal company testing standard ensures the highest quality and the highest load capacity: Its requirements go beyond the requirements of DIN EN 50085-2-2. The comprehensive heavy-duty system from Ackermann made by OBO is suitable for screedcovered installation in dry and wet-cleaned floors.



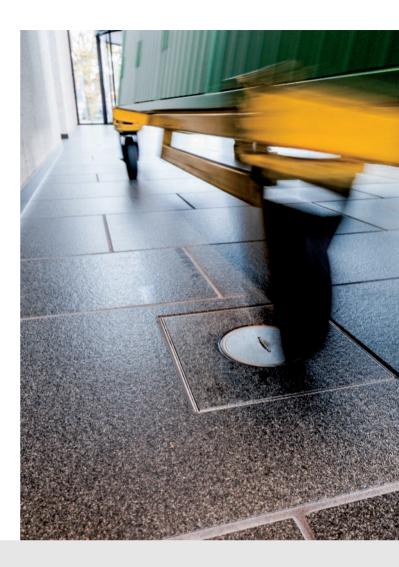


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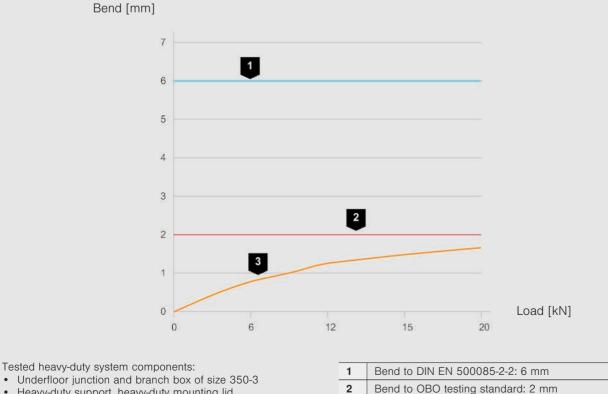
<u>OBO</u>

### OBO testing standard

DIN EN 50085-2-2 specifies the load requirements for electrical installation systems. According to this standard, cassettes may only bend by a maximum of 6 mm when subjected to a load. However, with harder floor coverings, such as stone or tiles, bending of 6 mm will lead to breakage. For this reason, OBO has increased its internal quality criteria and goes a step further with the OBO testing standard: The maximum bend for heavy-duty systems was reduced from 6 mm to 2 mm. The tests according to the OBO testing standard take place in the company's own BET Test Centre.



#### Heavy load testing



• Heavy-duty support, heavy-duty mounting lid

- Floor covering, tile, 20 mm
- Cassette RKF2 SL2 V3 35

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1	Bend to DIN EN 500085-2-2: 6 mm
2	Bend to OBO testing standard: 2 mm
3	Measured bend, OBO heavy-duty system





### OBO heavy-duty classes

#### Classification

DIN EN 50085-2-2 divides the load capacities of electrical installation duct systems into two classes.

The classifications rate the articles according to resistance to vertical loads that act over a small (6.102) or large (6.103) surface area. The 6.103 classification and the test results from the BET Test Centre served as a basis for the development of the internal OBO classification into heavy-duty classes SL1 and SL2. Products of heavy-duty class SL1 are suitable for loads of up to 10 kN, whilst products of heavy-duty class SL2 are even suitable for loads of up to 20 kN. The maximum bending for both heavy-duty classes is 2 mm.

#### Class 6.103 according to DIN EN 50085-2-2

Classification*	Load in N
6.103.1	2,000
6.103.2	3,000
6.103.3	5,000
6.103.4	10,000
6.103.5	15,000

\* The OBO heavy-duty classes were developed based on Class 6.103.

#### Classification according to the OBO testing stan-

OBO heavy load class	Load in N
SL 1	10,000
SL 2	20,000

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### The screed-covered solution

The screed-covered heavy-duty solution consists of six system components: The underfloor ducts, underfloor sockets, heavy-duty supports, heavy-duty mounting lids, height adjustment units and heavy-duty cassettes. The 2 or 3-compartment underfloor ducts are used for cable routing and can easily be connected to the prepared installation openings of the underfloor sockets. The underfloor sockets permit the installation of heavy-duty cassettes for inspection purposes or for the mounting of installation accessories such as sockets, data or multimedia technology. The heavyduty supports and the special heavy-duty mounting lid provide the necessary stability. The heavy-duty cassettes are inserted in the heavy-duty mounting lid, allowing access to the installed installation devices.

### Underfloor junction and branch box

The underfloor sockets of the nominal sizes 250 and 350 must have a non-positive connection to the screed. To avoid a reduction in the load capacity and damage to the floor covering, no edge insulation strips can be laid around the underfloor junction and branch box.

### Heavy-duty cassettes

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Heavy-duty cassettes are suitable for creating inspection openings or for the installation of devices in areas with high load requirements. The cassettes are adequately dimensioned for absorbing traffic loads and are rated for individual static loads up to 10 kN (SL1) or 20 kN (SL2). The GRAF9 service outlet is available for smaller loads up to 7.5 kN.



### Heavy-duty mounting lid

The heavy-duty mounting lid is selected according to the appropriate heavy-duty cassette. The height adjustment units enable the screed-flush height adjustment of the heavy-duty mounting lid and are to be ordered separately.

### Heavy-duty supports

Heavy-duty supports are additional expansion parts for underfloor sockets and increase the load capacity. The supports are inserted in the corner areas of the underfloor box and are tensioned under the socket frame.

### Ducts

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The screed-covered ducts are only subjected to loads during the mounting period. Before screed laying, the ducts are classified with a load capacity of 750 N according to DIN EN 50085-2-2. After screed laying, no loads impact on the ducts, as the screed accepts the loads as a static layer. For this reason, underfloor ducts from the standard product range can also be used in areas with high load requirements. 2 and 3compartment underfloor ducts from the EÜK screedcovered duct system are available.

### Overview of heavy-duty systems

#### **Device installation units**

#### Selection according to

- Load requirementFloor covering thickness
- Functional method
- Installation capacity

Cassettes for cable outlets and inspection purposes protect the electrical installation in the floor against water penetration. All heavy-duty solutions guarantee moisture protection according to DIN EN 50085-2-2 and are therefore approved for wet-cleaned floors indoors.

#### Heavy-duty mounting lid

#### Selection according to

- The shape of the selected service outlet
- or the cassette (nominal size)
- Screed height

With heavy-duty frame cassettes, a mounting set, not a mounting lid, must be used for the installation of installation devices.

#### Height adjustment units

- Selection according to
- Screed height

### Heavy-duty supports for underfloor socket

#### Selection according to

· Screed height

#### Underfloor socket (UZD)

#### Selection according to

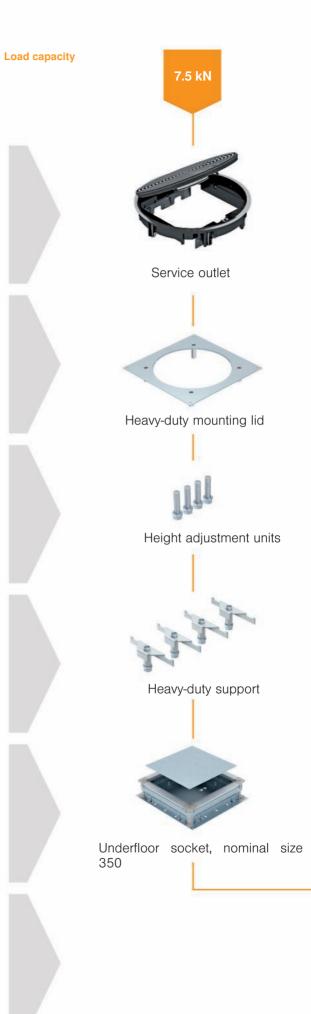
- Screed height
- Shape of the cassette and the heavy-duty mounting lid
- Duct width

#### Ducts

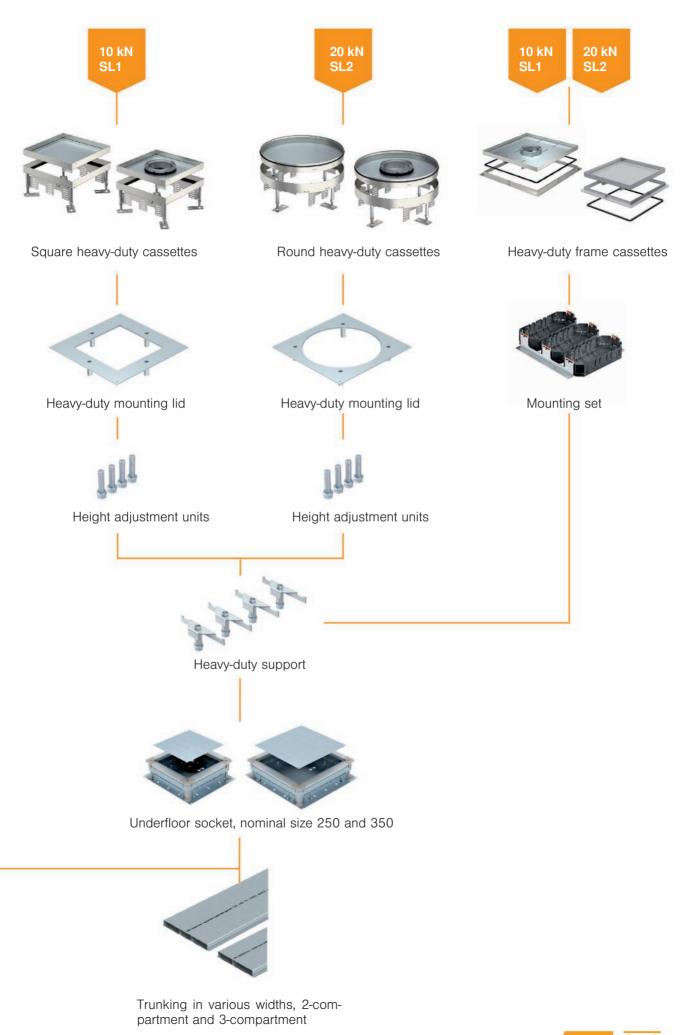
#### Selection according to

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Cable volume



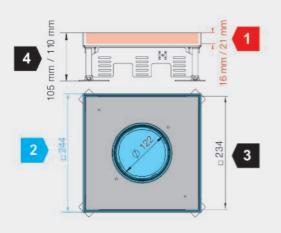


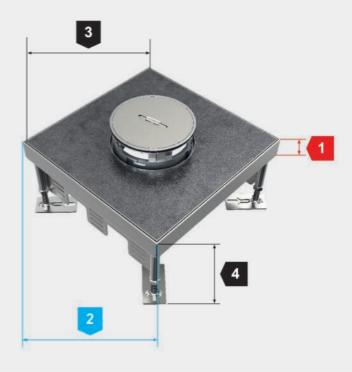


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# Installation and floor cut-out dimensions

Various installation and floor cut-out dimensions must be taken into account for the mounting of height-adjustable cassettes and the application of floor coverings in the cassette lids.





# 1

# Frame height for the floor covering in the lid (red dimensions)

The frame height data relates to the maximum floor covering thickness, including adhesive. The cassettes are available in various frame heights.



# Internal dimension of the lid to determine the floor covering cut-out (black dimensions)

The dimension data relates to the internal dimension of the cassette lid and is used to calculate the floor covering cut-out. Depending on the type of floor covering, appropriate reductions should be taken into account, e.g. for expansion gaps.

# Floor cut-out for the installation of cassettes (blue dimensions)

The dimensions for the floor cut-out should be considered as target dimensions for correct installation of the cassette in the floor. They are only generally required for the floor cut-out in system floors. The EÜK screed-covered duct system or the OKA open trunking system offer prefabricated mounting lids with matching installation openings.



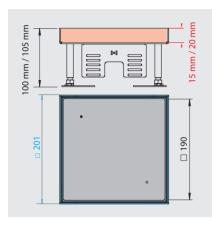
# Minimum floor structure height (raw concrete ceiling to finished floor)

The dimension describes the minimum floor structure height from the raw concrete ceiling to the top edge of the finished floor. It guarantees correct installation and use of installation devices, such as sockets, data and multimedia connections.

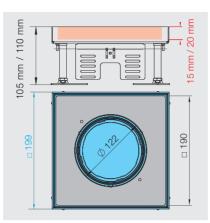
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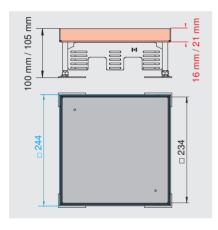
# System dimensions, height-adjustable square cassettes



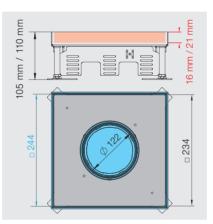
Nominal size 4, type RKN2 4



Nominal size 4, type RKFN 2 4



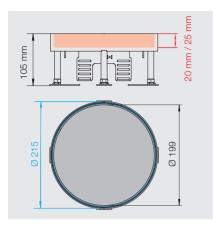
Nominal size 9, type RKN2 9

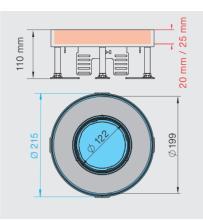


Nominal size 9, type RKFN 2 9



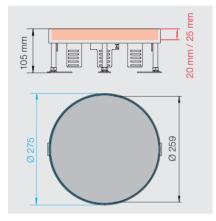
# System dimensions, height-adjustable round cassettes



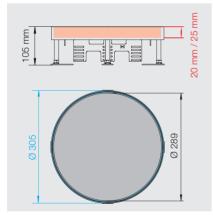


Nominal size R4, type RKR2 and RKRN2

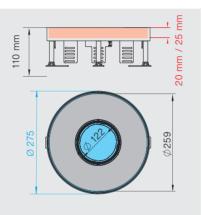
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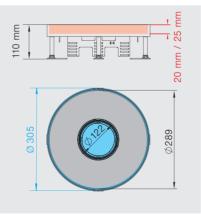
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Nominal size R9, type RKR2 and RKRN2



Nominal size R7, type RKFR2 and RKFRN2

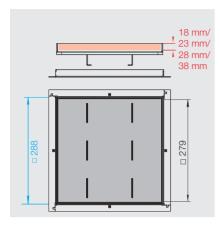


Nominal size R9, type RKFR2 and RKFRN2

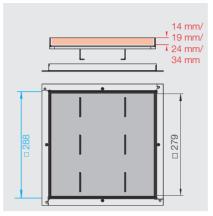
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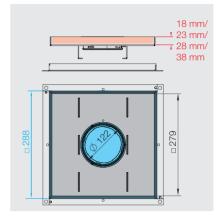
# System dimensions, frame cassettes



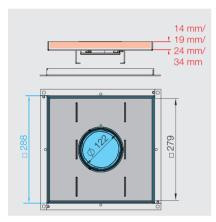
Nominal size 250-3, type RK SL1



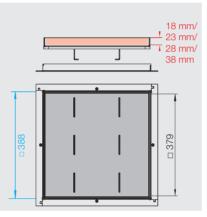
Nominal size 250-3, type RK SL2



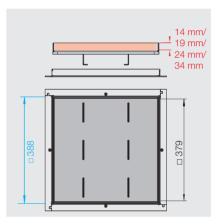
Nominal size 250-3, type RKF SL1



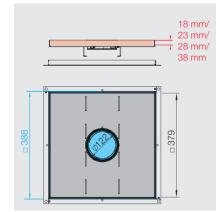
Nominal size 250-3, type RKF SL2



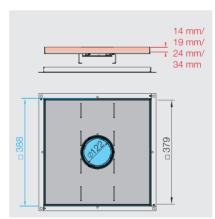
Nominal size 350-3, type RK SL1



Nominal size 350-3, type RK SL2



Nominal size 350-3, type RKF SL1



Nominal size 350-3, type RKF SL2





# Planning checklist

When planning heavy-duty systems, the following points should be observed:

- Match floor structure, payloads and area loads
- Observe the minimum installation depths of device installation units
- The underfloor socket must sit entirely on the concrete floor. Cavities under the socket strongly reduce the load capacity
- The underfloor socket must have a non-positive connection to the screed.
   Do not apply a separating strip between the underfloor socket and the screed
- Work floor coverings exactly up to the opening of the blanking lid, e.g. Graf9 Ø 305+1 mm



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# Floor sockets and floor boxes: for perfect power and data connections

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The family of UDHOME complete units can locate power, data and multimedia connections exactly where they are required. Floor sockets and floor boxes of the UDHOME family are mounted directly on the raw floor and connected with flexible installation pipes – it couldn't be simpler.



UDHOME4

# Elegant, discreet and robust

Thanks to their elegant, discreet design, UDHOME floor sockets and floor tanks integrate themselves seamlessly into the interior architecture. When the hinged cover is closed, only the high-quality surfaces of pure stainless steel or solid brass are visible. Thanks to their stable construction, the floor sockets and floor tanks are also resistant to the everyday loads in homes, offices and administrative areas.



Easy handling from ordering to mounting



High-quality materials and solid processing



Maximum flexibility in equipment







# A special customer: Old Master in a new light

#### Architect: Michele de Lucchi Museo della Pietà

The Museo della Pietà in Milan is home to the last, uncompleted masterpiece by Michelangelo: The Pietà Rondanini. The 89-year-old master worked on the sculpture, which depicts Jesus and Mary, just six days before his death in February 1564.

The compact UDHOME floor sockets and a special solution of OKA trunking from OBO Bettermann provide a discreet and flexible power supply around the famous sculpture.

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# Overview of the UDHOME series

#### Floor boxes

The UDHOME4 and UDHOME9 floor boxes are the ideal solution for a wide equipment range and drycleaned floor coverings. The floor boxes offer a lot of space for the installation of power, data and multimedia connections and are available in discreet stainless steel and in stylish brass.

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#### Floor sockets

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The UDHOME2 floor sockets, with their dimensions of  $125 \times 125$  mm, combine an elegant appearance and functionality. The product family offers solutions for dry and wet-cleaned floors. Stainless steel or aluminium are used as materials.

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# Floor structure

Thanks to their compact design, UDHOME floor sockets and floor boxes require considerably less space in the floor than other electrical installation systems do in floors.

#### Height-adjustment supports

With the easily accessible height adjustable supports, it is possible to adjust the covers of the floor sockets and floor boxes to the top edge of the floor coverings without any difficulty. The optional height extension means that adjustment is easy, even with higher floor structures.



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### Tested quality

In addition, OBO tests its ducts and underfloor boxes in its own BET Test Centre. Thus, special solutions can be tested for their load capacity within a very short time.

# Simple infeed

The feeding in of cables is not complex. They are simply run in standard empty tubes in the screed up to the UDHOME.







# Small but perfectly formed: The UDHOME2 floor socket

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UDHOME2 are available in three versions: With stainless steel cover, with floor covering recess and with tube body. With its protection rating of IP65, the floor socket with tube body is suitable for use in wetcleaned cavity and screed floors.

#### Height-adjustment

The cover is adjustable to the edge of the floor covering using four height-adjustment supports. A height extension with an additional adjustment range of 10–60 mm can be mounted for higher floor structures.

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### Device installation

The scope of delivery of the UDHOME2 contains a double protective contact socket. Up to two modular data sockets can be installed with the mounting supports.





### Connection

Eight pre-marked entry openings (M25) allow simple connection with flexible installation tubes.

# For a wide range of equipment: The UDHOME4 floor box

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# Design

The UDHOME4 can fit neatly into high quality interior architecture. All you can see is a slender metal edge and the cord outlet. The floor box is available in stainless steel or brass versions.

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# Device installation

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The UDHOME4 can be equipped flexibly with power, data and multimedia technology using 4 support ring devices or 6 Modul 45 devices.



#### Dimensions

Body: 199 mm x 199 mm Screed height: 95–110 mm Floor height: 95–125 mm Optional height extension



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# Height-adjustment

The flush-mount unit possesses a height-adjustment range of up to 30 mm and can thus be adjusted to the level of the finished floor.



# A beautiful figure with powerful connections: The UDHOME9 floor box

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# Changeable

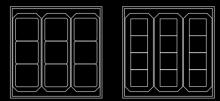
The UDHOME9 is available in stainless steel and brass versions.

#### Dimensions

Body: 243 mm x 243 mm Screed height: 95–110 mm Floor height: 95–125 mm Optional height extension

#### Device installation

The UDHOME9 can be equipped flexibly with power, data and multimedia technology using 9 support ring devices or 12 Modul 45 devices.







### Installed

The UDHOME9 is the largest floor box of the UDHOME family. It combines restrained design with a wide range of use options.

# Device installation

The UDHOME family can be equipped flexibly with power, data and multimedia technology. Our extremely comprehensive Modul 45 programme is available for this. However, you can also use standard devices from other manufacturers.

#### Maximum flexibility

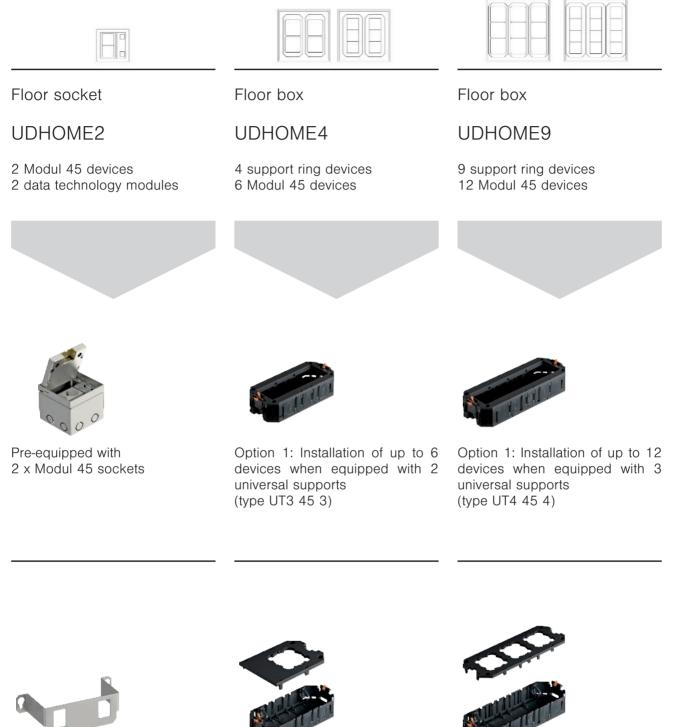
For maximum flexibility, the floor sockets and floor boxes can, depending on requirements, be equipped with the comprehensive Modul 45 series from OBO Bettermann or with standard devices. Both sockets and data and multimedia technology of the Modul 45 series are simply snapped in, without tools, making work quicker and thus cheaper.

The system can be used for a wide range of applications, thanks to the standardised installation dimensions of  $45 \times 45$  mm and the large range of variants (e.g. HMDI, USB and audio connections).









Mounting support for data technology for the optional installation of 2 additional data technology modules



Option 2: Installation of up to 4 devices when equipped with 2 support ring device supports

Option 2: Installation of up to 9 devices when equipped with 3 support ring device supports

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# GES R2 floor sockets

The round floor sockets of the GES R2 series supply data and power exactly where they are required. Their handling is simple: The connection lines are inserted in the compact installation space and that space is closed off with a lid. Depending on the lid version, the floor sockets are suitable for dry or wet-cleaned floors.



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# Areas of application

OBO GES R2 floor sockets are an ideal underfloor solution, when a discreet appearance, a high load capacity and varied functionality are required. Whether in the living room or in public areas - such as foyers, shopping malls or exhibition areas - the floor sockets stand out through their fine design and also add value to high-quality floor areas.

The installation socket of the GES R2 floor sockets is pre-equipped with two sockets. To the side of the socket, there is space for up to two connection sockets for data technology applications, as an option.

The floor sockets of the GES R2 series are available in various materials. The die-cast zinc variant is available surface-treated in the shades nickel, chrome, old copper and old brass.







Ideally suited to wet-cleaned floors



Withstands the highest loads



In use around the world for decades



# Modular structure

The GES R2 floor sockets offer the tried-and-trusted functions of the Ackermann made by OBO underfloor systems – now newly constructed and with an up to 100% larger installation compartment compared to the predecessor model GESRM2. This provides space for a double socket of the Modul 45 series and up to two data modules.

The modular structure as a screed socket, installation socket and service outlet allows simple configuration, according to the area of application.

#### Lid variants

The classic service outlet for the GES R2 floor socket is available in various designs.

#### Installation socket

The installation socket is available empty or pre-equipped. The preequipped variant contains either a double socket or a free combination of two Modul 45 individual devices.

#### Screed box

The height-adjustable screed box is used to accept the service outlet when the GES R2 floor socket is installed in the screed.





#### Variable

All the cover variants of the GES R2 floor socket can be inserted in raised floors or in the screed.



# Installation in system floor

The installation socket can be installed simply in the system base. A drill hole of 120 mm is sufficient.



# GES R2 floor socket for wet-cleaned floors

The tube body seals the closed installation space against the ingress of water, which occurs, for example, when the floor is cleaned. Even if the tube body lid is open for letting out cables, a seal in the lower ring of the installation socket offers protection against the ingress of water. The GES R2 floor socket with tube body thus fulfils the requirements for service outlets in wet-cleaned floors according to EN 50085-2-2.

#### Tube body

The tube body can be operated with one hand. To open it, the handle clamp is pulled up and, after the audible engaging of the support, turned slightly left and locked.

To insert the cables, it is sufficient to press two pressure points to release the cover. After the connectors have been inserted, the cover is audibly engaged on the tube body ring. The tube body cover is closed again by pressing the pressure points and lowering the cover by turning it to the right slightly.

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#### Blank version with metal lid

The metal cover with bayonet lock can be opened

with an Allen key. This version is particularly suitable for public areas and the supply of temporary installations.

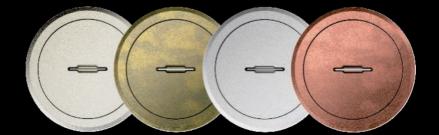


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#### Surfaces

The GES R2 floor socket with tube body stands out through its com-pact shape and discreet design. Four high-quality surfaces are available: nickel, brass, chromium and copper.





The GES R2 floor socket with hinged lid stands out through its fine design. It is the perfect solution for high-quality floor coverings, which are dry-cleaned.

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# Hinged lid

The locking function of the hinged lid allows a secure outlet for the cable routing. When closed, the floor socket is even suitable for wet cleaning.

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# Surfaces

The version with hinged cover is available in the colours chromium, brass, old brass and old copper.

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# GES R2 floor socket for offices and administration



The plastic GES R2 variants are particularly suitable for construction projects, which use carpet as the floor covering. Typical areas of application are office and administrative buildings.



#### Cover versions

Two lid variants are available: The lid variant with cord outlet provides a permanent cable outlet to supply the electrical resources. The version with blanking lid, which can only be opened with a screwdriver, protects against unintentional third-party access.

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# Protective frame

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The floor covering protection frame protects the carpet against damage and prevents wear at the cut edges of the carpet.

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Colours

The plastic floor sockets are available in the colours iron grey or graphite black.



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# Installation socket for Modul 45

The installation socket for GES R2 service outlets accepts Modul 45 devices. After the routing of the electrical installation, the installation socket is inserted in the screed box.

# Separation of different current types

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The large installation socket offers separate installation spaces for heavy current connections and data or multimedia connections.

### Functional

The installation socket possesses break-out cable entries and an integrated strain relief. Ð

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#### Varied installation options

The pre-equipped installation socket, which contains a double socket of the Modul 45 series, is suitable for standard applications. The variant for two single Modul 45 devices offers a great amount of installation flexibility. The installation space is separated here. This allows simultaneous installation of sockets, data and multimedia connections, such as HDMI or VGA.



#### Solid hold

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The fixing bracket is used to fasten the installation socket in raised and cavity floors or in the screed box.



# Mounting of the underfloor box in the screed

#### Installation in the screed box

The GES R2 floor sockets are installed in the screed in the compact screed box. The screed box possesses a stabile pressure acceptance plate, whose frame serves as the screed drip edge. The mounting protection lid of the screed box is knocked out after the screed work has been completed. This makes the installation opening for the service outlet accessible.

#### Connection

Cables are routed via flexible installation pipes in the insulation layer of the screed construction. The screed box possesses four break-out pipe entries.

#### Screed-flush drip edge

The outlet edge of the screed box ensures sufficient stability and load dissipation in the area. The installation socket and the service outlet are installed after the floor covering work has been carried out.

#### Height-adjustment

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Using a simple 3-point height-adjustment, the screed box can be adjusted exactly to the top edge of the screed. The height-adjustment ranges from 85 to 130 mm.





**USB-Charger** 









# Modul 45<sup>®</sup> and Standard – installation solutions for underfloor systems

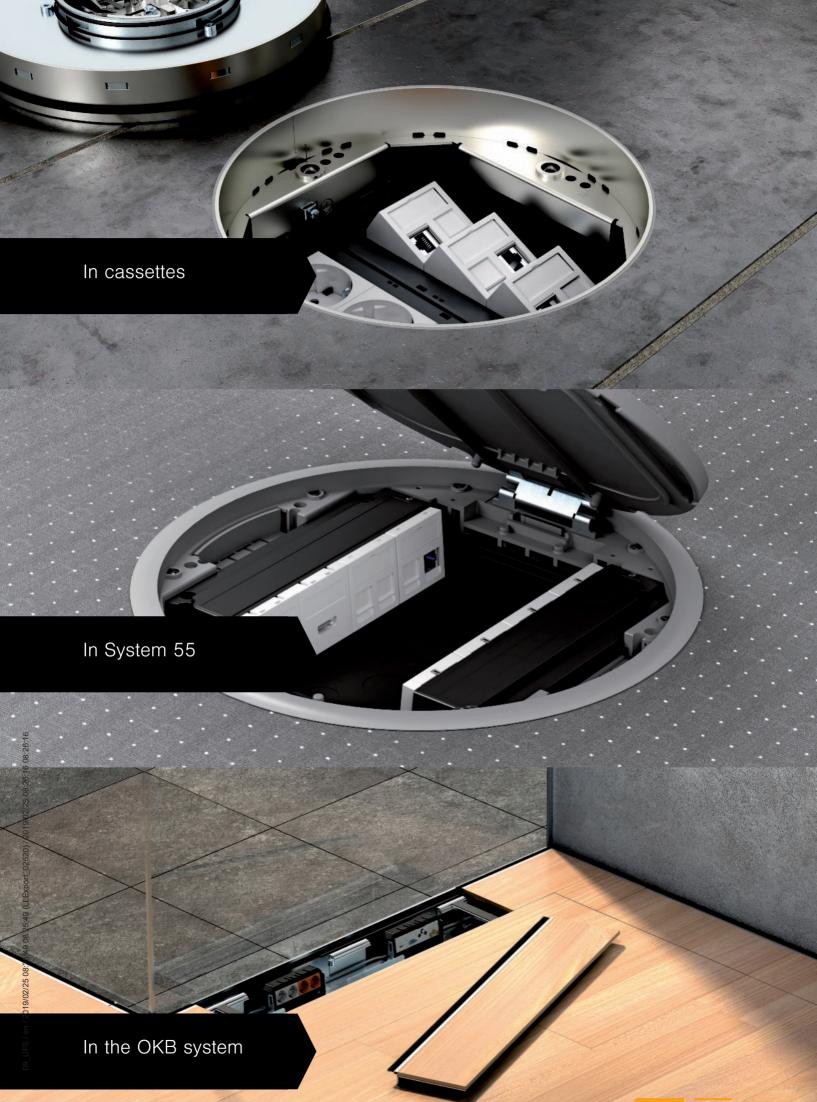
The Modul 45 devices from OBO Bettermann are compact and spacesaving. They are thus ideally suited for use in underfloor systems. The Modul 45 system makes optimum use of limited installation space.

The advantages of Modul 45 at a glance:

- Space savings thanks to compact design
- Modular structure
- Quick and easy planning
- Easy mounting
- High efficiency due to time and cost savings
- Wide range of application options
- Easy exchangeability

In service outlets

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# Solutions for device installation

The Ackermann made by OBO installation systems offer a wide range of options for device installation in service outlets and cassettes with a locking ladder. Power, data and multimedia connections can be combined as required and positioned at various heights in the locking ladder. Four solutions are available for device installation:

- Universal support UT3 and UT4 for the installation of Modul 45 devices and standard installation devices with 50 mm central plate
- MTU mounting support for the integration of data and multimedia technology of various manufacturers
- MT45V module support for vertical installation of Modul 45 devices
- GT device support for the installation of CEE connection units





# Fully modular: The universal support

The universal support is designed for the installation of Modul 45 devices and standard installation devices with 50 mm central plate. It offers countless combination options for sockets, data and multimedia technology.



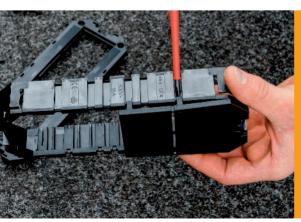
# Cover plates for flexible device equipment

With the universal support, device equipment is determined by the selection of the cover plates. The universal support has space for up to four Modul 45 devices. Combinations of Modul 45 devices and standard installation devices are also possible.



# Support frame with innovative turn buckle

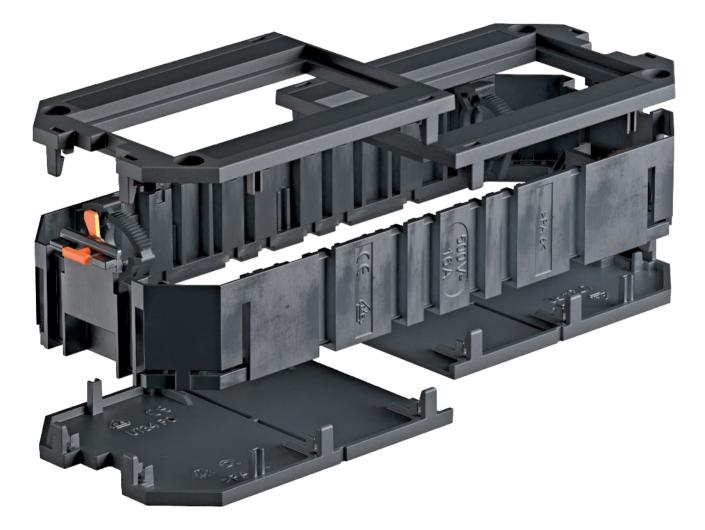
The universal support is fastened in the locking ladder of a cassette or a service outlet with a turn buckle. The turn buckle simplifies and accelerates mounting: The universal support is installed and safely locked with just a few actions.



## Removable floor plate

The floor plate can be removed, either partially or completed. The benefit: When installing data and multimedia technology, the cables can simply be run downwards out of the universal support.





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# Varied combination options

The compact Modul 45 devices can be combined at will in the universal support, allowing maximum equipment of a device installation unit. Combinations of sockets, data and multimedia technology and standard installation devices with a 50 mm central plate are possible.

### Maximum equipment of Modul 45 devices per device installation unit

Nominal size	Universal support	Modul 45 devices
2	1x UT3	3
4 and R4	2x UT3	6
6	3x UT3	9
7	2x UT3 + 1x UT4	10
9 and R9	3x UT4	12

# **Toolless mounting**

Modul 45 devices are simply snapped into the cover plate and connected. The connection cables are fixed according to the standard using the supplied strain reliefs. Finally, the cover plates are placed on the universal support and engaged.

## Two circuits with separating retainer

The installation of two circuits in a universal support is made easy through the use of the matching partition. The partition can be positioned according to the device equipment in the universal support. The partition can be ordered separately.









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# Installing data technology

When installing data and multimedia technology, more space is required for the cable connection and the supply cable. In this case, the floor plate can be removed, either partially or completed, on the universal support. To install individual devices, such as the data technology support, additional mounting bridges must be mounted in the cover plate. The mounting bridges can be ordered separately.



# Combining power and data technology

The universal support means that device combinations of sockets and data technology are easy. In the universal support, the installation area for sockets can be closed offer with a partition to offer touch protection. The floor plate in the data and multimedia technology installation area can be removed to create sufficient space for cable routing.



### Inserting a universal support

To create the largest possible amount of free space for the device connectors, the universal support is inserted in the lowest possible locking ladder track. After this, the turn buckle is first pushed towards the locking ladder, then swivelled to the side and engaged. The universal support is then securely fastened in the device installation unit.







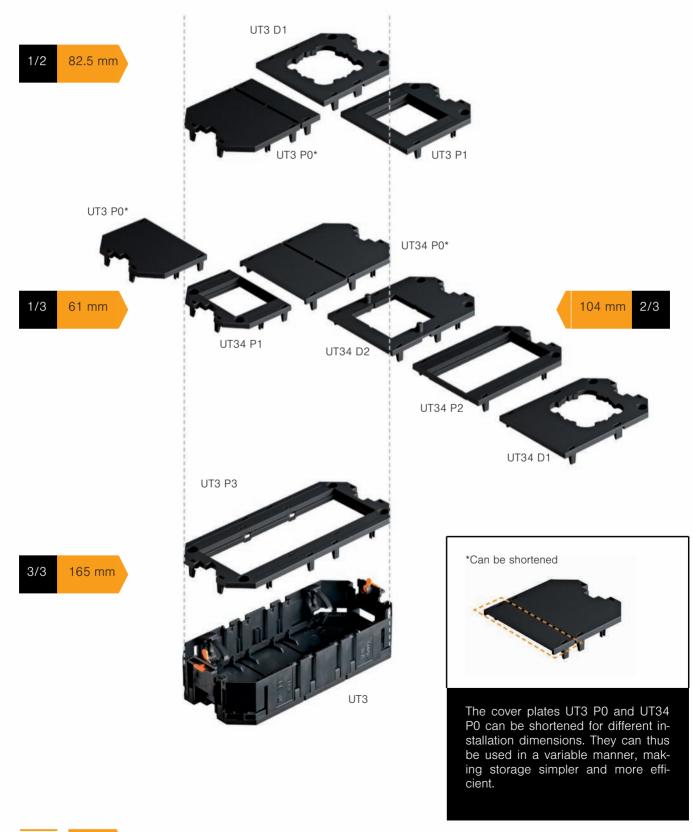
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# Installation principle, universal support

The type of cover plate determines which installation devices can be inserted in the universal support and which device distribution is possible. When specifying the device equipment, the different sizes and combination options of the cover plates in the universal support must be taken into account.

### **Universal support UT3**

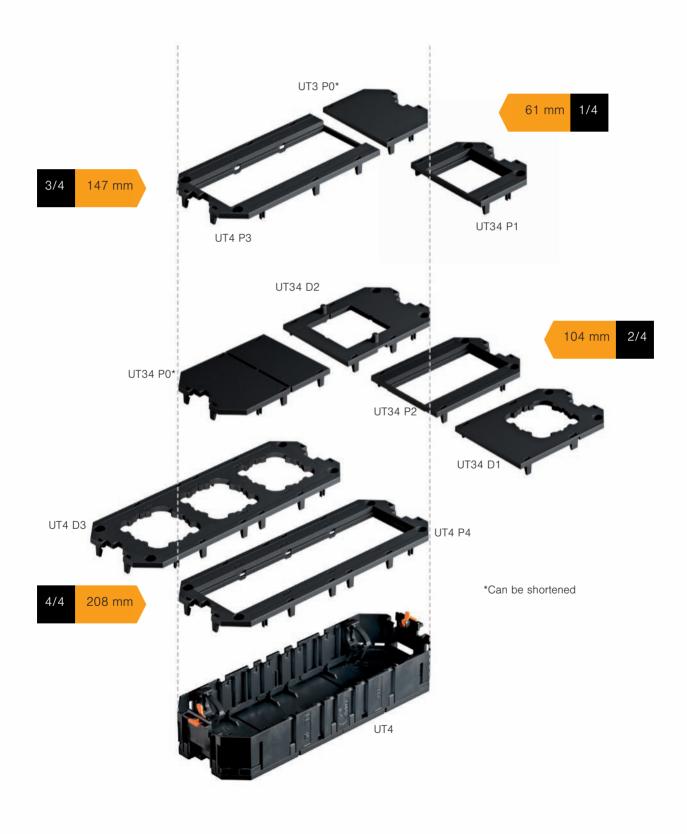
- 1. Combination with two cover plates 1/2 division (2x 82.5 mm)
- 2. Combination of cover plates with 1/3 and 2/3 division (61 mm + 104 mm)
- 3. Cover plate with 3/3 division (165 mm)



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### **Universal support UT4**

- 1. Combination of cover plates with 1/4 and 3/4 division (61 mm + 147 mm) 2. Combination with two cover plates 2/4 division (2x 104 mm)
- 3. Cover plate with 4/4 division (208 mm)



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# Floor structure height and free space for device use

The minimum floor structure height for the installation of device installation units is primarily dependent on the connector types and sizes used. The required free space is calculated from the dimension between the underside of the lid and the top edge of the universal support.

The universal support can be installed at various heights in the locking ladder of the device installation units. The appropriate free space can be created for this.

If the universal socket has been mounted in the top usable level of the locking ladder, then free space of at least 24 mm is available. This distance is sufficient for the angular connector dimensions, but not, however, for power connectors, straight connectors and USB charging devices. The connector structure heights must be determined for the calculation of the necessary free space.



### Installation of multimedia technology

The free space for the installation of data and multimedia technology cannot be clearly determined on account of the many different connector types, sizes and shapes. It must be determined after the connection solution and the connectors have been specified.

### Determination of the required free space

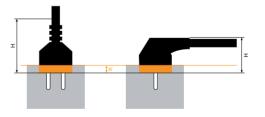
The dimensions of the connectors used must be known for the determination of the free space. The minimum free space for use can be calculated using the appropriate corrective measures for the connector types.

### Calculation

Connector height (H) + corrective dimension (K) = minimum free space for use

### Example

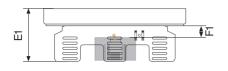
Protective contact angle connector (H) 35 mm + corrective dimension (K) 12.5 mm = 22.5 mm free space when connector is used

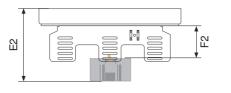


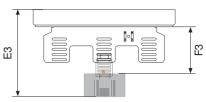
Socket types	Correction dimension (K)
Protective contact	–12.5 mm
With earthing pin	–9.5 mm
British Standard	+5.5 mm
South Africa	+5.5 mm
India	+5.5 mm
China	+5.5 mm
Italy	+5.5 mm
Denmark	-8.5 mm
Switzerland	–8.5 mm



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### **R1 First locking ladder position**

The first usable locking ladder position is the basis for the minimum floor structure height during device installation. In this position, socket use with angular connectors is possible when the device installation unit is closed.

# R2 Lowest locking ladder position

The lowest locking ladder position relates to the maximum possible lowering of the universal support, without additional components such as the locking ladder extension.

# R3 Lowest locking ladder position with locking ladder extension

If the locking ladder extension is used, the lowering range of the universal support increases by 26 mm. This makes four additional locking ladder positions available.

			r1	r1	R2	R2	R3	R3
	Floor covering thickness mm	Number of locking ladder po- sitions	Min. instal- lation depth (E1) mm	Free space (F1) mm	Min. instal- lation depth (E2) mm	Free space (F2) mm	Min. instal- lation depth (E3) mm	Free space (F3) mm
GES2, GES4, GESR4, GESR9SR	5	5	73	24	93	44	119	70
GES4-2, GES6-2, GES9-3B, GES9-3S	5 10	6 5*	73 78*	26 26*	98 98	51 46	124 124	77 72
GES6, GESR9	5	6	73	24	98	49	124	75
GESR7, GESR9/10, GESRA9, GESRA7	5 10	5 5	78 78	24 24	98 98	44 44	124 124	70 70
GES4M, GES6M, GES9M	5 10	4 4	78 78	24 24	103 103	49 49	129 129	75 75
GESR9-2	5 10	6 6	76 76	29 24	101 101	54 49	127 127	80 75
GRAF9	-	6	80	29	106	54	132	80
Height-adjustable, cassettes RKN2, RKSN2, RKFN2	20 25	5 5	97 102	25 25	129 134	61 61	155 160	87 87
Height-adjustable cassettes RKR2, RKS2, RKFR2	20 25	5 5	101 101	30 25	131 131	65 60	157 157	91 86
Height-adjustable, decouplable cassettes RKN2, RKSN2, RKFN2	20 25	5 5	90 95	25 25	125 130	61 61	151 156	87 87
Height-adjustable, decouplable cassettes RKRN2, RKSRN2, RKFRN2	20 25	5 5	95 95	30 25	130 130	65 60	156 156	91 86

\* Use is possible from the second locking ladder.

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# Modul 45<sup>®</sup> devices

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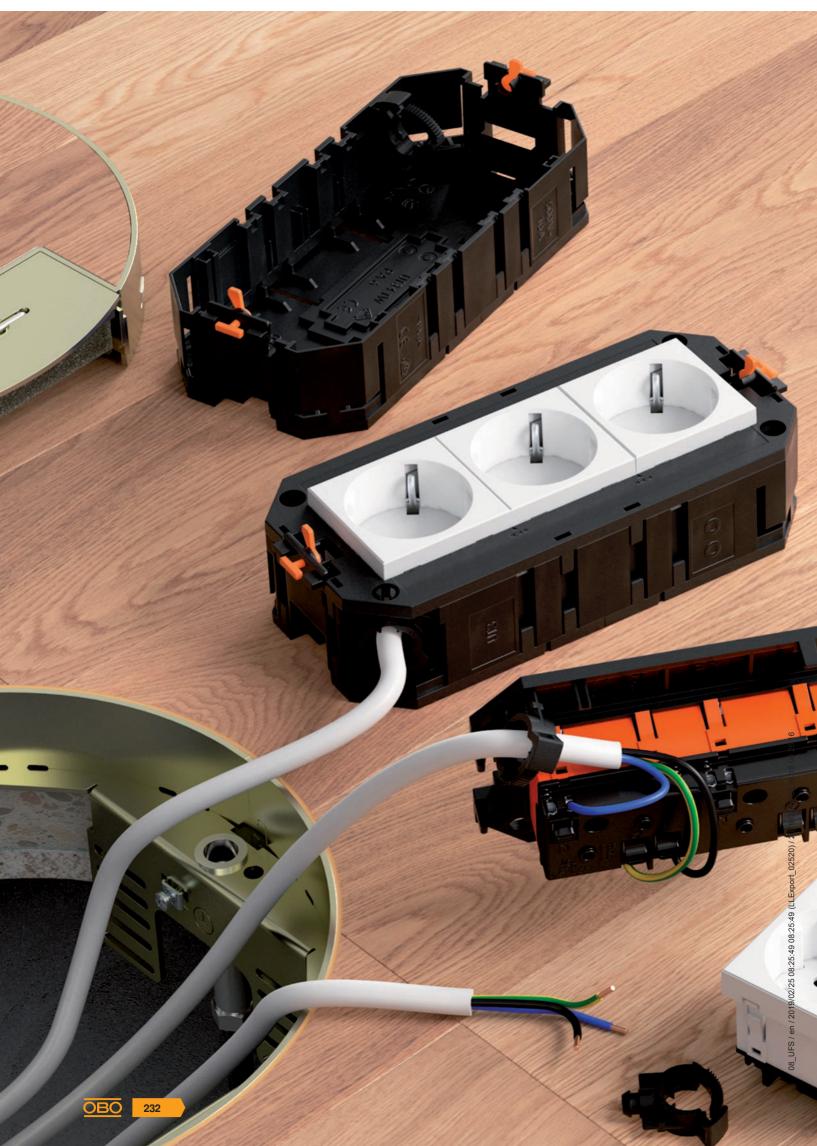


# Modul 45®

One system - many solutions

The Modul 45 devices from OBO Bettermann offer the right solution for every application – no matter whether you're dealing with sockets, data or multimedia technology.

- Multiple sockets for economic device installation
- Sockets for international applications
- Modul 45connect sockets for quick, secure installation
- Data technology supports for data modules of different manufacturers
- Multimedia connection solutions for data, video and audio transmission



# Modul 45<sup>®</sup> – Sockets

The installation of Modul 45 sockets is particularly easy: The integrated screwless terminals and the tried-andtrusted locking fastening allow toolless mounting. The wide range of country-specific sockets offers the right solution for any system environment.

### Safety power supply

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To restrict special power circuits in industrial buildings, the sockets are also available in the colours orange, green and red. This means that, for example in a laboratory, all the requirements of DIN VDE 100 Part 710 can be met.



# Multiple sockets

The multiple sockets, double and triple, are particularly economic and time-saving during installation. The lengthy wiring process of individual sockets, as required for standard installations, is no longer necessary.

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# Modul 45<sup>®</sup> – Data technology

Today, we cannot picture offices without data networks. Flexible cabling solutions and data connection modules are used with increasing frequency. OBO can offer various data connection modules, both with and without shielding: Cat. 5e, Cat. 6 and Cat. 6a. The data connection modules are simply snapped into the Modul 45 data technology support.

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## Modul 45<sup>®</sup> data technology support

A comprehensive range of data technology supports is available for the installation of connection modules of various data technology manufacturers.

### Dust protection

Integrated dust protection flaps cover the connection modules when unused and protect them against dust and other outside influences. During use, the dust protection flaps are pushed upwards. After the connection cable has been removed, the dust protection claps close again automatically.



# Modul 45<sup>®</sup> – Multimedia

With the multimedia connection solutions, computer, video and audio connections can be installed in the different OBO system environments. No matter whether in the GES service outlet, in cassettes or in System 55 – with the Modul 45 support plate, mounting is easy and quick.

## For all standard multimedia applications

The OBO multimedia solutions permit the integration of all standard systems: VGA, DSub9, HDMI, DVI, USB, mini jack, BNC, Cinch for Audio and Video, XLR. A version without plug connector is available for construction-site equipment (VGA, DSub9, DVI, XLR).

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### Practical connection solutions

Whether you are routing pre-terminated cables or standard installation cables, we have the right connection solution for every standard connection type.

- Solder connection or screw connection for conventional cable connections
- Connection cable or 1:1 coupling to connect preterminated cables

# MTU mounting support

The MTU mounting support is designed to accept data and multimedia technology. Data connection modules of different sizes and fastening types, as well as multimedia components, can be installed easier in the mounting support using the matching type MTM support plates. The required installation depth (floor structure height) is dependent on the installation components and is at least 80 mm.

The MTU mounting support is designed to accept data and multimedia technology. Data connection modules of different sizes and fastening types, as well as multimedia components, can be installed easier in the mounting support using the matching type MTM support plates. The required installation depth (floor structure height) is dependent on the installation components and is at least 80 mm.

A large choice of support plates is available to Paccept the different data and multimedia connection solutions.

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A large choice of support plates is available to accept the different data and multimedia connection solutions 236



### Mounting support

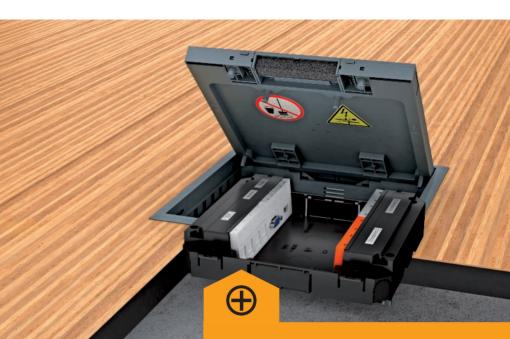
The fastening slider on the mounting support ensures quick, secure installation of the mounting supports in the locking ladder of the device installation units.

The fastening slider on the mounting support ensures quick, secure installation of the mounting supports in the locking ladder of the device installation units.

# Laying installation

# Module support for vertical device installation

The module support MT45V is designed for the vertical installation of Modul 45 devices and can be used in service outlets and cassettes of nominal size 9 and R9. The module support offers space for a maximum of eight Modul 45 devices and can be equipped flexibly with sockets, data and multimedia technology. The necessary installation depth (floor structure height) is dependent on the device installation unit used and, for a GES9 service outlet, is at least 73 mm.



### Large connector types

Connection cables with large connectors (e.g. XLR, DVI) can be installed with the module support, even at low floor structure heights.

# Device support GT

The GT device support is designed for the installation of CEE connection units in service outlets and cassettes. Due to the large dimensions of the CEE connection system, a minimum installation depth (floor structure height) of 190 mm

is required for installation and use.

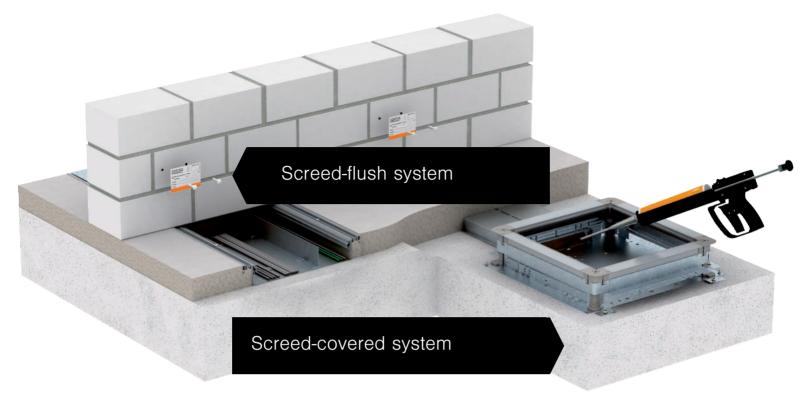
# CEE installation

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CEE sockets can easily be used in rooms with wet-cleaned floors, when they are installed in a tube body cassette or the GRAF9 service outlet. The CEE connector is run through the tube body opening to the device connection. Even if the cable is run out, the installation space is protected against the ingress of moisture.

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# Fire protection in underfloor systems



### System floors directive

The master system floors directive (MSysBöR) is of key significance for fire protection measures in underfloor systems. This directive is a supplement to the Master Cable Systems Directive (MLAR). The MLAR describes the fire protection requirements for the penetration of cables through classified walls and ceilings, the fireproof installation in emergency and escape routes and requirements for electrical function maintenance. In these validity areas, the three protection aims must be implemented: Protect fire sections, secure escape routes and maintain electrical functionality.

# Focus on emergency and escape routes

The system floors directive deals primarily with the installation of underfloor systems in emergency and escape routes (see also MLAR, Section 3.2.1). However, other rooms of a building may be subject to fire protection requirements for the system floors.

### System floors

System floors are primarily approved in the necessary staircases, in rooms between necessary staircases and exits to the open air, as well as in the necessary corridors and other rooms. System floors are forbidden in safety stairwells. The system floors directive distinguishes between cavity floors and raised floors. Whilst cavity floors have a poured support layer made of screed, with a maximum cavity of 200 mm, raised floors are made of prefabricated support plates on a stand structure.

### **Poured floors**

In most emergency and escape routes, poured floors are used. If underfloor systems are used here to supply electrical energy, then these ducts and trunking must fulfil certain requirements. Only inspection openings are permitted in these areas.





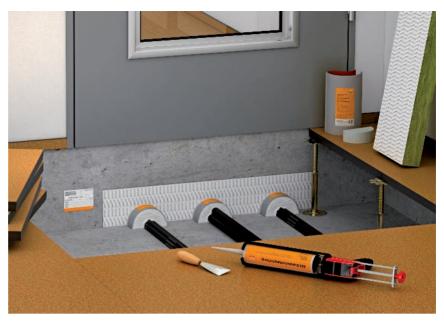


Fig. Transition from raised floor to escape route with PYROCOMB<sup>®</sup> Intube CTS-HP200 insulation

# Screed-covered duct systems EÜK

If there are screed-covered ducts in emergency and escape routes, then the same requirements apply to them. The inspection sockets may not contain installations and must also be smoke gas-tight and closed off with non-combustible covers. OBO EÜK systems fulfil these requirements.

### Open trunking systems OKA

Open trunking systems may be routed in emergency and escape routes, if the trunking is closed so that they are smoke-tight with noncombustible covers, e.g. sheet steel lids and surrounding seals. The seal can be made from foam rubber, which does not have any negative impact if there is a fire, on account of the small quantity installed. However, installations are not permitted in the trunking. The OBO OKA underfloor trunking fulfils all the requirements of the MSysBöR directive.

### Underfloor ducts under fire protection-classified walls

If underfloor ducts run beneath walls with a fire resistance period, then insulation measures must be taken to prevent the spread of a fire. OBO Bettermann can offer various systems for this.

If raised floors abut onto, for example, escape routes with poured screed floors, then there must be at least partial insulation beneath the smoke protection door or fire protection door. In most cases, the insulation can only be worked from one side. In such cases, the half shell of type CTS-HP200 from the PYROCOMB® Intube insulation system is an ideal solution. The half shell is self-adhesive and is only sealed on one side. It offers fire resistance up to El 120 according to EN 13501-2.

Screed-covered underfloor ducts are insulated starting from the closest connection sockets, as the wall opening can no longer be reached directly due to the poured screed. The distances between the connection sockets are irrelevant. This is a smoke gas-tight and fireproof closure, in order to prevent the spread of fire. The PYROSIT<sup>®</sup> NG fire protection foam is approved as an OBO fire protection system. This is pressed from the connection socket directly into the duct compartments.

With open trunking, the wall opening must be reached. In these cases, the PYROPLUG<sup>®</sup> Block foam blocks are mounted in the trunking directly under the wall, thus forming a fireproof termination.

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# Fire protection in system floors



# Fire protection requirements for system floors in other rooms

Outside the emergency and escape routes, system floors only have few fire protection requirements placed on them. The fire loads installed beneath the floor are assigned fully to the room. With raised floors of a height greater than 500 mm, the support structure must have a fire resistance period of 30 minutes (F30). This is intended to prevent the rescue teams of the fire brigade from falling through the floor. Raised floors, also those used for room ventilation, must be equipped with smoke detectors. These must ensure that the ventilation system is switched off.

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# PYROLINE® Rapid

The ideal solution for system floors is the OBO PYROLINE® Rapid fire protection duct, made of internally coated sheet steel.

To minimise the risk of fire through the electrical installation, cables are routed beneath the raised floor in fire protection ducts. If there is a cable fire, these classified I ducts ensure that the fire and smoke cannot spread unimpeded in the raised floor.

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**Metal materials** 

- Alu Aluminium
- AIG Cast aluminium
- VA (1.4301) Stainless steel, grade 304
- VA (1.4303) Stainless steel, grade 305
- CuZn Brass
- St Steel
- Zn Die-cast zinc



### HP — Hard cardboard

#### MGUM — foam rubber

### PA — Polyamide

Temperature resistance

permanently up to approx. 90 °C, briefly up to about 130 °C and to about minus 40 °C\*

Chem. resistance generally as for polyethylene. Resistant to

Petrol, benzene, diesel oil, acetone, solvents for paints and lacquers, oils and greases

#### Unstable with

Bleach, most acids, chlorine.

#### Risk of tension cracking

Low in air-humid conditions; only with some aqueous salt solutions. Highly desiccated parts (high temperature and extremely low air humidity) are highly sensitive to fuels and various solvents.

### PVC — Polyvinylchloride

Temperature resistance: permanently up to 65 °C, briefly up to 75 °C and to about minus 30

Resistant to Weak acids, alkalis, oils and greases, petrol.

#### Unstable with

Strong acids, benzene, acetone, iodine, toluene, trichloroethylene. Risk of tension cracking

Low, only with some solvents such as benzene and acetone.

#### PS — Polystyrene Temperature resistance:

Because of its relatively high sensitivity to the effects of chemicals, its use is not recommended at temperatures above normal room temperature, about 25 °C.

Resistance to cold: to about minus 40 °C\*. Resistant to

Alkalis, most acids, alcohol.

#### Conditionally resistant to

Oils and greases.

#### Unstable with

Butyric acid, concentrated nitric acid, concentrated acetic acid, acetone, ether, petrol and benzene, solvents for paints and lacquers,

#### chlorine, diesel fuel. Risk of tension cracking

Relatively high.

Stress cracks can be caused by, amongst other things, acetone, ether, petrol, cyclohexane, heptane, methanol, propanol and the softeners used in some PVC cable mixes.

#### Polycarbonate/AcryInitrile-butadiene-PC/ABS styrene

#### Temperature resistance:

minus 30 °C to 90 °C, briefly up to approx. 105 °C, melting range at approx. 200 °C, thermal decomposition at 300 °C. Material thicknesses of 1.5 mm or more can achieve UL94 V-0. At material thicknesses of 1 mm of more, the glow wire temperature of 960 °C according to IEC 60695-2-12 is achieved.

#### Resistant to

Mineral acids, organic acids and aqueous salt solutions

#### Conditionally resistant to

Alkalis, hydrocarbons, aromatics and (in trace form) a series of greases and oils.



permanently up to approx. 110 °C (in water 60 °C), briefly up to 125 °C, and to below minus 35 °C. Resistant to

Petrol, turpentine, most weak acids.

Unstable with

Acetone, benzene, chlorine, methylene chloride, most concentrated acids.

#### **Risk of tension cracking**

Relatively low.

Media which can cause tension cracking include benzene, aromatic hydrocarbons, methanol, butanol, acetone, turpentine.

\*The minus values apply only for parts in the quiescent condition with no severe impact stress.

There is no plastic that is resistant to every chemical. The agents listed are only a small selection. Plastic parts are especially at risk in the presence of chemicals and high temperatures. Stress cracks may occur. If in doubt, please consult us and/or ask for a detailed chemical resistance table.

Stress crack formation: stress cracks may occur if plastic parts under tension are exposed to chemicals at the same time. Parts made of polystyrene and polyethylene are particularly susceptible. Stress cracks may even be caused by agents to which the plastic in question is resistant in the absence of stress. Typical examples of parts under constant stress when used as intended: grip clips, intermediate supports of cable glands, ribbon clips.

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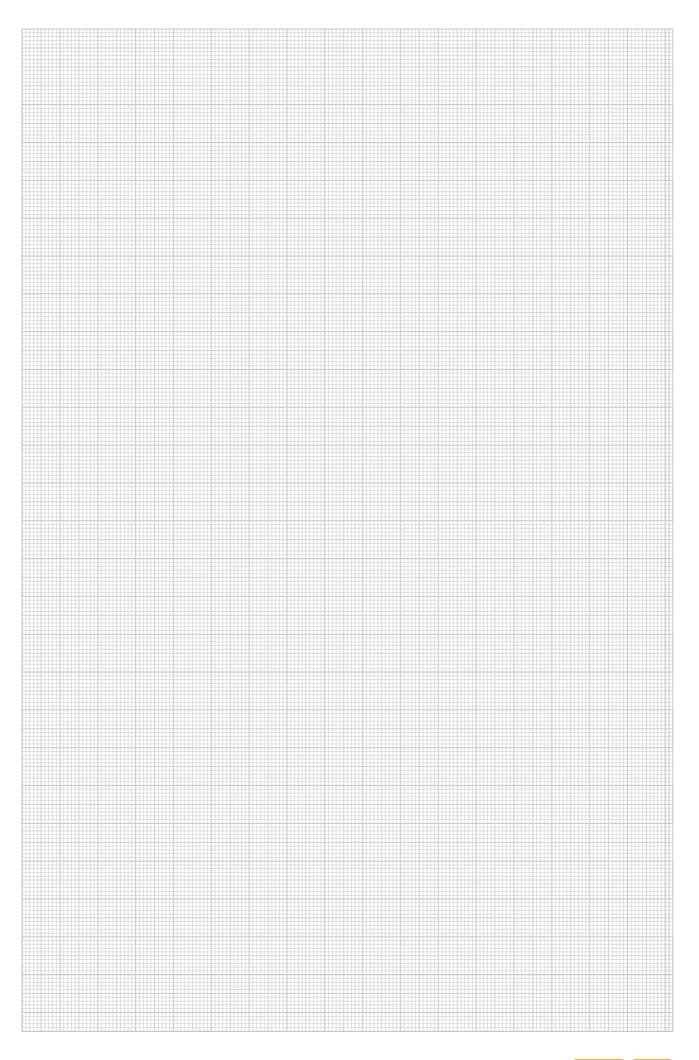
		Screed-covered: EÜK ducts	Screed-flush: EÜK sockets, DUG, etc.	Screed-flush systems, OKA	Screed-flush systems, EBK	On-floor systems	GES service outlets	Height-adjustable cassettes	Frame cassettes	Heavy-duty support (UZD + cassettes)
		EÜK	UZD	ΟΚΑ	EBK	AIK	GES	RK.N	RK	.SL
6.1	According to material									
	Under consultation									
6.2	According to impact resistance for installation and application									
6.2.1	Electrical installation duct systems for impact energy 0.5 J.									
6.2.2	Electrical installation duct systems for impact ener- gy 1 J.									
6.2.3	Electrical installation duct systems for impact ener- gy 2 J.									
6.2.4	Electrical installation duct systems for impact ener- gy 5 J.						х	x	x	x
6.2.5	Electrical installation duct systems for impact ener- gy 20 J.	x	x	х	х	x				
6.3	According to temperature, as specified in the ta- bles 1, 2 and 3									
Table 1	Minimum storage and transport temperatures ± 2 °C									
	-45									
	-25	x	x	х	х	х				
	-15						х	х	х	Х
	-5									
Table 2	Minimum installation and application temperatures $\pm$ 2 $^{\circ}\text{C}$									
	-25									
	-15									
	-5									
	+5	х	х	х	х	x	х	х	х	Х
	+15									
Table 3	Maximum application temperatures ± 2 °C									
	+60	х	Х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	Х
	+90									
	+105									
	+120									

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	Screed-covered: EÜK ducts	Screed-flush: EÜK sockets, DUG, etc.	Screed-flush systems, OKA	Screed-flush systems, EBK	On-floor systems	GES service outlets	Height-adjustable cassettes	Frame cassettes	Heavy-duty support (UZD + cassettes)
	EÜK	UZD	OKA	EBK	AIK	GES	RK.N	RK	.SL
Electrical installation duct systems which permit the spread of fire						x	(x)	(x)	
Electrical installation duct systems which do not permit the spread of fire	x	х	x	x	x				x
According to the electrical conductivity									
Electrical installation duct system with electrical conductivity	x	х	x	x	x	x 2)	x	x	х
Electrical installation duct system without electrical conductivity						x 1)			
According to the electrical insulation property									
Electrical installation duct system without electrical insulation property	x	x	x	x	x	x 1)			x
Electrical installation duct system with electrical in- sulation property						x 2)	x	x	
According to the protection ratings offered by the housing or casing to EN 60529:1991									
According to protection against ingress of solid foreign bodies	x	х	х	x	x	x	х	x	x
According to protection against ingress of water		х	х				х	х	х
According to protection against contact with dan- gerous parts						x	х	x	х
	Electrical installation duct systems which do not permit the spread of fire According to the electrical conductivity Electrical installation duct system with electrical conductivity Electrical installation duct system without electrical conductivity According to the electrical insulation property Electrical installation duct system without electrical insulation property Electrical installation duct system without electrical insulation property Electrical installation duct system with electrical in- sulation property According to the protection ratings offered by the housing or casing to EN 60529:1991 According to protection against ingress of solid foreign bodies According to protection against ingress of water According to protection against contact with dan-	Electrical installation duct systems which permit the spread of fireEÜKElectrical installation duct systems which permit the spread of fire×Electrical installation duct systems which do not permit the spread of fire×According to the electrical conductivity×Electrical installation duct system with electrical conductivity×Electrical installation duct system with electrical conductivity×Electrical installation duct system without electrical conductivity×Electrical installation duct system without electrical insulation property×Electrical installation duct system without electrical insulation property×Electrical installation duct system without electrical insulation property×Electrical installation duct system with electrical in- sulation property×According to the protection ratings offered by the housing or casing to EN 60529:1991×According to protection against ingress of solid foreign bodies×According to protection against ingress of water According to protection against contact with dan-×	SolutionSolutionSolutionAccording to the resistance against fire spreadImage: Solution of the spread of fireImage: Solution of the spread of fireImage: Solution of the spread of fireElectrical installation duct systems which permit the spread of fireImage: Solution of the spread of fireImage: Solution of the spread of fireElectrical installation duct systems which do not permit the spread of fireImage: Solution of the spread of fireImage: Solution of the spread of the spread of fireElectrical installation duct systems which do not permit the spread of fireImage: Solution of the spread of	NoteNo	Image: stand s	NoteNo	Sign Sign Sign Sign SignSign 	No standNO stand </td <td>NO Signed pointNO Signed pointNO Signed</td>	NO Signed pointNO Signed

1) Applies to polyamide service outlets 2) Applies to metal service outlets

		Screed-covered: EÜK ducts	Screed-flush: EÜK sockets, DUG, etc.	Screed-flush systems, OKA	On-floor systems	GES service outlets	Height-adjustable cassettes	Heavy-duty support (UZD + cassettes)	Frame cassettes	Heavy-duty support (UZD + cassettes)
		EÜK	UZD	ΟΚΑ	AIK	GES	RK.N	.SL	RK	.SL
6.101	Depending on the type of floor care									<u> </u>
6.101.1	Electrical installation duct systems for dry floor cleaning									
6.101.2	Electrical installation duct systems for wet floor cleaning when the service outlet is not in use		x				x	x	x	x
6.101.3	Electrical installation duct systems for wet floor cleaning when the service outlet is in use		x				x	x	x	x
6.102	According to resistance to vertical loads affecting a small surface area									
6.102.1	Electrical installation duct systems for 500 N									
6.102.2	Electrical installation duct systems for 750 N	x								
6.102.3	Electrical installation duct systems for 1000 N									
6.102.4	Electrical installation duct systems for 1500 N				х					
6.102.5	Electrical installation duct systems for 2000 N					х				
6.102.6	Electrical installation duct systems for 2500 N									
6.102.7	Electrical installation duct systems for 3000 N		х	x			x		х	
6.103	According to resistance to vertical loads affecting a large surface area									
6.103.1	Electrical installation duct systems for 2000 N									
6.103.2	Electrical installation duct systems for 3000 N						x			
6.103.3	Electrical installation duct systems for 5000 N					х			х	
6.103.4	Electrical installation duct systems for 10000 N									
6.103.5	Electrical installation duct systems for 15000 N		х					х		х



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